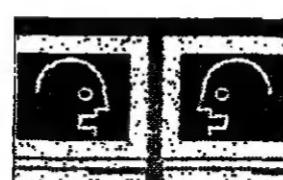




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East meets west  
and jobs go  
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French railways  
Page 3



**TOMORROW'S  
Weekend FT**  
Is haute couture  
worth the cost?

# FINANCIAL TIMES

Europe's Business Newspaper

## New problem for Clinton as deputy justice chief quits

The acute personnel problems of US President Bill Clinton's administration were compounded by the abrupt resignation of Philip Heymann, number two at the justice department.

Mr Heymann cited differences in "operating and management style" with his boss, attorney-general Janet Reno. Both said there were no philosophical or political disagreements but the personal chemistry, in Mr Heymann's words, "was not right". Page 16

**Polish advance for Murdoch:** Rupert Murdoch's News Corporation has made its first big breakthrough in commercial television in eastern Europe as a member of a consortium that has won the licence for Poland's first commercial channel. Page 16

**Critical talks in S Africa:** South Africa's future hung in the balance as negotiations from the rightwing Freedom Alliance met the government and the African National Congress for talks which all sides said represented the last chance to ensure rightwing participation in April's all-race elections. Page 8; Sweden stops ANC aid, Page 6

**Salomon Inc,** the New York investment banking group with a volatile earnings record, announced more than tripled fourth quarter net income to \$476m as it shared in a record-breaking year for the US securities industry. Page 17

**US may end Vietnam embargo:** The US moved towards closer relations with Vietnam when the Senate voted to urge President Bill Clinton to lift the trade embargo in place since the fall of Saigon in 1975. Page 16

**Cautious start by newly independent bank**

The newly independent Bank of France made a cautious start by setting a general goal for money supply expansion of "around 5 per cent" for the medium term, rather than any more precise target for this year. The new monetary stance, set out by governor Jean-Claude Trichet (left),

is unlikely in itself to put a break on the Balladur government's hopes for an early economic recovery. Page 2; Lex, Page 16

**Strike hits Spain:** Spanish riot police clashed with pickets across the country as unions staged a 24-hour strike in protest at the government's planned reform of the labour market. Page 2

**IBM UK,** hardest hit of the computer manufacturer's national subsidiaries in 1993, recovered strongly last year, cutting pre-tax losses to £174m (£161m), compared with £267m in 1992. Page 17

**AT&T,** US communications and computing group, reported a slight dip in fourth quarter net income after special charges, but a 16 per cent increase in earnings excluding the provisions. Page 17

**Turkey tightens monetary policy:** Turkey unveiled tight monetary measures to bolster confidence in the lira in the wake of a 11.97 per cent devaluation of the currency. Page 7

**Rise in UK insured exports:** The value of exports insured by the UK's export credit agency rose to its highest level for nearly 10 years in the 12 months to March 31 1993, signalling a strong performance by British exporters. Page 7

**Usino-Sacilor:** Provisional losses at the French state-owned steel group, which more than doubled last year to FFr5.8bn (£570m), illustrated the weak financial state of some of the companies slated for privatisation. Page 18

**China-Russia trade pact:** China and Russia signed an agreement covering 21 border crossings to facilitate booming two-way trade worth nearly \$8bn last year. Page 7

**Hosokawa pleads for support:** Japanese prime minister Morihiro Hosokawa passionately appealed for public support for his plans to reform the electoral and political system. Page 6

**Mine gas kills 55:** Fifty-five miners trapped for two days by fire at the state-owned Newkent coal mines 260km north of Calcutta were all found gassed to death yesterday. Page 7

**Delecour wins Monte Carlo rally:** Francois Delecour of France, driving a Ford Escort, won the Monte Carlo rally. He finished 1min 36s ahead of world champion Jutta Kleckner of Finland in a Toyota Celica. Page 7

**SEC to seek more competition between US equity markets**

By Richard Waters in Washington

The New York Stock Exchange's dominance of share trading in the US is likely to come under greater attack following yesterday's unveiling of an overhaul of the rules governing the US equity markets.

The changes are the result of a two-year study by the Securities and Exchange Commission, set up to investigate whether the framework of securities regulation in the US has kept pace with changes in the way the markets operate.

While promoting greater competition between the NYSE and others for share trading, the SEC backed away from full-scale deregulation. "We concluded that the US markets are working very well as they are," said Mr Brandon Becker, director of market regulation.

The regulators have instructed the NYSE to amend two rules which prevent trading in listed companies from being conducted

on other markets. Companies will no longer need the support of two thirds of their shareholders to abandon their listing on the NYSE, but will be able to make the move subject to board approval.

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## NEWS: EUROPE

# Bank of France sets money goal

By David Buchan in Paris

The newly-independent Bank of France made a cautious start yesterday by setting a general goal for money-supply expansion of "around 5 per cent" for the medium term, rather than any more precise target for this year.

The French central bank said the aim underlying this goal for M3, a broad definition of money that includes short-term mutual funds, was to raise growth in the French economy to between 2.5 per cent and 3 per cent a year by the late 1990s, while keeping inflation at "no more than" its current annual pace of 2 per cent. The bank's new monetary

stance - which Mr Jean-Claude Trichet, the governor, said had been decided " collegially" with his eight fellow members of the new independent monetary policy committee - is unlikely in itself to put a break on the Balladur government's hopes for an early economic recovery.

Indeed, some economists commented yesterday that the bank was perhaps being optimistic because investment cutbacks in recent years may now have reduced France's low-inflation growth potential to below 2.5 per cent a year.

But the bank also said yesterday that, as well as providing scope for economic recovery, it placed equal weight on

stabilising the external value of the currency in line with its central rate in the European Monetary System, which was left unchanged by last August's crisis.

Mr Trichet said that since

then the bank "has followed a

policy of prudent and gradual

reduction of short-term inter-

est rates... aimed at preserv-

ing the external and internal

value of the franc and letting

the economy benefit from the

best medium-and-long-term fin-

ancing conditions". It would

continue the same policy, he said.

But what is new is the

bank's evident mistrust of M3

as a reliable sole indicator of

the country's money supply, as result of last year's experience when M3 actually shrank by 1.6 per cent between end-1992 and end-1993. This contraction was far greater than that in the real economy, and was caused, according to the bank, by massive shifts of money out of mutual funds (which are included in France's definition of M3) into non-monetary assets like "Balladur bonds" and shares of privatised companies.

The bank warned that the savings shifts could reoccur or be reversed in 1994, and this is why no range has been specified either side of the medium term objective.

The Lex Column, Page 16

## Berlusconi the politician makes a poor debut

By Robert Graham in Rome

The decision of Mr Silvio Berlusconi, the media magnate, to enter politics has provoked a stream of hostile comments and received scant support.

The negative reaction came yesterday both from politicians and the media. The only positive comments came from within Mr Berlusconi's own media empire whose leadership he formally renounced on Wednesday when he threw his hat into the political ring.

The only political grouping to welcome Mr Berlusconi's move was the National Alliance, the recently re-baptised MSI neo-fascist movement headed by Mr Gianfranco Fini. The Alliance looks the most likely ally for Mr Berlusconi.

In contrast, Mr Umberto

Bossi, the leader of the populist Northern League, and another potential ally, reacted coolly. He dismissed Mr Berlusconi's movement, Forza Italia, as "not a real party".

The most consistent criticism directed against Mr Berlusconi was on the grounds that he would split the Liberal-Democrat vote rather than bring it together as he pledged. This fear was repeated both by newspaper commentators and by Mr Mario Segni, the leader of the Referendum movement.

Mr Eugenio Scalfari, editor of La Repubblica and long-standing critic of Mr Berlusconi, said Mr Berlusconi's claim to represent a new force in Italian politics was spurious. His business fortune had been based on a virtual monopoly in commercial television permitted because of his close links with discredited politicians

such as Mr Bettino Craxi, former Socialist leader.

Mr Berlusconi has yet to outline how he intends to maintain his distance from his Fininvest business interests. He has declined to relinquish ownership of his empire, merely daily management. Mr Fedele Confalonieri, his close aide, is expected to take over the chairmanship while the main management of Fininvest will be in the hands of Mr Franco Tato, the former chief executive of Mondadori publishers.

Meanwhile another businessman is leaving politics. Mr Luciano Benetton, head of the clothing business, said he would not stand again as a senator. He stood for the Republican Party in the April 1992 elections, but in an open letter yesterday he said his obligations were towards running the family business.

Spanish riot police clashed with pickets across the country yesterday as trade unions staged a 24-hour strike in protest at the government's plans to reform the labour market.

The unions claimed that 8m workers took part in the stoppage but employers insisted that some 70 per cent of businesses operated normally.

The government was maintaining a low profile, however, as it became increasingly clear that the strike had failed to have as serious an impact as expected outside of the poor and heavily-industrialised areas.

Clashes between strikers and police took place in Madrid and the cities of Burgos, Málaga, Zaragoza, and San Sebastián and dozens of people were reported injured and more than 50 arrested. Traffic in Spain's large cities fell off as people stayed away from work, many preferring to take a day off rather than face hundreds of pickets spread about the country by the two main Spanish unions, the General Workers' Union and the Workers' Commissions.

But the government appeared to have been able to guarantee minimum public transport services in most cities and the prime minister, Mr Felipe González, now seems likely to offer only token recognition to the strikers in the next few days. This will probably take the form of a government statement applauding the lack of serious violence.

It is likely the lower than expected impact of the strike means the government will stick to its resolve not to renegotiate the reforms.



Belarus reformist leader Stanislav Shushkevich addressing parliament after being voted out of office amid accusations of corruption. Communists are now expected to resume power

## Spanish clashes in reform strike

By Peter Bruce in Madrid

Spain's riot police clashed with pickets across the country yesterday as trade unions staged a 24-hour strike in protest at the government's plans to reform the labour market.

The unions claimed that 8m workers took part in the stoppage but employers insisted that some 70 per cent of businesses operated normally.

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Reformers urge Yeltsin to resist policy switch

By Leyla Bouton in Moscow

President Boris Yeltsin's supporters have told him he is courting disaster at the next elections if he endorses the government's change in economic policy and fails to crack down on organised crime.

Mr Sergei Yushchenko, a leader of Russia's Choice, the electoral bloc which includes some of the president's oldest supporters, said Mr Viktor Chernomyrdin, the prime minister, might win presidential elections in 1996 by promising draconian measures to fight a breakdown in law and order.

Mid reports that Mr Chernomyrdin has already ordered more state credits for ailing enterprises, Mr Yushchenko called for his dismissal.

"We hope the president will at last realise the dangers of curbing economic reforms and take the necessary decisions."

Mr Yeltsin's spokesman, Mr Vyacheslav Kostinov, hedged his bets on how Mr Yeltsin would respond to the warnings. "The president did not expect such a bitter reaction

## EIB chief questions need for new bonds

By Lionel Barber in Brussels

The European Investment Bank yesterday cast doubt on the need for new lending instruments such as "Union bonds" to fund large rail, road and telecommunications projects in Europe.

Sir Brian Unwin, EIB president, said the bank had plenty of spare lending capacity to fund so-called trans-European networks. This would remain the case for at least the next two years.

Sir Brian was speaking in Brussels where he reported that EIB lending last year had risen by 15 per cent to Ecu19.6bn (\$21.75bn), compared to Ecu17.6bn in 1992. Around Ecu1.5bn was advanced to trans-European networks.

Last year, the European Commission, acting on the suggestion of Mr Jean-Luc Dehaene, Belgian prime minister, produced plans to raise money at cheap rates to lend on to governments to fund the infrastructure projects.

The plan aroused concern in the UK and Germany which questioned the suggestion that there was a financial gap.

Under a compromise, the Commission has set up a working party including senior officials from all member states - as well as Sir Brian - to first identify "sensible, viable and economic" projects and then tackle the financing issue.

In 1993, the EIB channelled Ecu12.5bn to the poorer regions of the Union. Spain, Portugal, Greece and Ireland attracted 37 per cent of total EIB lending.

The bank also doubled lending outside the EU in Asia, Latin America, and central and Eastern Europe to Ecu1.5bn. It is gearing up for a role in the occupied territories of the West Bank and Gaza as well as post-apartheid South Africa.

However, Sir Brian made clear he has no interest in being drawn into Russia which was "a wholly new and difficult area".

He expressed optimism that the new European Investment Fund designed to help small and medium-sized businesses would be up and running by April. A consortium of private banks from all 12 member states is expected to put up the required 30 per cent of the EIF share capital shortly, but Spain, Italy and Luxembourg have yet to ratify amendments to the original statute of the EIF.

## Commission proposes to extend immigrants' rights

By David Gardner in Brussels

Immigrants legally resident in any country of the European Union should have the right to travel and seek employment in all other member states, even if they are not citizens of any EU member, according to a forthcoming document from the European Commission.

The recent scale of immigration into the EU - especially from the former Yugoslavia and central Europe - has spurred EU governments to seek more co-operation on curbing this influx. The 12 are also groping towards a common definition of political refugees as opposed to ordinary immigrants, many of whom seek a new life in western Europe under asylum procedures which vary throughout the EU.

The Commission paper also addresses the need to combat the recent upsurge in racist attacks against immigrants and policies to promote their integration into host communities.

Inter-EU mobility for legal residents is part of this integration process, according to Mr Padraig Flynn, the EU commissioner responsible for social policy and immigration issues.

"I know that's a big step, and it may be necessary to take smaller steps in that direction, but that's what I'm aiming for," Mr Flynn says.

**WILRIG AS**  
To the holders of shares of Wilrig AS  
**NOTICE**  
of  
Extraordinary General Meeting  
**WILRIG AS**

Notice is hereby given for the extraordinary general meeting of Wilrig AS (the Company) to be held on the 11th February 1994 at 13.00 hours at Wilrig AS offices at Strandveien 5, 1323 Lysaker (Oslo), Norway.

The following matters are to be considered:

1. Election of three new directors to the board of directors including the chairman.

2. Amendments to the Articles of Association.

The board propose the following amendments to the Articles of Association:

Article 5 be amended to read:

"The board of the company shall consist of three to five directors. The company in general meeting shall elect the chairman of the board.

A director shall retire from the board at the first annual general meeting of the company held after he has reached 70 years of age."

Article 7, first paragraph to be amended to read:

"An annual general meeting of the company shall be held in each calendar year before the end of June. Annual general meetings and any extraordinary general meetings shall be convened by the board on not less than 74 days notice to the shareholders."

The other paragraphs of article 7 remain unchanged.

Shareholders who wish to amend the extraordinary general meeting must inform the Company at Strandveien 5, 1323 Lysaker (Oslo), Norway.

Shareholders not attending the extraordinary general meeting may appoint a proxy to stand and vote on their behalf.

Lysaker, 27th January 1994  
The Board of Directors of Wilrig AS

**tele communication**

On January 1st 1994 Telecom Finland became an independent company with an estimated annual turnover of ECU 1 billion, and first over 6000 employees. By far the country's largest telecommunications company, Telecom Finland provides a full range of national and international telecommunications services, from local and long-distance telephone service to mobile services, data communications and international connections.

Telecom Finland's NMT-GSM mobile networks offer nationwide service. With almost ten mobile phones for every one hundred inhabitants, Finland is the world leader in cellular telephony. Telecom is also renowned for its pioneering solutions in LAN interconnection. Frame Relay and SDH technologies, and was the first company in the world to operate a commercial ATM service.

Among its international operations, Telecom Finland is a partner in several ventures offering voice, data and mobile services in Russia and the Baltic countries. In Estonia, Telecom Finland is upgrading the national telephone network in partnership with local and Swedish experts. In St Petersburg Telecom heads a joint Nordic-Russian consortium licensed to operate Russia's first GSM network. Telecom's fibre optic connections to Estonia and St Petersburg provide an ideal communications gateway between east and west.

In Turkey, Telecom has been awarded a licence to operate GSM services as a member of the Turkcell consortium. Telecom also holds equity in Pannon GSM, licensed to operate GSM services in Hungary. In central Europe, Telecom Finland serves international customers through a subsidiary in Brussels.

On January 14th 1994 Telecom Finland, together with Cable & Wireless of the UK, signed an agreement with the Latvian Ministry of Transport for the acquisition, over three years, of 49% of Latvia's national telecommunications operator, Lattelekom. Within ten years, Latvia will be served by a completely digital, state-of-the-art telephone network providing comprehensive national and international services.

Bringing you together

TELE  
Telecom Finland

FIN-00511 Helsinki, FINLAND  
Tel. + 358 20401, fax + 358 2040 3869



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Notice is hereby given for the extraordinary general meeting of Wilrig AS (the Company) to be held on the 11th February 1994 at 13.00 hours at Wilrig AS offices at Strandveien 5, 1323 Lysaker (Oslo), Norway.

Shareholders who wish to attend the extraordinary general meeting must inform the Company at Strandveien 5, 1323 Lysaker (Oslo), Norway.

Shareholders not attending the extraordinary general meeting may appoint a proxy to stand and vote on their behalf.

Lysaker, 27th January 1994

The Board of Directors of Wilrig AS

## Case of déjà vu on EU travel

By Alan Cane

The row over the most recent delay in implementing the computer system underpinning the Schengen free-travel accord reeks of *déjà vu* to those involved in sophisticated information technology projects. The technology is rarely at fault; the management usually has a lot to answer for.

In this case the failure to appoint a prime contractor has led to an acrimonious squabble over responsibility for coordination of the project.

The row is over the failure of the nine European Union signatories of the Schengen accord to meet a February 1 target for ending passport controls.

The Schengen system is simple in essence. A central computer in Strasbourg holds police and immigration records. Officials in the nine member countries of the Schengen accord - the UK, Denmark and Ireland have excluded themselves - have access to the information over telecommunications links.

The technology is tried and tested. Siemens Nixdorf, the German computer manufacturer, is initially providing one, then a pair of mainframe computers to manage the central records.

Bull, the French computer manufacturer, is providing the telecommunications infrastructure, and Sema Group, the Anglo-French computing services company, is developing the applications software. It also takes overall responsibility for the system.

Each of the nine countries has responsibility for developing its own system, linking police and immigration authorities, and ensuring it is ready for connection to Strasbourg.

It is not much of a challenge by modern computing standards, yet the system has been delayed repeatedly and now is certain to miss the most recent target date of February 1 for ending passport controls...

If the present rate of progress is maintained, it could be 12 months before the system is ready. Even when the links are established, each national system will have to be thoroughly tested.

What has gone wrong, and more important, why? Everybody agrees the central system is in good shape and has been for some months.

The problem is that the essential links between the central system and the national systems are not all ready. Until the links are in place, system testing is impossible. At least three national systems must be connected if the system is to be tested realistically.

So far Belgium and the Netherlands have their links in place; France is expected to follow. Germany, however, is not ready to connect. Who is at fault? The Schengen authorities yesterday blamed Sema, arguing it was contractually obliged to provide the linking software. Sema rejected the criticism.

Europe still seems to have some lessons to learn in project management. Schengen is not an episode to promote confidence that the EU can coordinate its efforts to create information superhighways or other large information technology systems.

# Recession and blunders derail SNCF

John Riddings on attempts to regain passengers and freight and reverse the rail network's losses

The line of sleek high-speed trains pointing out from the Gare de Lyon in Paris provide a shining image of modern and efficient rail travel. But for users of the SNCF rail network the image has been tarnished.

The state-owned railway is struggling to win back passengers and freight after one of the worst years in its history.

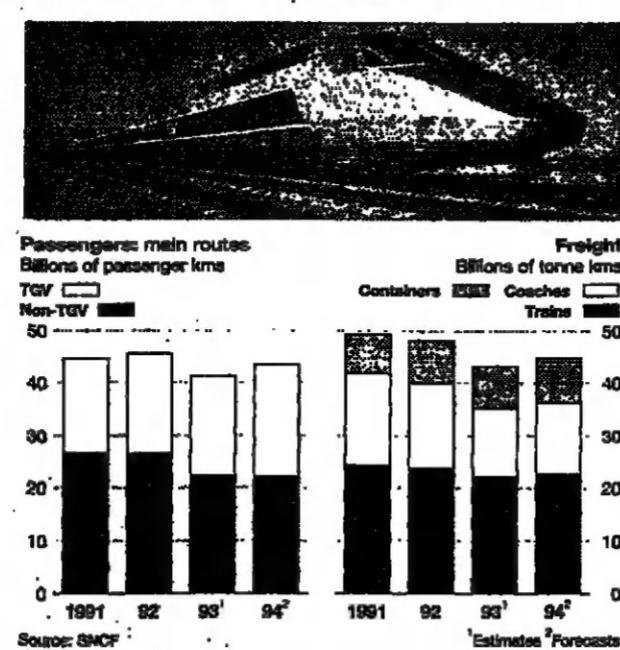
In 1993, traffic fell by 7.5 per cent to 48bn passenger kilometres (the number of kilometres travelled by passengers) and the volume of freight fell by 10 per cent to 43.5bn tonnes kilometres.

Final figures are expected to show total losses for the rail system of about FFr8bn (£900m), the biggest for more than a decade.

The reasons for the decline are partly to be found in the effects of recession which have reduced demand for rail travel and the transport of goods. The fall also reflects a series of commercial blunders, which have disenchanted passengers, and a structural decline in the attraction of rail freight.

Stung into action, SNCF's managers have launched a commercial strategy aimed at restoring the railway's image and reversing its financial performance.

**SNCF passenger and freight traffic**



Source: SNCF

by the effects of rising unemployment and depressed demand," he says. Inter-city traffic fell by about 9 per cent, while cross-border travel to Italy and Spain fell victim to the effects of currency depreciation in those countries.

It is the non-economic factors, however, which have really worried the SNCF. "We lost customers because of commercial problems and a damaging of our relationship with passengers," admits Mr Ange.

The principal culprit was an automated booking service, known as Socrates but which proved to be one of the railway's most unwise investments. Problems in the system's software quickly became apparent after its introduction at the beginning of last year. This, combined with a lack of training for SNCF staff, resulted in chaos at the ticket office.

"It was a catastrophe," says Mrs Simone Bigorgne of the FNAT, the French federation of transport users. She cites the example of one member of her family who was forced to fly to Barcelona because Socrates did not recognise the Spanish city as a destination.

The problems with Socrates have now largely been resolved. Improved software

and training means that the system is now operating as planned, reducing transaction times and increasing information to passengers. But Socrates was not the only problem.

"There was a feeling we were too rigid in terms of price and

various measures, says the SNCF, should allow passenger traffic to rise by its target of 5 per cent this year and to allow these operations to break even.

Ambitions of the freight ser-

vices are still more modest,

with a reduction in losses from last year's FFr2.5bn as the goal. In terms of market share and volumes, rail freight has been in steady decline since the early 1970s. The rise of competition from road hauliers and the shifting structure of France's economy away from products such as coal and steel has reduced the advantages of the railways.

SNCF is seeking to stem the decline in freight by developing its so-called combination operations, services which allow containers to be transported by both road and rail.

Again, freight activities should receive a boost from the extension of the rail network.

SNCF estimates, for exam-

ple, that about 5m tonnes of

freight will travel through the Channel Tunnel every year from the second half of the decade.

But the problems facing

freight run deep. Woeing dis-

granted French passengers is

delicate, but manageable.

Seducing French industry is an

altogether more difficult task.

EUROPE

## Rexrodt plays for big stakes in energy

By Judy Dempsey in Berlin

By drafting legislation aimed at opening up Germany's energy sector to more competition, Mr Günter Rexrodt, the economics minister, is taking on part of the country's establishment, officials said yesterday.

Mr Rexrodt wants the country's electricity grid and gas networks to be thrown open to foreign and domestic competition. This would reduce energy prices, which for some categories are the highest in the European Union and break the political and economic influence held by giant utilities such as RWE, PreussenElektra and Bayernwerk.

Officials from RWE, the largest utility, said Mr Rexrodt's plan were not surprising. "It's not really a new theme [from the ministry] we are hearing. Let us see the final draft legislation," he said.

But officials from Veba, the energy-based conglomerate whose electricity subsidiary, PreussenElektra, holds a fifth of the market in western Germany, said the measures should be matched by greater competition in the rest of Europe. "Everyone says the energy sector in Germany is a monopolistic structure. But what about other EU countries?" he said.

What makes Germany different is that there is no single formal regulatory body overseeing electricity pricing. The regional utilities, or distribution companies, must agree their tariffs with local municipalities, which often own part of the utilities.

However, officials in Bonn and Brussels are sceptical that Mr Rexrodt can succeed, particularly in an election year, although they realise he has to try.

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## NEWS: EUROPE

Leyla Boulton describes the western Mr Big with top-level connections in four former Soviet republics

# The Soviet insider, the gold, and Kyrgyzstan's political innocents

**M**r Boris Birshstein, a Soviet emigre who runs a Zurich-based trading company, enjoys the rare distinction of having caused the resignation of one country's government and of being involved in the downfall of another's vice-president.

As a result of the scandals which have erupted around him, his Seabeco group, with annual turnover of \$500m, has attracted more publicity than otherwise warranted by its size. Since the Soviet Union's collapse, he has gained impressive access to the leaders of at least four of the new republics, offering them foreign trips and practical help in running their affairs.

Not surprisingly for the state-dominated economies of the former Soviet Union, where good political connections have always been essential to clinch deals, Mr Birshstein was able to expand his business with their assistance.

As the political leaders struggled with the problems of trying to establish functioning governments and market economies on the ruins of the monolithic Soviet system which concentrated expertise, resources, and talent in Moscow, his help came as a godsend.

But their inexperience and low pay made them prone to the corruption and incompetence which have fed nostalgia for the old Soviet Union – the sentiment on which Mr Vladimir Zhirinovsky, the Russian neo-fascist, campaigned to win a large chunk of the vote in last month's parliamentary elections.

Mr Birshstein can certainly point to simply being good at business in a half-reformed system where high-level political connections have long been essential for clinching deals. The information emerged as a result of the scandals around Seabeco says more about the officials who have treated state property as their own and, in the case of Russia, exploited false allegations against him to settle political scores.

"It's not a secret for anybody that there is corruption in Russia but I'm not a policeman. I never in my life did anything illegal," says Mr Birshstein.

A native Russian speaker who started building up business contacts in Moscow after emigrating to Canada in 1979, Mr Birshstein was in a unique position to exploit opportunities offered by the Soviet Union's collapse in December 1991.

As Mr Birshstein told the Financial Times: "From 1982...I spent a lot of time, step by step, meeting a lot of people, building connections and relations. These connections led me to the top."

As the president of Kyrgyzstan, Mr Askar Akayev, then one of his eager partners, recalls: "Boris Birshstein made a big impression on us. First of all through his respectability. He had his own private jets, and when in Moscow, he stayed in places to which only the most powerful Politburo members had access. Birshstein did not hide this and was

proud of his ties with the great and powerful of this world. Secondly, his commercial proposals corresponded to what we were looking for."

Nowhere is the inexperience of his partners clearer than in Kyrgyzstan, one of the smallest and poorest republics, where the entire cabinet resigned last month over allegations that Mr Tursun Chyngyshev, the prime minister, personally profited from a joint venture set up with Mr Birshstein to develop the republic's gold wealth.

In 1992 Mr Birshstein's private jets ferried 16 tonnes of gold concentrate from Bishkek, the remote Kyrgyz capital, to Zurich. In Switzerland, the gold was refined by a Swiss company called Metalex Pre-cious SA Metalor, and stored in the vaults of Union Bank of Switzerland as collateral for a \$13.8m credit line to Kyrgyzstan. A parliamentary investigation claimed irregularities in the spending of this money, as well as in the amount of gold finally put at the disposal of the Kyrgyz public purse in February 1993.

It also asked whether the gold was used secretly by Kyrgyz officials to raise funds for their own benefit before the credit line was made available in February 1993. Until then, ingots produced by Metalor from Kyrgyz concentrate were kept for an annual fee of 0.2 per cent at Banque Indosuez in Zurich in the gold deposit account of a Liberian-registered company called Wico International – in which 50 shares were held by Seabeco, and the remaining 450 by Kyrgyzstan.

**B**ut Mr Chyngyshev has come under particularly harsh scrutiny for joining the board of a joint venture called Seabeco Kyrgyzstan, whose founding documents describe its aims as "trading in goods of all kinds, financing of investment projects...consultancy in economic and financial matters...and purchase of real estate".

Illustrating the government's dependence on Mr Birshstein, who was even appointed head of an official committee for the reconstruction and development of Kyrgyzstan, the government said it paid \$1.96m to Seabeco out of the \$13.8m credit line. It said this was repayment for items including weapons for the leadership's bodyguard, four Volvo-940 limousines to ferry around the president and other high officials, and equipment to upgrade Kyrgyzstan's gold mining industry.

Again, as part of Mr Birshstein's helping hand strategy, Seabeco helped set up Kyrgyzstan's first international business school, which last month

produced its first 40 graduates. It was also instrumental in bringing to Kyrgyzstan the man who devised its first market reform programme. Mr Charles McMillan, previously an adviser to Mr Brian Mulroney, the former Canadian prime minister.

But parliament challenged the government's version of how the government spent the \$13.8m, including the payments made to Seabeco. Parliament said the weapons and cars were given to the Kyrgyz leadership by Seabeco but were subsequently described as a purchase to help the government plug holes in its account of how the money was really spent.

Although it is still not clear exactly how much money was pocketed by officials, Mr Akayev does not disagree with an estimate that at least \$4m went missing.

"Even if it was just \$4m, that is a substantial amount for a small republic like Kyrgyzstan," said Mr Ramzan Derilayev, deputy chairman of the commission which conducted the investigation.

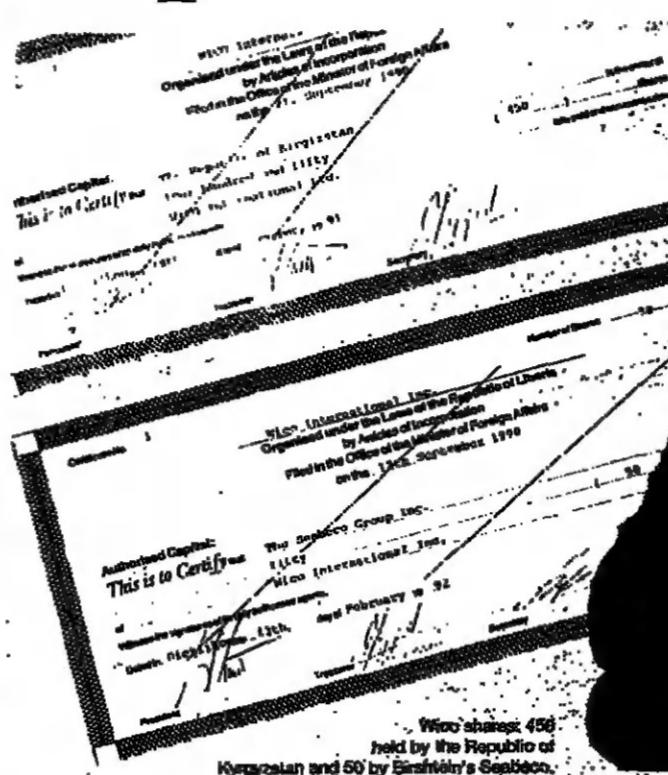
"If people are supposed to be monitoring the use of resources decide to enrich themselves, then you have to say they are corrupt. We hope that the fact the president understood us and that parliament supported us means there will be less ugliness in the future."

In trying to unravel the Seabeco inheritance, the Kyrgyz parliament is also keen to review the contract for the development of Kyrgyzstan's Kumtor gold deposit awarded to Cameco, a Canadian mining company introduced to the Kyrgyz leadership by Mr Birshstein. Cameco is a well-known Saskatchewan company which is the world's largest uranium producer and has been looking for ways to diversify into other metals, such as gold.

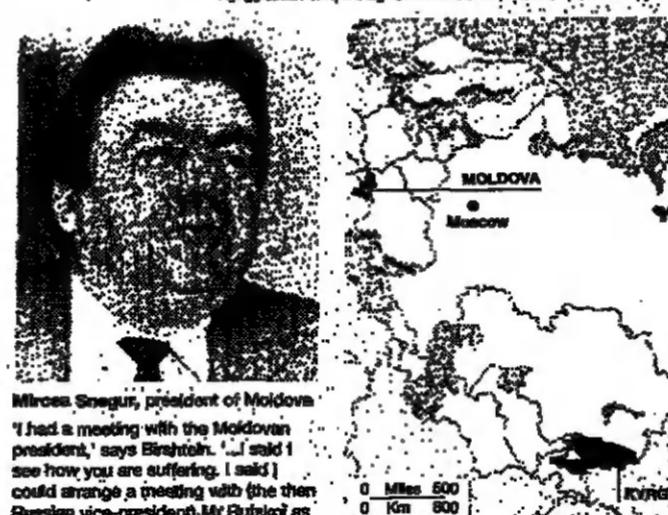
Although they said they now think twice about using Mr Birshstein as their agent because of the controversy which has erupted around him, Cameco executives said he did a good job in helping them arrange the deal. Since then, however, the repercussions of the Seabeco scandal have sufficiently alarmed Cameco to prompt its local representatives to defend the deal in a Bishkek newspaper article.

The article said that Cameco had signed the deal only after verifying that it was in line with Kyrgyz law, that it had revised the terms of the deal several times to satisfy the Kyrgyz side, and that it had already invested \$6m in the project and hoped to go ahead – but only on condition that the Kyrgyz side removed "uncertainty" over the deal.

I am sure that international Monetary Fund and World Bank's programmes fail in 90



Boris Birshstein  
It's not a secret for everybody that there is corruption in Russia but I'm not a policeman. I never in my life did anything illegal.



Mircea Snegur, president of Moldova  
"I had a meeting with the Moldovan president," says Birshstein, "...and I see how you are suffering. I said I could arrange a meeting with the then Russian vice-president Mr Rutsikov so I knew him."

per cent of cases because of bureaucrats," he said in a recent interview.

On Sunday, Mr Akayev is putting his own prestige on the line by asking for a vote of confidence in a nationwide referendum. Although he is expected to scrape through in a vote he initiated to avoid holding early parliamentary and presidential elections, the poll may well reflect disillusionment with his reformist but inexperienced rule similar to the results in last month's parliamentary elections in Russia.

The Kyrgyz prosecutor's office is now examining the commission's findings to determine whether it has enough evidence to bring criminal charges against the ex-prime minister and other high officials.

Although he said he did not exclude a trial, President Akayev, who has not been implicated in the affair, has blamed most of the losses on inexperience and incompetence of officials.

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republican president's son-in-law, Mr Artur Gherman.

The former Communist party hotel, now called the Seabeco Hotel and the only place to stay for western businessmen and visiting officials in the capital Kishinev, belongs to the joint venture, which also enjoys various import duty exemptions and the rare right to set up casinos.

Mr Birshstein boasts that he arranged a meeting between the then Russian vice-president, Mr Alexander Rutsikov, and Moldova's President Mircea Snegur, which helped defuse a fierce conflict over Moldova's Russian-speaking enclave of Dniestr.

That Mr Birshstein's deal-making success was commensurate with his access to the politicians is borne out by his achievements in Moldova, another small republic on the periphery of the former Soviet Union. There, Mr Birshstein's joint venture is headed by the

Rutsikov as I knew him."

It was in Russia that Mr Birshstein's practice of cultivating political ties to promote his business interests backfired against him spectacularly. Mr Birshstein's contacts went so far in the polarised Russian political world that by the summer of 1993, he found himself at the heart of a ferocious power struggle between Mr Yeltsin and two powerful opponents by then in open alliance, Mr Rutsikov and Mr Ruslan Khatsibulatov, the parliamentary speaker.

Concerned about the effects of Russia's political instability on business, Mr Birshstein says he tried to mediate a truce between Mr Yeltsin and Mr Khatsibulatov ("I got a meeting with the president. He was very depressed. I said I see how you are suffering. I said I could arrange a meeting with Mr

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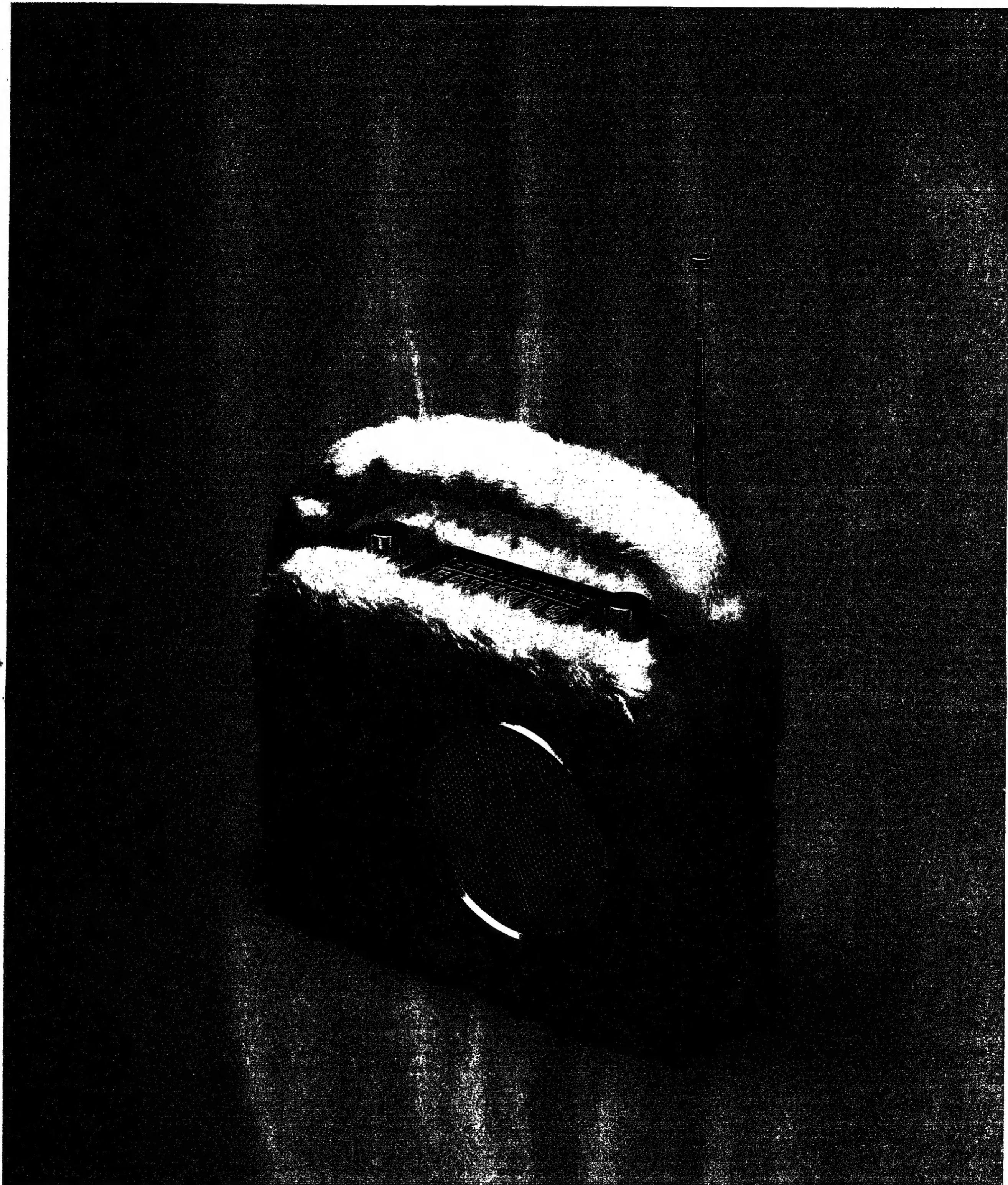
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## NEWS: INTERNATIONAL

# Israeli parties greet Hussein-Rabin links

By Julian Ozanne in Jerusalem

In a rare display of Israeli political consensus on the Middle East peace process, leaders across the political spectrum yesterday welcomed the announcement by King Hussein of Jordan that he is ready publicly to meet Mr Yitzhak Rabin, the Israeli prime minister.

The prospect of growing economic and political contacts with neighbouring Jordan before a formal peace treaty will bolster the domestic political standing of Mr Rabin in face of growing public opposition to territorial and "security" concessions to the Palestinians and Syria.

Mr Rabin said he was ready to make the necessary preparations to meet the king without pre-conditions; the king's offer represented "significant progress" in the peace process.

Mr Shimon Peres, Israeli foreign minister, said the time had come "to legitimise public peace with Jordan".

Mr Benjamin Netanyahu, leader of the right-wing opposition Likud party, said he fully supported peace with Jordan.

As an important step to a permanent solution with Palestinians in a confederal arrangement with Jordan. Even the ultra-right wing Tsomet party, endorsed by Mr Rafael Eitan, endorsed the move.

Israeli leaders have been delighted with the king's statements in the US this week where he has outlined a vision of peace with Israel.

The Jordanian monarch continues to insist he will not sign a formal peace agreement ahead of Syria, but he intends to go ahead unilaterally with political, diplomatic and economic contacts. King Hussein has said that unless peace agreements are concluded this year, the region faces the prospect of deep instability. He has called for a Middle East which holds the prospect of an entirely different future.

"The talents that are available, the resources that are available, the opportunities that are available I believe will transform the entire region," he declared. The removal of physical and economic barriers could produce what he called "a Middle East Nafha".

Israeli officials believe a Hus-

sein-Rabin summit will lead quickly to economic co-operation, including the opening of borders to stimulate regional tourism and trade; joint Israeli-Jordanian development of the Jordan Valley between the Sea of Galilee and the Dead Sea; the development of a tourist project between Jordan, Israel and Egypt around cities on the Red Sea; joint energy in projects in electricity and solar power, and new road networks.

Mr Peres, who met secretly with King Hussein and Crown Prince Hassan last November, says a peace agreement has been prepared in detail under which Israel will cede disputed Israeli-held areas of the Dead Sea and Arava valley to Jordan and then lease them back at a nominal price. Mr Peres, however, says he believes that Israel and Jordan will move as close as possible towards full peace in 1994 without a formal signing ceremony.

A major business conference sponsored by President Bill Clinton is due to take place in Amman in March, bringing together Arab, Jewish and international business and political leaders on Arab soil.

For Mr Rabin, unfolding peace with another Arab neighbour will shore up public support for the government's peace policy. Since last Sep-



King Hussein of Jordan



Yitzhak Rabin of Israel

tember's peace accord with Palestinians, many Israelis have expressed concern about security and have not seen any tangible benefits of peace.

Mr Shahal said Israel was talking to more than one Gulf state about importing gas. It had made progress in its project to link its electricity grid to Egypt's; an early project would be to connect Eilat with the Egyptian Red Sea resort of Taba and the Jordanian port city of Aqaba.

Israel says Qatar has agreed to pay \$1m for a feasibility study. One option is to build a gas pipeline from the Gulf state to the Israeli port of Ashkelon, where Qatar would construct a gas liquefaction plant. Another is to ship gas to the Israeli Red Sea port of Eilat and pipe the gas there to Ashkelon. A third component of the project might be to build a pipeline under the Mediterranean to transport Qatari gas via Israel to Europe.

In the energy sector, Israel says other projects are being considered, including a gas pipeline from Egypt; an Israeli-Jordanian solar energy scheme; a possible oil export terminal; and exporting the difference in the levels of the Dead and Mediterranean Seas to produce electricity and desalinate water.

## Hosokawa appeals to public

# Japanese urged to back reform

By William Dawkins in Tokyo

Mr Morihiro Hosokawa, Japan's prime minister, yesterday passionately appealed for public support for his plans to reform the electoral and political system.

"We must show the world that Japan has become a mature democracy whose people are able to make wise decisions," he told a meeting of 100 politicians and academics.

The public would lose confidence in party politics and Japan would lose the international community's trust if the reform bills failed, Mr Hosokawa warned. "We can no longer hope that economic stimulus measures can succeed without realising political reform," he added.

He called on Mr Yohji Kono, president of the opposition Liberal Democratic party, to meet him in a final bid to thrash out a compromise on the plan which was voted down in the upper house of parliament last week.

Mr Hosokawa called on voters to "express your feelings through actions" and telephone or fax local Diet members. His direct public plea was the latest tactic in a battle in which traditional political rules are being broken.

The Japanese leader has staked his job on winning agreement to scrap Japan's unique multi-seat constituency system and to curb corporate political funding, both factors in the recent spate of corruption scandals.

Mr Hosokawa hinted yesterday that he would, after all resign if his four political reform bills fail to reach parliamentary agreement by their Sunday deadline. "I would not insist on the post of prime

# House prices start to edge up

By William Dawkins in Tokyo

Indications emerged yesterday that the worst might be over for Japan's domestic property market, according to the Government Housing Loan Corporation of Japan.

The average price of a newly built home rose in October for the first time in two years, standing at ¥43.95m (£284,000), a 3.6 per cent increase on the corporation's previous survey last April.

However, the recovery was confined to provincial Japan.

Average prices in the central region around Tokyo fell during the month period by 0.4 per cent, to ¥38.1m.

Sales of new condominiums in Japan's largest cities rose by 30.2 per cent in 1993, the first rise in three years, said a separate study by the Real Estate Economy Institute. It predicted another big rise, from last year's 104,600 units, to at least 130,600 condominiums in the current year, helped by continued low prices and falling interest rates on home loans.

Consumer spending remains weak, however, according to the Ministry of International Trade and Industry's latest count-of-sales by department stores and supermarkets. The turnover of large stores fell by 1.2 per cent to ¥21,450bn last year, after recording the 19th consecutive month of decline in December.

With growth in sales of all commodities had slipped below 1992 levels. Clothing sales have been down particularly because of slack demand for business suits and high-fashion apparel. The statistics cover 426 department stores and 4,662 supermarkets.

The economic slump has made consumers more sensitive to prices, the ministry said. With corporate profits down, large-scale demand has fallen significantly, it added.

# Qatar discusses \$1bn Israeli gas deal

By Julian Ozanne

Qatar has confirmed it is negotiating a natural gas deal with Israel worth more than \$1bn (£671m) and that is also considering moves to ease the Arab economic boycott of Israel.

Sheikh Hamad bin Jassim bin Jaber al-Thani, Qatar foreign minister, said in Washington that the Gulf state had started preliminary discussions with Israel. Further development, he added, would depend on a feasibility study and progress in Middle East peace talks, particularly negotiations between Israel and Syria.

The minister said also that Qatar was considering taking action to lift the Arab boycott of Israel and would discuss the issue with Mr Warren Christo-

pher, US secretary of state, who has been pressing Arab states to ease sanctions.

Mr Hamad al-Thani's statement follows a secret meeting in London last Sunday with Mr Shimon Peres and Mr Moshe Shahal, respectively Israel's foreign and energy ministers. Mr Peres yesterday confirmed the meeting had taken place. For months Qatar had categorically denied Israel reports it was discussing the gas project with the Jewish state.

The Israeli-Qatari gas project involves supply of natural gas to Israel and the use of Israel as an export terminal for Qatari gas through the Mediterranean Sea to Europe. Qatar has reportedly pledged to supply the Israeli market with natural gas for a 25 years.

Israel needs 6.7m tonnes of oil equivalent a year to convert its electricity generation from coal and oil to gas. It is also looking for cheaper energy sources to supply its petrochemicals industry in the Negev Desert. The Qatari project could also sell natural gas to the Palestinian self-government region.

Israel says Qatar has agreed to pay \$1m for a feasibility study. One option is to build a gas pipeline from the Gulf state to the Israeli port of Ashkelon, where Qatar would construct a gas liquefaction plant. Another is to ship gas to the Israeli Red Sea port of Eilat and pipe the gas there to Ashkelon.

A third component of the project might be to build a pipeline under the Mediterranean to transport Qatari gas via Israel to Europe.

## Creditors threaten to sue Abu Dhabi

A group of creditors to the collapsed Bank of Credit and Commerce International is threatening to sue the government of Abu Dhabi, the bank's majority shareholder, for a larger settlement, writes Andrew Jack in London.

Creditors owing about \$2bn by BCCI yesterday agreed to push for "a just and immediate" payment from Abu Dhabi. A meeting in Cairo included representatives from the Islamic banks in the Middle East and was convened by Mr Adil Elias, a member of the BCCI creditors' committee and one of three creditors who opposed in the courts the previous agreement between BCCI's liquidators and Abu Dhabi.

Mr Elias said yesterday that unless Abu Dhabi contributed \$3bn-\$4bn to the creditors, his group would sue to recover their own claims plus damages through the courts in England, and possibly Luxembourg and the US.

## National talks fail in Algeria

Algeria's conference for National Reconciliation has ended without naming a president to replace the five-man High State Council which has ruled the country since the suspension of elections two years ago, writes Francis Ghislain in London.

The meeting was boycotted by Algeria's main political parties, including the lay Front des Forces Socialistes, led by Mr Hocine Ali Ahmed, and the former ruling Front de Libération National Party. Both urged Algerian leaders to open negotiations with the banned Islamic Salvation Front which was poised for victory at the polls two years ago.

*See Editorial Comment*

## Keating predicts faster growth

Mr Paul Keating, Australia's prime minister, yesterday said the annual growth rate could reach 4 per cent or more in the near-future, writes Nikki Tait in Sydney.

Consensus forecasts for Australia's growth are around 3.4 per cent this year, rising to 3.6 per cent in 1995. An improvement in the forecasts would reinforce an increasing cheerfulness of the Australian economy.

## Last chance to ensure S Africa right joins all-race elections

By Patti Waldmeir in Pretoria

South Africa's future hung in the balance last night as negotiators from the right-wing Freedom Alliance met the government and African National Congress for talks. All three sides said these represented the last chance to ensure the right wing joined in April's all-race elections.

On the eve of the meetings, Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi indicated his preference for boycotting the poll, though senior leaders in his Inkatha Freedom Party argue for participation. The party's central committee deferred the decision until this weekend's Inkatha party conference at the KwaZulu capital, Ulundi, to be attended by some 8,000 delegates.

Chief Buthelezi told the central committee he did not expect talks to yield the constitutional amendments Inkatha is demanding (changes which would give greater powers to regional government); it would be morally wrong to contest the elections under a flawed constitution. To do so would mean "betraying the sacred charge history has bestowed

on me as a democrat and prime minister of the Zulu kingdom".

Powerful Inkatha leaders argued Inkatha would be destroyed if it boycotted the poll; it could more effectively fight the constitution from within the new parliament than from outside. Inkatha, which has no army (even the KwaZulu government it controls has only a police force), would not be able to put up effective armed resistance to the central government, with its powerful armed forces, they argued.

Other Inkatha officials said the

party should take part in elections, but fail to take its seats in parliament to protest against the constitution. The central committee decided to make no recommendation to the party conference, which begins tomorrow. But Inkatha sources said this might favour the position of Chief Buthelezi, because the conference will be packed with rural delegates who traditionally obey their leader's recommendations. Those Inkatha leaders who favour participation have less backing within the conference.

Chief Buthelezi warned of violence if the current constitution is accepted: "We will never have peace, stability and prosperity if we repeat the failure of Russia and east Europe to recognise that centrist constitutions imposed over a plural society...can only give rise to disruption, violence and finally civil war."

Separate talks were being held last night on a homeland for right-wing Afrikaners, recognition of the status of the Zulu king in the new constitution, and general constitutional amendments to strengthen regional government.

## Hassan speeds business ventures in Morocco

By Francis Ghislain

King Hassan of Morocco has established a committee to help foreign investors who encounter problems setting up business in Morocco. The Comité de Suivi et d'Impôts (CISI) will include Morocco's leading commercial banks and be chaired by Mr Mohamed Sebagh, central bank governor.

Moroccan officials say the CISI is not a substitute for existing ministries but an effort to speed decisions by submitting problems directly to the head of state, thereby simplifying a process taking up to eight months.

An important factor behind the fast-track committee is the growth of foreign investment which last year reached \$500m (£333m), covering the whole of the current account deficit. In 1992 and 1991, foreign investment covered 50 per cent and 23 per cent respectively of the deficit.

The flow of investment from abroad is being encouraged by the privatisation programme initiated 12 months ago. Observers in Casablanca expect that programme to be accelerated in the next few months because of this year's budget deficit, estimated at

more than \$500m. The privatisation programme brought the state a foreign income of \$250m last year, a figure which the authorities hope to boost to \$300m in 1994.

The four petrol and oil products distribution companies are being privatised. Petrom was sold to a Moroccan investor a few weeks ago while Shell has just bought the distribution company which bears its name. The Mobil and Total distribution networks are next on the list.

Other key privatisations this year will include four leading banks in which the state owns

more than a 50 per cent stake: Crédit Industriel et Commercial, Banque Marocaine du Commerce Extérieur, Banque Populaire and Banque Nationale du Commerce et de l'Industrie (BNC). He has complained to the prime minister, Mr Edouard Balladur, that the devaluation of the French private sector to the French franc will amount to FF10bn. The Balladur government's failure to provide speedy help to French companies is, according to Mr Jean-Louis Vilgrain, head of the French employers' Africa committee, "deeply damaging

because it gives the impression that there is more devaluation to come".

The general French reaction seems to be along the lines that "Africa was living above our means", that French aid to the CFA countries was doing little good in economies whose currencies had got out of line with their real competitiveness, and that devaluation was, if anything, overdue.

But the speed with which Mr Balladur, within five months of coming to power, set about altering a parity between the French and CFA francs that had not changed for nearly 50 years, has disquieted some Gaullists around the party leader, Mr Jacques Chirac.

Nonetheless, Mr Michel Roussin, who came to the job of aid minister after serving Mr Chirac and a spell in the French secret service dealing with francophone Africa, insists that overtly France took no sides in the devaluation decision which was one for sovereign African states.

But the alternative to devaluation was not rosy. French aid would have been entirely swallowed in helping CFA states to service their foreign debt because without devaluation these states would not have got fresh credit from the Inter-

## Kazakhstan offered IMF, Japanese loans

By George Graham in Washington

Sweden yesterday ended 20 years of financial backing for the African National Congress. Funding from Sweden had previously accounted for up to 40 per cent of the South African group's budget, according to Swedish officials.

The right-centre coalition government of Mr Carl Bildt last year decided to stop the aid flow which had been started in the early 1970s by a Social Democratic government. Saying that the ANC had become a political party which no longer qualified for government assistance, the cut-off date was set at three months before South Africa's first multiracial election scheduled for April 27.

Officials said aid to the ANC was SKr110m (£9.1m) in the 1992-93 Swedish budget year, out of total Swedish development aid to South Africa of SKr240m. It is being maintained at last year's level in the current budget year, despite the cut to the ANC, but will fall to SKr220m in 1994-95.

The agreements follow a meeting of donor countries in Paris two weeks ago at which Kazakhstan received pledges of aid totalling \$1bn this year. US officials have praised the country for its commitment to free market economics and for its

willingness to give up Soviet nuclear weapons based on its territory.

Although Kazakhstan has been viewed by some western leaders as a model among the republics of the former Soviet Union for economic reform, its economy still faces severe problems. Mr Daulet Sembayev, central bank chairman, said this week the country's gross national product fell 13 per cent last year while inflation rose by 2,270 per cent.

Following the introduction in November of an independent currency, the tenge, Kazakhstan is now aiming to cut monthly inflation to 3 per cent by the end of this year, and to reduce the fall in output to 3 per cent over the course of 1994.

The IMF said yesterday the standby programme included particular attention to the provision of a social safety net for the most vulnerable segments of the population.

The government aims to limit its fiscal deficit in 1994 to 4 per cent of GDP through measures that include new import tariffs and export duties, a simpler structure for value added and income taxes, and significant reductions in tax exemptions.

affect petroleum sector employees of Elf-Aquitaine and Total who are paid in dollars or French francs. In the latter category are French government aid workers, and Mr Roussin has said they will have to take a pay cut in solidarity with the Africans who carry only CFA francs.

Speaking for CIAN, whose 100 member companies have more than 1,000 subsidiaries in CFA countries, Mr Prouteau says the devaluation has halved the value of their FF10bn local assets, which will force many of them into making extra provisions on their 1994 balance sheets.

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## More power to the investor

Richard Waters on the SEC's review of share trading in US

The New York Stock Exchange has seen its stranglehold on trading in US shares progressively eroded in recent years. In 1986, the "Big Board" handled 86 per cent of all the trading in the stocks which it lists; by last year, that had fallen to 78 per cent. The rest is being funnelled into a wide array of competing trading systems, some run by regional exchanges, some by broker-dealers.

The bosses of the "Big Board" refer to this as the "fragmentation" of the equity markets. The Securities and Exchange Commission, however, has a different view. A 78 per cent market share (and the 87 per cent market share enjoyed by the competing dealer market, Nasdaq, in the unlisted shares that it trades) "would be envied in any other industry".

The SEC yesterday, in its first thorough review of the regulation of the US equity markets since 1971, gave broad support to greater competition between market trading systems. It proposed a deluge of detailed regulation and rule changes to make sure that

competition operates fairly, and allows investors to place orders with their brokers in the confidence that they will get the best prices available in any market.

The rapid rise in share trading in the US in the past two years has intensified the competition for investors' business, and led to some practices which the SEC now wants to see better controlled. Last year, 67bn shares were traded on the NYSE, a huge increase over the record 51bn a year before. The previous peak, in 1987, was 47bn.

The SEC's proposals fall into four broad areas. First, it is calling for greater transparency in the markets to give better disclosure of the prices at which shares are traded. It might be argued that the US already has the world's most transparent stock markets.

The regulators have asked for all "limit orders" (instructions placed by investors for their brokers to buy or sell shares once the price hits a certain level) to be listed electronically, giving a clearer view of the supply and demand for shares. Also, they have reopened a contentious topic first

tackled in the early 1980s: that all buy or sell orders, no matter where they are placed, should be made public to allow traders in any market to bid for any market.

The SEC has also asked the exchanges to reduce the minimum price spread on stocks to \$1, rather than the current \$2. This is meant to produce finer pricing of shares, leading to lower spreads between buying and selling prices and so saving investors money. (It would also cut into dealers' profits.)

Fourth, the changes would remove some of the barriers which prevent some of the trading in NYSE from moving to other trading systems. Under NYSE rule 500, companies listed on the premier market cannot de-list unless a two-thirds majority of their shareholders approve the move. This could prevent companies from moving to other markets, the SEC says: the NYSE rule should be amended to leave it to directors.

The changes will be made through amendments to the SEC's own rules and those of the exchanges and self-regulatory organisations. They will amount to the first overhaul of securities regulation in the US since the more wide-ranging deregulation of the early 1970s.

Third, the SEC is trying to make competition between stock exchanges and other

trading systems fairer. It has proposed better reporting to regulators of trades carried out on private, automated trading systems to allow them to be properly regulated - though it has stopped short of demanding the same full publication of trades that exchanges have to adopt. These suggestions fall short of the sort of full-scale extension of regulation called for by the NYSE and others.

Fourth, the changes would

## Venezuela to encourage private investment

By Joseph Mann in Caracas

Venezuela's new government will encourage private investment and try to avoid the errors of past administrations which relied too much on oil revenues, according to Mr Julio Sosa Rodriguez, a top adviser to President-elect Rafael Caldera.

Mr Sosa, addressing around 500 Venezuelan and international businessmen, gave few details of the policies of the Caldera government, due to be installed next Wednesday. But he said it would stress austerity, hard work, private investment, international trade and diversification away from oil.

The new government would continue to encourage privatisation, and would allow private investment in all government-owned businesses except PDVSA, the national oil company, and Edeca, the state-owned hydroelectric power company, he said. However, joint ventures in oil and petrochemicals (which are controlled by PDVSA) will continue to be supported.

Mr Caldera, who won the presidency in elections last December 5, has called for the elimination of an unpopular value added tax. Mr Sosa said the president would propose a coherent tax reform stressing progressive taxation. He denied the new government was planning a large devaluation of the Venezuelan bolivar or imposition of exchange controls.



Supporters of deposed Haitian president Father Jean Bertrand Aristide celebrate at rally he attended in Montreal. Fr Aristide is visiting Canada as part of his campaign for reinstatement

## Parties reach election pact in Mexico

By Damian Fraser in Mexico City

Mexico's governing party and the main opposition yesterday reached their first pact setting out the conditions for holding federal elections. The agreement may help reduce political tension following the New Year uprising in the southern state of Chiapas.

The pact was approved by the left-wing Party of Democratic Revolution, which had previously rejected government proposals for electoral reforms as insufficient. But it still has to be fleshed out with more concrete agreements that are subject to negotiation - and may not necessarily be reached.

Mexico is holding presidential elections next August. While the ruling Institutional Revolutionary Party is favourite to win, the party's victories have been marred by accusations of electoral fraud and vote-rigging.

The pact promises in general terms that electoral authorities will be chosen according to a consensus of the political parties, gives full access to the electoral roll to all parties, guarantees fair media coverage of the campaign, and will allow for a special prosecutor to investigate electoral fraud.

The government appears to have made significant concessions to the PRD, although how the accord works remains to be seen. The signatories said the agreement was a significant step in creating credible and legal elections in the country.

They said it would contribute to peace in Mexico, in reference to the Chiapas rebellion. Democratic reforms have been one of the demands of the Chiapas guerrillas.

The agreement is an attempt by the government's to regain the initiative after the uprising, and is a response to opposition warnings that there could be more violence if the elections were not fair.

## Durable goods orders up by 2.2%

New orders for US durable goods rose 2.2 per cent in December compared with the previous month, providing further confirmation of the surge in economic activity at the end of last year, official figures

indicated yesterday, writes Michael Prowse in Washington. Orders rose 8.6 per cent during 1993 as a whole, the largest increase for five years. The figures were the latest in a series of buoyant statistics

indicating the US recovery is gaining momentum. Most analysts expect gross domestic product data due today to show growth at an annual rate of about 6 per cent in the final quarter of last year.

Orders rose in all main industrial sectors with the largest gains registered in capital goods, mainly electronics and electrical machinery. Excluding defence, orders rose 1.8 per cent from November.

## Brazil makes slow progress on economic reform package

By Angus Foster in São Paulo and Stephen Fidler in London

Brazil's Congress is inching towards approval of the first stage in the government's economic stabilisation package, but observers remain cautious about whether the plan will provide a lasting cure for inflation, now running at about 40 per cent a month.

Congress yesterday looked set to pass a set of measures, including a slight increase in corporate tax,

which are needed to help balance this year's budget. This marked a partial victory for Mr Fernando Henrique Cardoso, the finance minister, who proposed the package last month. However, more controversial proposals to reduce the budget deficit have met substantial opposition and the government is being forced to contemplate alternative cuts.

Measures approved so far include a 5 per cent increase in existing tax bands, taking the top rate from 25 per cent to 36.25 per cent, and a new

upper rate of 35 per cent. But Mr Cardoso's plans to raise \$5.6bn by setting aside 15 per cent of the transfers central government makes to states and municipalities has been strongly criticised by Brazil's powerful state governors. The set-aside can only be approved via a constitutional amendment and now looks likely to be watered down.

As a result, the government is

likely next month to start negotiating alternative measures and may propose a reduction in export incen-

tives and further cuts in development programmes. It is also possible the estimate of social security contributions will be increased, despite a previous upwards readjustment, and that public servants' income tax will go to the federal rather than state governments.

These measures would allow the government to claim a balanced budget, but some observers fear the balance will be cosmetic. "They're making deals and Congress is proposing substitutes and that suggests some-

thing is very shaky," according to Mr Robert Macedo, former economic policy secretary.

The plan has also generated some optimism that Brazil can complete a debt deal with international banks by a deadline of April 15.

Mr William Rhodes, vice-chairman of Citibank, which heads the bank advisory committee, said he was "increasingly optimistic" that a deal - which covers \$35bn of debt principal, \$7bn in interest arrears and about \$11bn owed to Brazilian

banks - could be completed by the deadline.

This will require an accord with Brazil and with the International Monetary Fund, to be voted at the IMF's March board meeting.

Citibank said the holders of 96.51

per cent of the \$35bn debt principal have now signed the accord. This suggests the Brazilian holding of the Dart family of the US - which still

object to the terms of the deal - is just over \$1.22bn, less than once thought.

## NEWS: WORLD TRADE

## UK-insured exports up by 80%

By Richard Lapper

The value of exports insured by the Export Credits Guarantee Department, the UK's national export credit agency, increased to its highest level for nearly a decade in the 12 months to March 31 last year, signalling a strong performance by British exporters.

The value of new business insured amounted to £23.8bn, up 80 per cent compared both with 1991-92 and the average level since the onset of the debt crisis in the early 1980s.

Premium income on new business rose sharply, reaching

£133m, 60 per cent up on 1991-92, while the ECGD's trading surplus increased to £74m, as an improvement in the economy led to a reduction in provisions and claims.

Mr Brian Willott, chief executive, said the figures represented a "dramatic change around. UK industry has been very successful at increasing its business, particularly to the Far East". He said the strong upward trend had continued into the current financial year.

Four of the five markets in which UK companies were most successful were in the Far East - Hong Kong, Malay-

sia, Indonesia and China. The other was the United Arab Emirates. The value of guarantees involved in the Black Point power station project in Hong Kong, the biggest single deal covered last year, amounted to about £200m.

Mr Willott said the substantial reductions in premium rates and the increases in cover announced in the 1992 autumn budget gave "the ECGD and its customers for the first time a clear three-year growth path".

The ECGD had benefited from a fall in its provisions, which were reduced to £8.49bn

compared with £8.60bn. This partly reflected an improvement in economic conditions in Latin America and some other heavily indebted countries. Provisions against Brazil, Mexico and Egypt were all reduced by between 15 and 20 per cent. Provisions for Cuba, Angola and for some countries which were formerly part of the Soviet Union were increased by about 50 per cent.

The agency's trading surplus on its old and new business combined reached £274m, up from £240m. Claims paid fell by 22 per cent to £739m, compared with £954m.

## Japanese protest at US phone call discounts

By Paul Abrahams

A telecommunications trade war threatened yesterday following complaints by Japanese groups about US companies' trading practices.

The Japanese carriers have asked the country's post and telecommunications ministry to investigate discounts offered by Fibercom Networks and International Telecom of New York, and USA Global Link of Iowa.

The three US groups, which provide discounts of up to 40 per cent on international calls, said they would file a complaint with the US trade representative in Tokyo if restrictions were placed on them.

The dispute comes at a delicate moment for the US and Japanese governments. They are negotiating framework arrangements to reduce Japan's trade surplus with the US and make the country more accessible for goods and services exporters.

The US companies have negotiated bulk contracts with large carriers such as AT&T, Callers phone a switching centre in the US and hang up after the number rings twice. The switching centre then automatically calls back, leaving the user to dial their ultimate destination. The companies claim international call-back schemes, which have been running in Japan for two years, are legal, because technically the calls originate in the US.

The Japanese complainants say KDD, which used to hold a monopoly of international services in Japan, International Digital Communications and International Telecom Japan. They claim the US groups are making free use of their domestic lines.

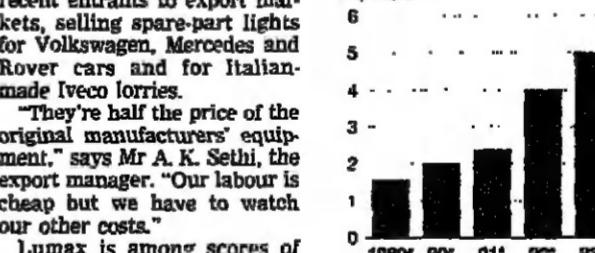
The US discounters said they would be willing to pay reasonable charges for the lines, and were willing to hold friendly talks with the Japanese carriers. So far they have gained only 1 per cent of the Y250bn (£1.497m) telecoms services market.

## Spares lead the way in India car parts exports

Components makers take advantage of trade liberalisation reforms, writes Stefan Wagstyl

### India

Auto parts exports Rupees bn



Source: Automotive Components Manufacturers Association of India

Indian components. Indian manufacturers have relied instead on the spares market, where buyers have been more easily swayed by low prices.

Mr Shiv Nair, an assistant vice-president at Bharat Forge, a diversified forging company, says the export of low-cost low-quality Indian spare parts has undermined efforts to supply original equipment.

Bharat Forge, which supplies axle beams and other parts to big lorry manufacturers, including Mitsubishi Motors in Japan and Rockwell in the US, has deliberately avoided the spares market for fear of having its reputation tarnished by the low quality of some other Indian companies. Even so, Bharat Forge suffers, says Mr Nair.

He estimates it takes four to five years to finalise a large original equipment supply contract; it would take only two years if Indian companies enjoyed better reputations.

"The Japanese even question the quality of steel we use. They want to check it."

But there are signs that Indian companies' prospects are improving rapidly. The slowdown in industrialised countries has forced big groups to cut costs further than before, so the pressure to find reliable low-cost sources of parts has increased. At the same time, Indian executives are steadily learning what they must do to meet foreign buyers' expectations.

**O**ne US car company executive visiting Delhi said India as a whole had no particular advantage over other countries as a parts supplier. Low-cost labour was no use if it meant low productivity and poor quality, he said. What mattered was how a company made use of low-cost labour.

"When we source components we don't think in terms of countries but of companies. We have seen companies in India we like and we are talking to them."

## China-Russia pact to ease two-way trade

By Tony Walker in Beijing

China and Russia yesterday signed an agreement covering 21 border crossings to facilitate booming two-way trade worth nearly \$800m last year.

Both countries are anxious to strengthen regulations covering trade and other exchanges along their common boundary where criminal activities are a serious problem.

The agreement to improve cross-border co-operation was signed by Mr Qian Qichen, China's foreign minister, and Mr Andrei Kozyrev, his visiting Russian counterpart.

The two men also discussed a forthcoming visit to Moscow by President Jiang Zemin, security issues, and ways in which Russia might assist China's economic development.

Mr Kozyrev said Russian contractors were anxious to participate in the \$20bn Three

Gorges project on the Yangtze - the world's largest hydroelectric engineering scheme. He also sought to assure the Chinese that threats of political unrest at home would not be allowed to affect relations.

"Further development of Russian-Chinese ties enjoys

goodwill and trust between the two countries," said Mr Jiang.

The Chinese are anxious to

modernise old power stations in Russia and build new gas-fired combined cycle plants.

**Russian venture for ABB**

Asco Brown Boveri, Europe's largest electrical engineering group,

yesterday announced one of the most significant joint ventures

between a western and a Russian company with a deal to make turbines and other power plant in St Petersburg, Andrew Baxter

wrote.

Asco Brown Boveri, Europe's largest electrical engineering group,



## Watchdog eases gas price setting formula

By Robert Corzine

Ofgas, the gas industry regulator, yesterday relaxed the main element in the tariff formula which sets the price British Gas can charge to its monopoly market of about 18m residential customers.

Ms Clare Spottiswoode, Ofgas director-general, accepted a recommendation by the Monopolies and Mergers Commission that the efficiency factor in the formula, set in 1992 at the retail price index

minus 5 percentage points, be relaxed to RPI minus 4. The factor makes up 60 per cent of a consumer's bill, with the actual cost of the gas accounting for the remainder.

The reduction is intended to compensate British Gas for the large loss of commercial and industrial customers to independent gas suppliers in the past two years, and the negative impact that has had on investment.

Mr Norman Blacker, managing director of UK Gas Busi-

ness, the domestic supply arm of British Gas, welcomed the decision, saying it would "help redress some of the loss of income caused by...the introduction of competition into the market above 2,500 therms". Independent companies have captured 39 per cent of the gas market above 2,500 therms a year since 1991. The financial benefit to British Gas is likely to be worth about £2m after tax this year, according to City analysts. British Gas shares closed up 4½p at 349½p.

Ofgas said the change would have little impact on consumers, who would simply see a slower rate of decline in gas prices. The regulator estimated gas prices would fall 18 per cent less over three years than under the RPI minus 5 formula. That would be equivalent to about £2 a year for the average household, it said.

But the Gas Consumers Council said prices would fall by 3 per cent less over three years. Mr Ian Powe, director, said some would see this con-

cession as a watchdog eating from the hand it used to bite.

Many analysts saw the decision as further evidence of a rapidly improving relationship between Ofgas and British Gas. Relations between the two were often turbulent under Sir James McKinnon, former director general, who stepped down last November.

Earlier this week Ms Spottiswoode admitted that Ofgas had at times "exceeded its powers" in dealing with British Gas.

But Ofgas was adamant yes-

terday that it will not implement another MMC recommendation that consumers pay for the break-up of British Gas. The government last month rejected that course in favour of the complete separation of the storage and transportation business from British Gas' trading arm.

The regulator said that since investment is no longer an issue, "there is no reason why the costs of internal restructuring should be borne by customers".

authors of a report on managing nuclear waste said yesterday.

But Mr Peter Saunders, an energy consultant formerly with the UK Atomic Energy Authority, said that "time is on our side" - much high-level waste produced in the past 20 years will have to cool for several more decades, allowing scientists to evaluate the best techniques.

The report, for Brunel University, London, surveys the methods used for storing nuclear waste in Europe.

The government has not yet announced whether the forthcoming review of the nuclear industry will cover the controversial question of the long-term disposal of radioactive waste. The Thorpe reprocessing plant, which has just received a licence to start operating, does not provide a complete solution: it extracts reusable fuel from used fuel, but still leaves some highly radioactive waste.

According to the report, more than 70,000 tonnes of used nuclear fuel has been produced from power stations in Europe, including countries in the former Soviet Union, during the past 30 years.

## Venables set for England job

Mr Terry Venables will become manager of the England football team today.

The Football Association, English football's governing body, will hold a press conference at Wembley Stadium this afternoon to announce the appointment of the manager.

"There will not be any surprises," said sources at the FA "everyone seems to know already".

Mr Venables is the overwhelming favourite among players and club managers in England. However, the FA are understood to have been concerned about allegations on British television about Mr Venables' financial dealings.

## Heathrow-Orly route announced

British Midland Airways is to start the first Heathrow-Paris Orly airport service on March 27, it said yesterday. Its four-times-a-day return services will be in addition to flights from Heathrow to Paris's Charles de Gaulle airport.

## Welsh windfarm application rejected

By Roland Adburgham, Wales and West Correspondent

The renewable energy industry has suffered its third setback within a fortnight in south Wales with a planning authority's rejection of a 45-turbine windfarm in West Glamorgan.

Port Talbot councillors voted this week to reject the application, by TriGen Windpower, for a 20MW windfarm on a forested hillside at a height of 500 metres. They decided its visual impact would be detrimental to the area and not in accordance with the county's structure plan.

Mr Tim Kirby, chairman of TriGen, a consortium of EcoGen of the UK, Sea West of California and Tomon of Japan, said yesterday it would have been a £20m project supplying electricity for 17,000 households. "We are gravely disappointed because it is an Al site," he said.

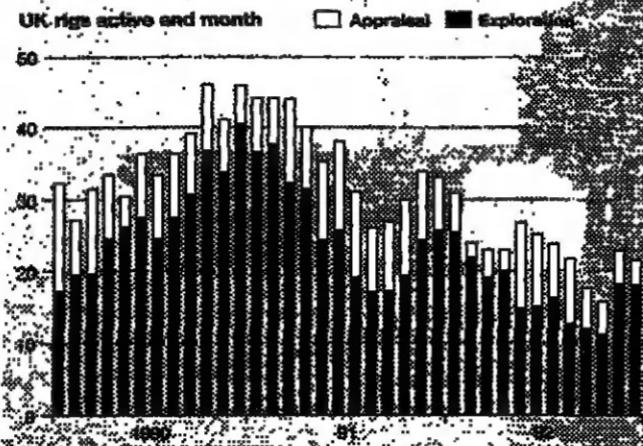
The decision, following the rejection by councils of two other windfarms in Dyfed earlier this month, reflects increasing public opposition to them. Council officers recommended approval of the TriGen application but people in the nearest village, Glyncorrwg, signed a petition against it.

TriGen operates two windfarms in Wales and is planning the UK's largest one near Kielder in Northumberland, which would have up to 267 turbines.

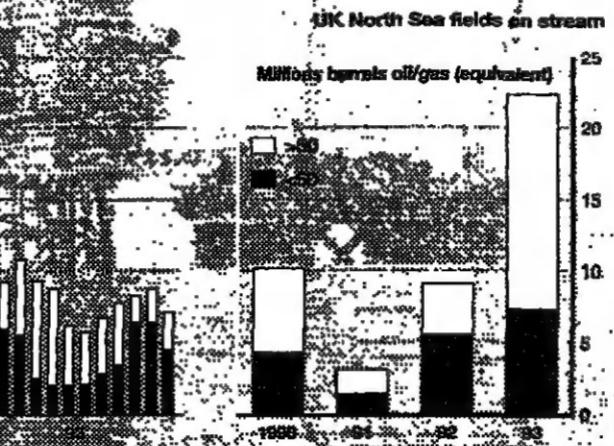
## Drillers tap into a rich seam of optimism

Robert Corzine looks at the prospects for oil exploration projects in the North Sea

### Drilling activity declines...



### ...but output continues to increase



current level of about \$14.

The decline in exploration comes as UK North Sea production reaches levels last seen in 1988, before the Piper Alpha disaster led to large-scale shutdowns for platform modifications and the installation of new safety equipment.

Oil production in 1993 was an average of 1.86m barrels a day, a five-year high as 14 new oilfields came onstream, compared with nine in 1992. Gas production was up 20 per cent.

Average daily oil and gas revenues rose by nearly 13 per cent to £23.5m, helped by buoyant gas prices and foreign exchange rates which offset somewhat the steep fall in oil prices, down from about \$20 a barrel for the benchmark Brent crude in January last year to a

kenzie, will increase UK offshore production for 1994 to an average 2.5m barrels a day.

Revenues, however, will come under pressure unless oil prices recover, a prospect that divides analysts. City forecasts for the average price of Brent crude in 1994 range from \$14-\$18 a barrel, compared with \$17 a barrel reached last year.

Short-term effects of low prices on North Sea output are surprisingly small. A recent Wood Mackenzie study concluded that a barrel of North Sea oil costs on average \$5 (£3.30) to produce. Despite the North Sea's reputation for high production costs, most existing fields should remain profitable even if the oil price struggles to rise above the present depressed level of \$14 a barrel.

Even a collapse to \$10 a barrel would lead to only a marginal decline in production to the year 2000, the study said.

Analysts say this is because cost-cutting and technological innovation is helping companies find and recover greater amounts of oil at lower costs. The extensive infrastructure of North Sea pipelines and land terminals mean new discoveries near existing fields can be easily and cheaply connected to pipeline networks.

The ownership structure of most North Sea fields is another factor likely to keep marginal fields producing, according to Ms Jo Armstrong, economist with the Royal Bank of Scotland.

It is common for a dozen companies, ranging from very small exploration and production firms to the integrated

majors such as Shell and BP, to have stakes in individual fields. "The different financial and tax positions of the partners militates against early shutdowns," she says. The cost of an idle North Sea platform also determines early shutdowns.

It is no surprise that companies seeking short-term financial relief find it easier to postpone exploration projects.

But those that can afford to continue drilling should find that costs have fallen sharply. Current day rates for rigs are at the bottom of usual £17,000-£22,000 range, according to Mr Robert Steven of the Lloyds North Sea Letter. High lay-up costs mean that many drillers may simply grin and bear it by accepting contracts below their operating costs while waiting for oil prices to rise.

## PROPERTY

## Ministers in a muddle

Planning and transport policies must be better co-ordinated, argues Stuart Robinson

lem in government policy-making: the chronic lack of co-ordination between planning and transport policies.

The case for co-ordinating transport and land-use planning goes back 30 years to the publication of the Buchanan report on the long-term impact of traffic growth. One of the report's chief conclusions was that land-use development needed to be planned in conjunction with road and public transport provision.

Shortly afterwards, the DoE was created to oversee both planning and transport functions. This was reinforced by several other innovations in strategic thinking that brought planning and transport under the same wing. However, this new approach was never properly implemented. The DoE was separated from the Department of Transport, and land-use and transport planning became increasingly independent of each other.

The division between land-use and transport was epitomised in the development of London docklands. Encouraged by the Thatcher government, which rarely put transport at the top of its agenda, the LDDC was forced to attract jobs to docklands with little thought given to the provision of public transport.

This apparent confusion over out-of-town development is symptomatic of a deeper prob-

lem in government policy-making: the chronic lack of co-ordination between planning and transport policies.

The Buchanan report's claim that it was realised in the late 1980s - at the height of the property boom - that in one development alone there was enough office space to house 55,000 workers who would be serviced by a light railway that could only accommodate 11,000 passengers an hour. This anomaly eventually led to a government announcement last October to extend the Jubilee line, linking Docklands with central London.

Another example of the split between transport and land-use planning is the transport department's decision to proceed with plans to widen the western sector of the M25 to 14 lanes, where policy constraints such as the need to preserve the green belt, are at their greatest.

This contrasts with policy in the East Thames corridor which covers large tracts of east London and the Thames estuary - an area suffering from problems such as unemployment.

In spite of the government's claim that it is trying to promote growth in east London, there has been little obvious progress on public or private transport schemes in the region. This is partly due to

The author is head of planning at Hillier Parker, a firm of chartered surveyors

## Index hits new high

T he Investment Property Databank, a research group, recorded a 16.4 per cent total return from its monthly all-property index in 1993. For the month of December, the index rose by 3.6 per cent, the highest single monthly figure ever recorded by IPD.

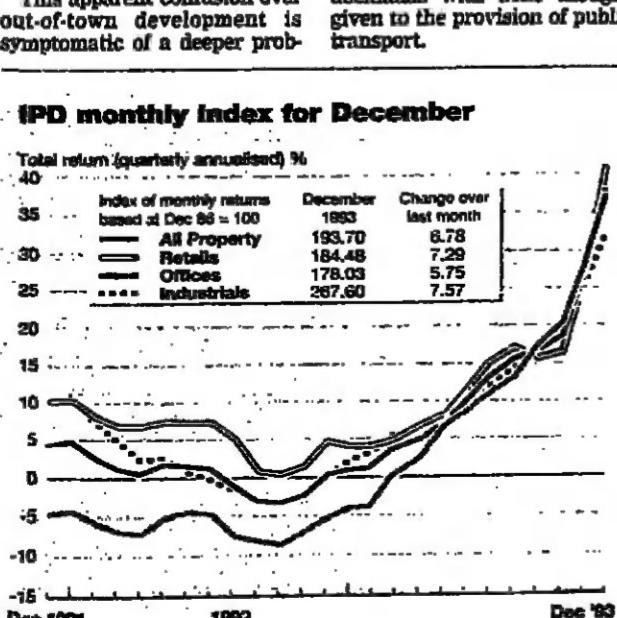
Further big yield cuts brought the aggregate equivalent yield to 8.9 per cent at the end of December, more than one percentage point below the 10 per cent levels that prevailed less than a year earlier.

Aggregate rental values fell by only 0.3 per cent in December, but the rate of decline for the calendar year, at 8 per cent, was barely an improve-

ment upon the 1992 results. All sectors showed improvement in capital growth and shorter yields in December. Retail remained the best performing sector with a total return of 4.1 per cent, compared with 3.0 per cent in 1992. Offices remained in second place, with a total return of 3.3 per cent, followed by industrial at 2.9 per cent.

For the quarter to December, all sectors showed improved returns. Retail returned 8.9 per cent, a 5 percentage point improvement over the quarter to September. At the year-end, offices recorded the most improved 12-month total return, reaching 15.0 per cent for 1993.

Source: IPD monthly Index for December



## LEGAL NOTICES

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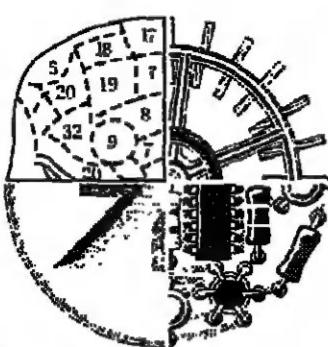
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## TECHNOLOGY

### Worth Watching · Della Bradshaw



#### Leaner times ahead for car thieves

German car thieves look set for leaner times with the introduction of equipment to immobilise cars and so prevent them being stolen.

Minitronic/SET of Freising has introduced a radio-based system which does not need a battery to power it. Cars protected by Car-Protect have a small transponder integrated into the car key and a reader mounted out of sight near the steering column. When the key is inserted into the ignition a radio signal transmits a 20-digit code to the reader, where it is compared with the stored code. Only if the codes match will the ignition start.

Car-Protect uses a transponder from Texas Instruments. The reader sends an electrical pulse out when the key is inserted and this is picked up by the transponder in the key to activate the system. Minitronic: Germany, 81 61 925 77.

#### Mini-PC lifts 486 to new heights

A company based in Farnham, Surrey, has launched what it claims is the world's smallest PC based on a 486 chip - a machine no bigger than a VHS cassette.

Lynwood believes its mini-machine, the MC40, will be used by systems integrators to build the power of the 486 chip into systems where traditional PCs have been too bulky - in the boot of a car for mobile computing, for example. In an office a series of the boxes could be rack mounted to save space. Lynwood: UK, 0252 734468.

#### Fingerprint system may aid banks

As a result of the rise in crimes related to credit card fraud and

false money transactions, banks and other financial institutions are looking at improved means of recognising card holders - such as fingerprint recognition.

Japanese electronics manufacturer NEC is launching a fingerprint recognition system in Europe and the US that could help in the fight against crime. The Unix-based automated fingerprint recognition system matches the fingerprints to those held on file. Prices start from £133,000 for a system which stores fingerprints from 50,000 people. NEC: Japan, 03 3454 111; UK, 071 353 4383.

#### Roulette adapted to slot machine

Gamblers who favour the uncertainty of the roulette wheel should soon be able to play their favourite game in the local games arcade. McVally Industries has combined the game of roulette with electronic slot machine technology to produce the Rapid Roulette Slot Machine, which is to be marketed by Sega Deith of London, part of the Japanese Sega empire.

The player inserts coins or tokens and chooses which numbers to bet on by pressing buttons. A free-spinning roulette wheel spins automatically, turning rapidly and then slowing to allow the ball to drop into one of the numbered slots. Sega Deith: UK, 081 336 1222.

#### Good vibrations from virtual reality

The day of the virtual reality one-piece body suit has moved a step closer with the unveiling of the Interactor body vest, writes Richard Rosen.

Interactor, from Aura Systems, is the world's first system to mimic feeling as well as vision and sound. The user puts on a body harness which is connected to a games console, television, or stereo to receive the sound. This triggers a magnetic actuator which causes body pulsing vibrations; in effect, it turns the body into a loudspeaker cone.

A volume adjustor allows the user to adjust the intensity of the vibrations. Used with a computer game it translates into a buffering as the player hits and is hit by the opponent. Interactor is due to be launched in the US in April at under \$90. Aura Systems: US, 310 643 5300

New personal conferencing products allow users to hold meetings through their PCs, reports Louise Kehoe

# Computers come face to face

**T**he personal computer industry has for years sought the "killer app" - a compelling new application of PCs that would boost sales and draw new users into the market.

Intel, the world's largest chip maker and dominant supplier of microprocessors to the PC industry, may have found this elusive prize in the form of "personal conferencing". This week, the company launched PC add-on products that enable users to conduct video conferences from their desks, viewing each other in one corner of their computer screens while simultaneously reading, discussing and updating the displayed documents.

"Personal conferencing will change the way people in business communicate by bringing the power of the PC to one-on-one communications," predicts Andrew Grove, Intel's president and chief executive. "We are entering an era when people will use their PCs to make and to receive calls and to solve problems together."

Intel's PC-based technology does not match the standards of dedicated video-conferencing systems.

The video image of participants is small and rather jerky at 15 frames per minute. But it is a relatively low-cost and easily installed system.

Intel is already using the technology in its own offices. Colleagues at distant sites can, for example, edit a report together. With the draft version displayed on their screens, they may each suggest changes pointing to relevant sections, highlighting important words and inserting new text as if they were sitting at the same desk. Both parties can see each other's reactions.

Personal conferencing "addresses the contemporary problems of commerce," says Grove. It improves the flexibility, helping employees in separate locations to collaborate more easily. It eliminates time-consuming shuffling of work from one individual's computer to another. It can cut travel time and costs, and facilitate "telecommuting".

Personal conferencing "is very processor intensive," says Grove. "Clearly, it works better on high-performance personal computers." That should translate into a sales boost for Intel's latest Pentium microprocessor and its ProShare software and an ISDN (integrated services

digital network) telephone line.

In the US, Intel has forged marketing agreements with AT&T and several regional telephone companies, which will provide ISDN telephone services along with Intel's ProShare software and hardware package. This includes video and communications PC add-in circuit boards, a monitor-top video camera, hands-free headset with microphone, and ProShare software. Prices will range from \$1,200 to \$2,500.

Intel plans to launch its personal conferencing products in Europe this year, and has already made

I'M AFRAID THE ADVENT OF VIDEO CONFERENCING HASN'T IMPROVED THE QUALITY OF DEBATE AMONG OUR STAFF



agreement with one European telephone company, says Grove.

For those willing to sacrifice video telephone features, less expensive video conferencing will cost less. Intel will offer its ProShare software alone for \$49. This program can be run on a standard 386 model personal computer equipped with a 9600 baud modem. The software includes a tool set with pointers, markers, highlights and text tools. A "Jumpstart" feature allows another user to take part in a conference without buying the ProShare software.

## Sandoz splits the R&D difference

**L**ike many big pharmaceutical groups, Sandoz of Switzerland has lived the nightmare of discovering a drug in a new category and then seeing another company bring a competitor compound to market first.

That is one reason why it has split its development department away from its research activity. Britain's Glaxo announced a similar move last year.

"Once you decide to develop a product, you have to go full out. There is no room for half measures," says Urs Barlocher, chief executive of Sandoz.

The other reason for the change comes from the research side, where the rapid advance of biotechnology is changing the nature of research management. In the

past, pharmaceutical research was chemical-based, and proceeded at a relatively gentle pace. Now, with the rise of biotechnology, it has become more fast moving.

Pharmaceutical companies have recognised that the speed of advances in biotechnology makes it impossible to keep their in-house laboratories up to speed on all fronts. Consequently, they have tended to set up co-operation arrangements with independent biotechnology laboratories and start-up companies.

Sandoz now has more than 20 such arrangements, consuming a tenth of its SFr1.2bn (£540m) R&D budget. And Barlocher is convinced the number will rise. "We do not yet have a good feel for the right balance, but the trend is

increasing," he says. He points out that it has always been difficult to find researchers with management skills, and now the requirements are much greater.

"You need someone who knows what is happening in basic research, where we can find leads for new compounds. He has to be able to decide quickly which co-operation deals we should enter and which ones we should keep. It is a matter of judgment, and in the past we have been too slow."

Assuming such a person can be found, he argues that it is now too much to ask him to look after development as well. In any event, he believes that the management of development, which involves testing a discovery to the point where it can be put on the market,

demands different skills from research management.

"In development, it is a question of setting priorities. For the most part it is systematic, not creative. It should be run in a way very similar to a production centre. You can measure results and set clear targets."

Sandoz has had a notoriously slow development department in the past. A few years ago, it brought in the management consultants McKinsey to try to speed the process, and last year it set up a project team approach.

"We still feel we are not among the very best," Barlocher admits, "but we are now confident that we can catch up."

He claims that the split will not lead to greater bureaucracy. "We

have tried to segment responsibility by flow of product. We want to give full responsibility to the heads of different sections, and reduce the matrix to a minimum."

Development is by far the most expensive part of the R&D process, especially the clinical studies. Thus, the group believes it must concentrate its research efforts on finding what it calls number one compounds, those that are clearly ahead of the competition.

"It is no longer worth following the other guy. Even if you have a fast development department, it will become slow and more difficult to catch up," Barlocher says. "And you cannot count on the other guy to make mistakes."

Ian Rodger

## PEOPLE

### Motorway course for BAe technocrat

### Ford rings

### some top changes

Lawrence Haynes, right, currently project director at British Aerospace, has been appointed to the high-profile position of chief executive of the Highways Agency, which will be established in April, within the department of transport. The DTI made the appointment known yesterday, adding that Haynes is due to start work on February 14. He was unavailable for comment.

The Highways Agency is part of the government's Next Steps programme of setting up agencies, thereby changing the structure of the civil service, with the aim of increasing efficiency and providing greater value for taxpayers' money.

The job is bound to be sensitive. According to last November's budget statement, total spending on trunk roads and motorways in England will average nearly £2bn over the next three years, and a number of controversial decisions - such as widening the M25 motorway circling London - are still pending. Moreover,

Haynes will also be in charge of bypasses, which are always politically sensitive, particularly so in marginal constituencies.

This particular agency will be responsible for a 6,800-mile

network of motorways and other trunk roads, which represents fractionally less than 4 per cent of the UK's total roads but which accounts for one third of all traffic and more than 50 per cent of heavy goods traffic.

The government argues that creation of the agency "should help to speed up delivery of the current substantial programme of road improvement."

### Fresh breath sweeps into Welsh aviation sector

Haynes, 41, served as a technician in the Royal Air Force from 1980 until 1982, when he studied for a Business Law degree at Heriot-Watt University. He joined British Aerospace in 1983, eventually becoming managing director of Microtel, a joint venture company put together by BAe in the telecommunications field. He implemented the disposal of Microtel in 1982 and rejoined BAe, becoming project director dealing with "special assignments".

As chief executive of the agency, with a salary in the region of £100,000, Haynes will be responsible for ensuring that it achieves financial and quality of service targets. The stated aim of the agency is to "promote an efficient, reliable, safe and environmentally acceptable trunk road network."

The government argues that creation of the agency "should help to speed up delivery of the current substantial programme of road improvement."

"That was 1971," he says, "and it changed everything. We produced a piece of equipment the size of a cigarette packet which allowed police to test drivers at the roadside instead of having to wait for samples to be analysed. Our success was immediate. We captured not just the British market but a big share of the world market with sales to the US, Scandinavia and the rest of Europe."

Three years ago Parry reached the point where he "looked for other challenges" and sold out to MPD, of Kentucky.

At the age of 56 he learnt to fly, entered a round-the-world race - "we were respectably placed in the middle of the field" - and subsequently bought a bigger plane, a Cessna twin 340. The basis of his new company, Welsh Dragon.

The company has bought the trading name and on-going business of Bremair International, for a sum Parry Jones declines to disclose, and intends to tap the business and sporting market with the Cessna and a larger Piper Chieftain.

Parry-Jones, 42, will become a key member of the new generation management team that is being formed at Ford of Europe by Jacques Nasser, 48.

Nasser took over as chairman in January last year with the task of halting the mounting losses of Ford's European operations.

Parry-Jones' position as head of all of Ford's car development and engineering in Europe will be crucial to determining the US carmaker's fortunes in Europe during the second half of the 1990s and beyond.

An engineer educated at Stanford University, he joined Ford in 1969 and has held senior positions in product planning, engineering and manufacturing in Europe and in the US.

He will take over from Oldfield responsibility for forcing the implementation of simultaneous engineering methods in Ford of Europe with the aim of wringing greater efficiency and productivity out of Ford's product and manufacturing engineering operations in the UK and in Germany.

He has previously headed the manufacturing operation at Ford's Cologne plant, where the Fiesta and Granada Scorpions are assembled, before becoming Ford of Europe chief engineer in 1991.



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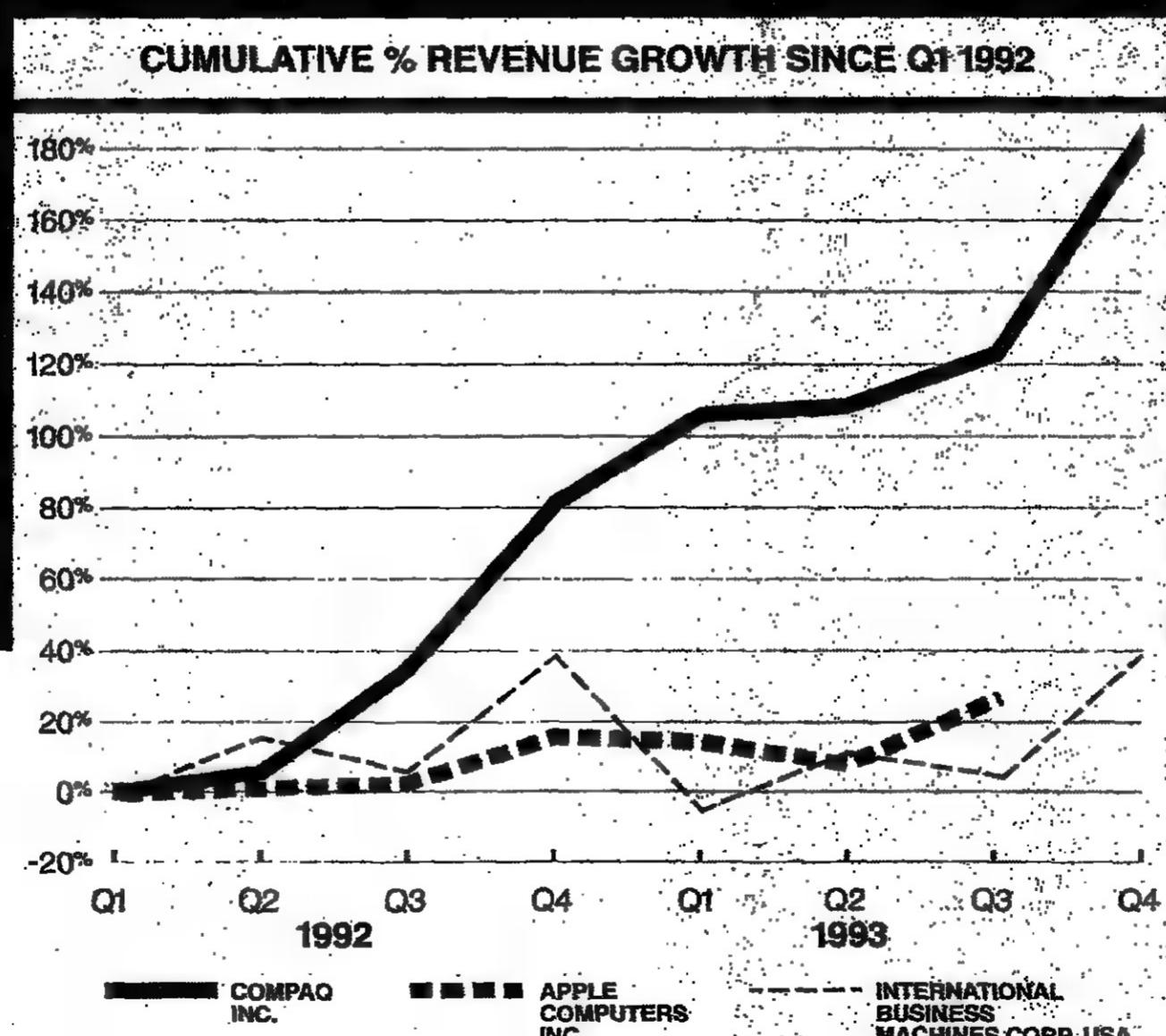
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Sources: Calculated from public information by the three named companies from calendar Q1 1992 to Q4 1993 inclusive. Q4 1993 figures for Apple Computers Inc. not available at the time of going to press.

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## MANAGEMENT

A few hundred yards from funky Venice beach, the most unusual office in Los Angeles, stands one of the city's most surprising pieces of architecture: a building with completely dissimilar halves - one rather like a ship and the other resembling a factory - linked in the middle by a giant pair of binoculars.

This is the headquarters of Chiat/Day, the US advertising agency known for its conventional, cutting-edge campaigns. Inside the building, Jay Chiat, the agency's chairman, is pushing through an organisational upheaval which could prove just as radical as the architecture.

He is redesigning the way his staff work and the space in which they do so. It is, he says, an attempt to make the business leaner, more creative, and in response to the tougher business climate of the 1990s and changing relationships between agencies and their clients.

Observers say it is a significant early example of a move by American business towards a much flatter structure - a so-called "virtual corporation". Cynical advertising industry rivals see it as a smokescreen to hide at Chiat/Day following the loss of some big accounts.

Whatever the motivation, the move is unusual - and traumatic for staff: individual workplaces are being abolished. No more will photo-

graphs of smiling, gap-toothed children adorn parents' desks, or favourite items decorate their walls.

Chiat has always been an innovator. In 1976, he abolished formal offices and replaced them with small, open-plan cubicles, for senior members of staff. He is doing away with the cubicles, replacing them with a number of public meeting places. These include:

- Project rooms, where a particular client, where appropriate, can meet account managers.

- A central library, equipped with computer equipment, with files stored on CD-Rom.

- Lockers where staff can store personal items, work cubicles, which they use on a ad hoc basis.

- A large common room/restaurant with comfortable armchairs, a pool table and ping pong. Says Chiat: "It will be a place of relaxation and welcome, a place to hang out ... go and get information."

If this sounds rather like a university campus, so it should. Chiat says that conventional businesses are run too much like schools, where pupils sit at desks all day and subject to strict supervision. He says Chiat/Day is more like a college, where "you can say 'Here is the assignment. Do it. Come back and you'll be graded.' In other words, staff will be given greater responsibility for their work and movements, 'empowered', he says.

They will be mobile, and when they are not in the building they will be working from home, their car or a client's office.

The new system, which is also being introduced in Chiat's New York office and will eventually reach its London branch, is a study of work patterns within the agency and has been possible by new innovations in mobile communications.

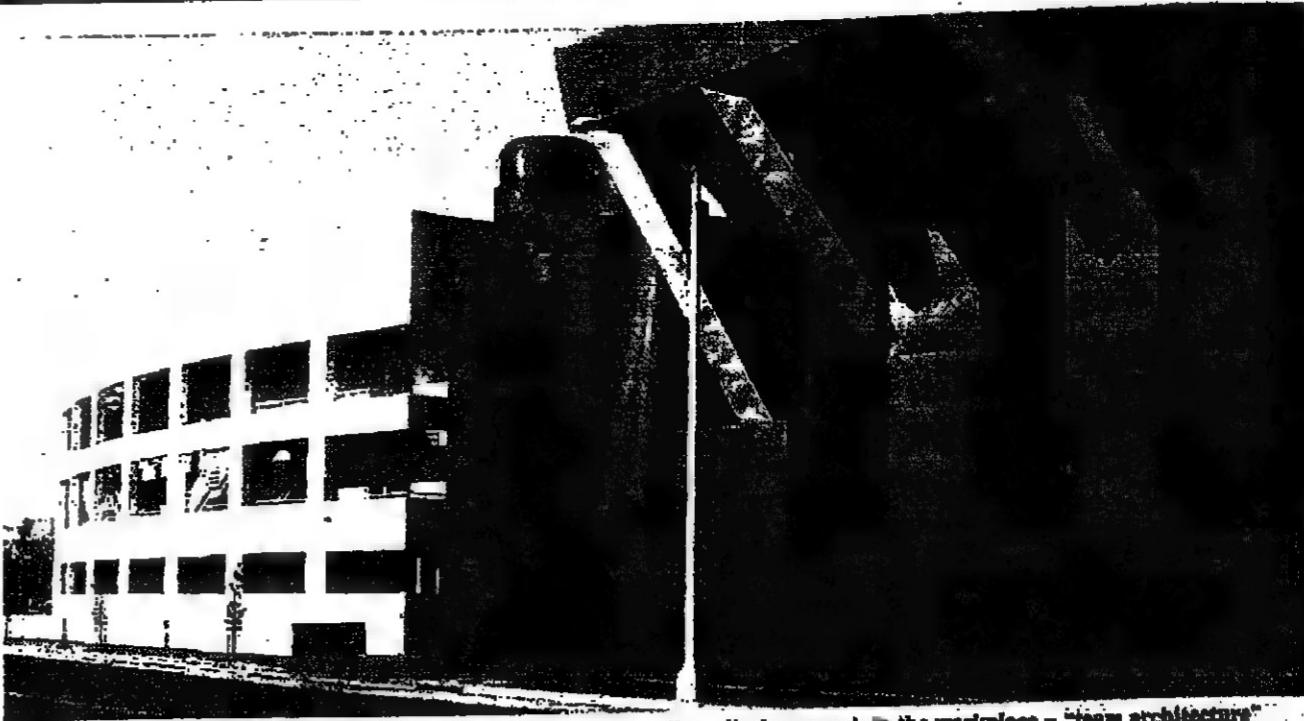
Instead of having a

fixed phone and computer, staff will be equipped with their own personal phone numbers, cellular phones and notebook computers. Filing cabinets will also disappear; documents and letters will be scanned into the firm's computer network.

Chiat says that this is a much more efficient use of time and space. Chiat/Day's already spent much of their time away from their desks, in meetings on the road, and it takes a long time to get through by phone.

"The phone," he says, "has become a symbol of non-communication rather than communication because people are not in their offices. With a cellular unit, they are always in touch."

The redesign is unique to Chiat/Day, though when it was planning the move the agency discovered a Finnish company, SOL Cleaning Service, which had already implemented a similar scheme, apparently with considerable success.



Chiat/Day's vision thing: the unconventional exterior and an equally radical approach in the workplace - "team architecture".

Chiat hopes the new system will keep the agency "ahead of the curve" as big changes rock the advertising industry. Advertisers, he says, are reassessing the cosy relationship they had with a single agency, and are looking for greater creativity at lower cost. He reckons that "it is just a matter of time before everyone is reviewing their relationship". And to succeed, agencies will need to show they understand a client's business and contributing to it as well as holding down their costs.

He says that the new plan - which he calls "team architecture" - will encourage more interaction between members, leading to better teamwork and creativity.

He is anxious to dispel the widespread notion that the scheme is designed to make staff work from home. "It is not about telecommuting. It is about working differently while you are in the office."

He hopes the lack of a traditional layout will encourage staff to spend more of the day working with clients. "We want them focused on the client's busi-

ness, not internal issues of who is the better office."

In spite of the initial cost of new capital equipment, the pay-off is that it requires less office space.

Chiat reckons he can service around 100 clients with roughly 30,000 sq ft of space, compared with around 100 employees under a conventional layout.

The system is also more flexible, he says, as he can increase his headcount without raising overhead expenses.

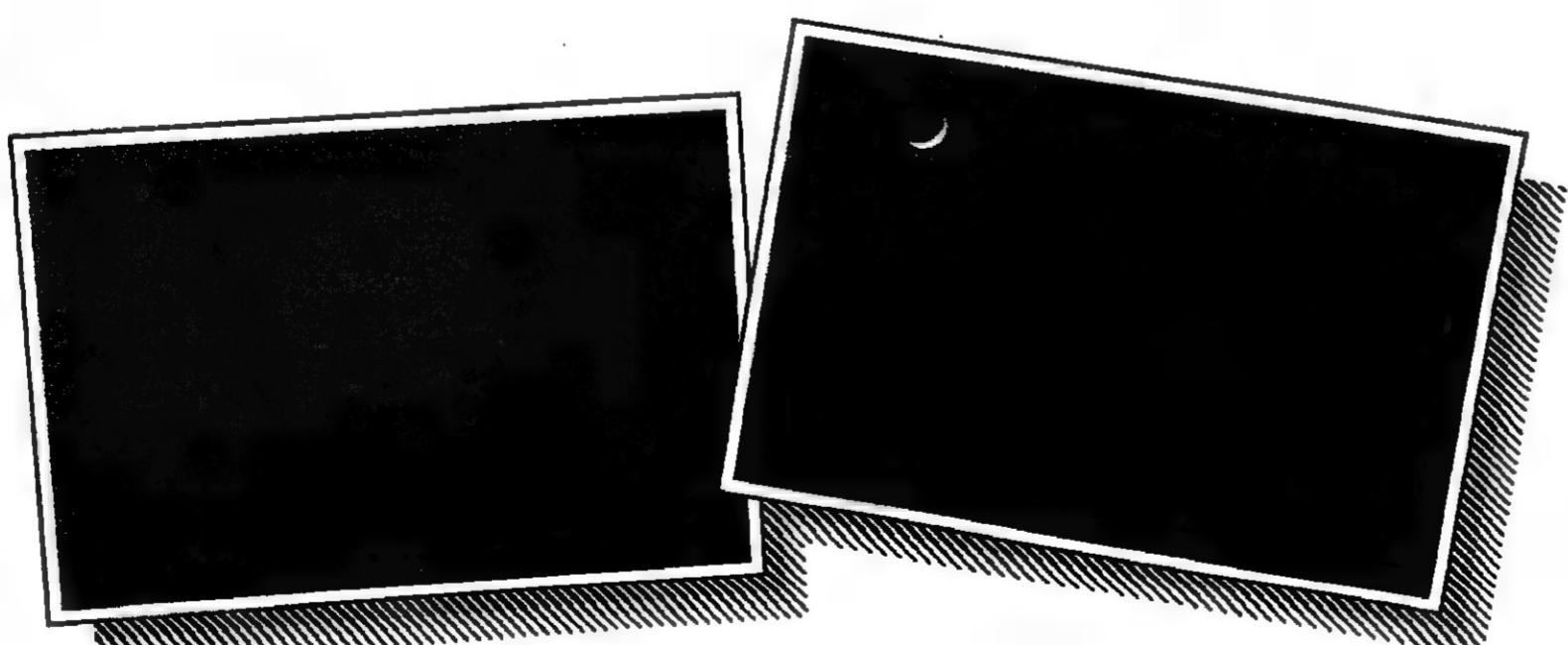
But the move to team architecture needs a considerable

gamble. The disappearance of desks - a form of office security blanket - could hurt staff morale, which is particularly critical in advertising.

Chiat says that the transition will not be easy. "The change is momentous. I don't think most of the people implementing it have any sense of how much despair there's going to be, how much trauma there's going to be, and the period of time it is going to take for people to feel comfortable with this concept."

But he's convinced the move will eventually

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## New logic is here to stay

Edward Lawler condemns the latest theories as passing fads

Management has always been beset by fads and fashions, gurus and demagogues. But never before has there been such a sheer volume of new approaches.

This has led many managers to reach one of two incorrect conclusions: that the new approaches are all hype with no substance, or that a particular programme is the answer.

The reality is more complex and challenging: that the traditional logic about what makes high-performing organisations is no longer valid, and that a new logic is emerging piecemeal in its place. Some early implementers of it are already gaining a competitive advantage.

What is the new logic? It has a number of elements and is not fully articulated by any single approach - certainly not by the very popular re-engineering movement, as James Champy acknowledged in the column on January 14.

Value Added Top is fundamental to the new logic in the belief that value can be added at all levels in an organisation. In the conventional logic, the belief is that organisations, if structured properly, have a value primarily at the top.

The new logic suggests allowing individuals throughout the organisation to co-ordinate and manage their own work, and to reduce the need for layers of management and bureaucracy. This means mean the institutions of ordination, because without it an organisation is unlikely to add value above and beyond what an individual can add. Thus it is critical to put individuals in structures that allow them to exercise lateral co-ordination and self-control so they can add the value that, in the old logic, is added at the top.

Champy pointed out, a self-control environment creates a culture of leadership and direction. His attack on "empowerment as traditionally advocated" for being tantamount in shallowness, is largely a straw man argument. Few proponents of empowerment have argued that managers should just get out of the way. Managers need to provide employees with information, training and power, and hold them accountable for their performance. This adds costs, as well as creating a culture that is more responsive to customers and has a greater focus on quality.

Pyramids and unit structures. The old logic stresses control requires hierarchy. However, the experiences of Xerox and Motorola have shown that empowerment often requires a major organisational restructuring which destroys the traditional pyramidal structure.

It is not enough just to create problem-solving teams, total quality management, etc. to do, or organise around teams as re-engineering advocates. The new logic requires the flattening

of an organisation, the creation of one who is responsible for being accountable for their own customers.

Individuals. In order for teams to work, individuals need to be grouped into multi-functional teams. Thus, while the old logic suggests that individual accountability and responsibility are of supreme importance, the new logic assumes that individuals can do little in complex, inter-dependent situations. As a result, it is best to hold teams accountable, and to organise around teams and their structures.

So managers need to be conscious of how their behaviour affects team performance, and what they can do to make teams more effective.

Rewards also need to be changed. Instead of individuals being rewarded for how well they do their jobs (this has not even been done in traditional organisations), they need to be measured and rewarded for the success of their team and their business unit.

Finally, instead of employees for the size of their jobs and their altitude in the hierarchy, individuals need to be paid for their value-adding competencies.

I am often asked what is beyond the new logic of organising. What is the next wave? At this point, I think this is the wrong question. It incorrectly assumes that the principles of the new logic represent a transitory phase. The new logic is still a work in progress and is likely to be the dominant logic for many decades.

The old logic of globally competitive information technology-based organisations which look for competitive advantages through their organisational competencies. As such, it is likely to continue to evolve, and to be in place for a long time until a world order and new technologies emerge.

The implications of this for managers are clear. The old organisational life which may be comfortable and predictable is disappearing rapidly.

The new logic outlined here is not like the fads and fashions that have gripped management over the last decade. It represents fundamental changes in the way organisations will operate.

People who develop skills to be effective in organisations which follow the new logic will thrive. Those who do not will be just as obsolete as poorly skilled production workers in a high-technology manufacturing facility.

The author is professor of

management and organization

at the University of Southern California School of Business Administration and director of the Centre for Effective Organisations.

Christopher Lorenz's column

resumes in February 11.

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ARTS GUIDE

## ARTS

# Bold stab at Die Soldaten

Max Loppert reviews the Paris premiere of Zimmermann's opera

The long-awaited premiere of *Alois* has taken place at *Opéra Bastille*, after-shock of the artistic impact can still be registered all over the city.

This remarkable piece – the composer's own treatment of the revolutionary 1775 play by Lenz – was completed in late 1985 pronounced unperformable, reworked, and eventually given its premiere at Cologne in 1985; since then it has been performed by increasing numbers of brave companies across Europe.

The *Grove* notes that Zimmermann's single entry in the form "widely acknowledged as the most important German drama of Berg". Certainly, in the cultural history of the second half of our century it has occupied a position unequalled by any other postwar drama.

For the first, the *opéra-comique* celebrated the many-layered complexities of its four-act drama and rigorous 12-note idiom, intricately laid out for a small ensemble of singers, instrumentalists (including onstage jazz band), and figurants, with film and film editing in the act. The opera's precisely plotted

unfolding at the same moment – parallel contemporary developments in Stockhausen's triple-stage devices of *Come to the River*, Henze's *Opera for Covent Garden*, pale insignificance in comparison.

From the first, other audience-members, even those utterly unsympathetic to the postwar avant-garde, were yet able to submit themselves to Zimmermann's creation.

In Paris, *Die Soldaten* packs a mighty punch. The Bastille stage, inappropriately large for Mozart and even Puccini, comfortably contains the furthest-flung activities. The poor acoustics, whose distancing tends to dampen the delights of the general repertory, provide a dilution of the chamber-music filigree that marks much of the instrumental part-writing, nor barrier to the contorted eloquence of the vocal parts – which, with their upward leaps, wide intervals and rhythmic notation, must be hell to get right, but which come together to make *in situ* an always justly judged musical progression.

Altogether, the best aspects of the Bastille production are here favoured for display – and, since this is an opera that requires maximum amounts of time and money to mount, that obviously

provides wherewithal to happen in the first place. (In Britain *Die Soldaten* might be the missing link in the modern-operatic chain: brought to Edinburgh Festival by the Darmstadt company, it has been the last decade or more and than the first of many cancelled by at least three of our national companies.)

The performance, a re-creation of the 1987 staging for Stuttgart by Harry Kupfer and the designer Wolf Mumzler, combines stringent music-dramatic organisation with abrasively brilliant showmanship. Several of the original Stuttgart cast have made the journey to Paris, notably the superb Franz Maxura (Wesener), Michael Ebecke (Stolzius) and Ursula Baumann (the Countess), and superb conductor Bernhard Konarsky. All one may easily judge by reference to the Stuttgart recording (on Teldec), the new leading lady, the American Anna Saffer, who succeeds with the crystalline beauty of her high soprano.

Lenz's play, a compact vision unfolded in trenchantly ironic stages, tells of Marie, daughter of a little fancy-goods merchant, a middle-class girl who has been seduced by a whoremonger of army officers. Zimmermann was (he later wrote) drawn to its operatic potential not so much because of its social-political content, much more because of its modernity in Lenz's elliptical, jump-cutting treatment of characters, and time-shifts.

Kupfer's production does justice to the laconically fierce world-view of Lenz and his "total-theatre" adventure of *Zimmermann*. Upon the permanent set, a two-tier wooden edifice baldly outlined, play modern lighting effects, set-pieces, palais-de-dance swirls, magically glowing hand-held lamps – in sharp contrast to the in-period costumes. During the instrumental interludes making up the pattern of Zimmermann's *Wozzeck*-inherited formal structures, the whole company is a-twitching like marionettes: a nice theatrical symbol of the dehumanising nature of military life.

This production flourishes the Kupfer signature of *Wozzeck*. As is wont, the production resists the whole final hog: the stage collapses in a *Götterdämmerung* heap. On this occasion, however, the device could be defended as an analogy for the nuclear mushroom-cloud image on which Zimmermann wanted us to close, a representation strangely cut off humanity that lies in the heart of the work.

On record, this latter reason an "machine" is admitted, not a fully-fledged experience to be drawn into. In the theatre, the extraordinary acuteness with which Zimmermann judged and amplified the impression. But in the end, the comparisons that one makes with *Wozzeck* and *Lulu* suggest exactly what is missing from the emotional range in the vision which draws the audience to it: more than just an all-encompassingly harrowing work.

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Opéra de Paris, *Die Soldaten*, final performance

The Brighton Festival Chorus and London Choral Society were unanimous and though their well-crushed consonants were better than their dull British vowels. In this work there is really no substitute for open, Italianate vowels, though the texts are in medieval Latin. It was the women soloists to supply the essential dramatic feeling: breathless, nervously elevated intensity from the young soprano, against the dark, well-sculpted line of Luciana D'Intino's

I should have heard D'Intino in the Berlin *Troyens* in the Barbican (happy though we were with her last-minute replacement, Markella Hatzianni). In Verdi, her lively maturity and judicious poise suggested the noble line she might have given us.

David Murray

Final scene of 'Die Soldaten' with Franz Maxura and Lisa Saffer

We had a good, sound Verdi *Requiem* from the Royal Philharmonic Tuesday, enhanced by the visiting Italians, the conductor and three members of his quartet all young, and the best of their voices.

It was the tenor, Carlos Hernández, though he sounded hampered by something of a slight cold. His baritone was satisfactorily firm and fibrous (there is a statutory requirement for a *grazia* in this work), and shaped his heroic rising phrases somewhat confident of attaining a bright, ringing top – which he never quite did. It clouded, and fractionally below pitch: never unpleasant, but not thrilling enough forward to hearing him on a dark night.

The solo bass was the 20-year-old Simone Alberghini, manifestly well-

## Concert

### Verdi's Messa da Requiem

and full-voiced. It will take him some yet to stamp his character on the voice beyond the vocal surface-effects; nevertheless, everything was there, both singing and telling. The conductor Paolo Olmi, displaying the kind of deportment and stylised gestures that one associates with an older generation, took us through the honesties, without tricks (instead of ear-shattering thwacks from the drum in "Dies Irae", we got most finely modulated punctuation) but with fine, unhesitating fluency.

He seems, at the moment, to be reassessing their plans.

At the *French* premier summer festival, Aix seems a loss of prestige. Its international reputation rests on the opera productions it mounts – from July in the open-air theatre at the Archbishop's Palace. This is a many-voiced singer of the postwar era – from the Berganza-Tatiana Troyanos duet reached a wider public. Traditionally, the open form is the mainstay of the festival, alongside a judicious choice of concerts and recitals.

But a general reduction in the budget – compounded by the lack of private sponsorship – has forced the festival director, Louis Erlo, to confirm the 1994 opera programme in eight performances of *La Zauberflöte*, in a staging by Robert Carsen to be conducted by William Christie.

The festival says it hopes 1994 will be a year of transition. It is not just a formula to liquidate the FF11.6m (US\$2m) running deficit, but an injection of new ideas and young blood.

#### EXHIBITIONS

Rijksmuseum: Dawn of the Modern Age: 1860-1900 offering a magnificent survey of Northern Netherlands Art around 1900. Until June 6. Closed Mon.

Amsterdam: Het Rembrandthuis The Rembrandt House from life: a walk through the countryside of 17th century Holland. Until June 6. Daily.

London: Georges Braque and Georges Braque: retrospective of the Dutch Symbolist painter and the 19th century French printmaker. Ends May 13. Daily.

Dresden: Albertine Egyptian Antiquities: objects from the Dresden collection, including sculptures, religious carvings and everyday vessels, now on show for the first time since being taken to the booty of the Second World War. Until Sep 18. Thurs.

Zwinger Schwarzwald Porcelain: examples from the Saxon porcelain workshop Unterweissbach which provided artistic impulses during a short lifespan from 1716 to 1947. Until April 11. Thurs.

Frankfurt: Kunsthalle Archaeological Treasures from the Romanian Museum: a major collection of objects documenting the history of Romanian technology, including weapons, jewellery, gold and silver, and glass. Until April 17. Thurs.

Paris: Georg Flegel: works by the 17th century painter. Until Feb 13. Daily.

Jahnhalle: Ludwig Kirchner: showing outside the complete Kirchner collection from the State Museum. Until May 6. Daily.

Paris: Musée National des Arts Asiatiques Guimet: The Rembrandthuis The Rembrandt House from life: a walk through the countryside of 17th century Holland. Until June 6. Daily.

Kunst: Dr Kawara (b1933): seven paintings and drawings by the Japanese conceptual artist. Until May 15. Daily.



Gleefully outragous out-size images: 'Proposed', 1992, by Jenny Saville

## Energy on a grotesque scale

W

may judge our times by war or politics, or even fashion and wives, but we know them for their love in curtains or our perils. So it is with pictures.

Yet in Charles Saatchi we have a man who has been buying the art of his own time, which is not enough, and by the yard, which is never and will never be a spectacular gallery in London in which we all sit. For nine years he has been parading his judgment, and Andy Warhol, Damien Hirst, decidedly applause. How, we ourselves, are we persistent, but publispited, so, well, insensitive?

Since 1982, every year we have been given the work of young British artists in his collection, this the third in the series. Once again, it seems, that once one work has caught our eye, we buy the lot. Luck to him, that he can command what he wants, and good luck to the artists and their dealers. That is to remain a disconcerting procedure.

We may well be happy to see the work of a particular artist, deep in depth and beautifully presented. Yet there is to all, so, something decidedly odd and arbitrary. We miss any sense of a collector's personal engagement with the particular work, cherished for itself against something else, no less sure. So it is with the three painters in this show. Individually they hang their points, for and against. They hang together without mutual interference, but collectively they

The last of them is Simon Callery, the only one who is concerned with the human figure. His work is also the most large-scale of closely modulated greys and pinks, greens and violets, with simple motifs lightly placed over them in oil-pastel. Strongly horizontal in emphasis, they inevitably conjure up landscape by association wide marches, marches. These images are comfortably within a modern tradition that links early Mantegna to Diebenkorn and Agnes Martin and yet looks back to the 17th century, to Koninck and

something unattempted, evaded.

The work of Jenny Saville, at 30 by ten years the youngest of the three, is superficially most remote from the show, much for its energy and scale as for its quality. It is very large, conventionally so, but that it should then impose on them out-size images of the figure that are often even too big for them, is rather less expected. These images shall then be positively outrageous – fat, bloated, female nudes, and scrawled with slogans and graffiti, gleefully flouting all normal canons of taste and decency – only compounds the visual shock.

But whatever their might be, they are more interesting in their formal and practical qualities. Simply to control the paint and certain such images across extensive surfaces is to declare the painter of considerable natural ability. Certainly he deserves credit only for her imagery. When the paintings, at their most grotesque, are of hand, dominated by the image, they are successful. The simplest, a nude back-view cut off at head and legs, subtly observed, delicately painted, in certain passages, almost abstract.

It is a pity she does not show some working drawings. And we must hope in certain passages, almost abstract.

Young British Artists III: The Saatchi Gallery, 3 Boundary Row until July: Friday to Sunday.

William Packer reviews the latest exhibition at the Saatchi gallery

Simon English's work is happy – his paintings of the figure, on the part on a epic scale, strive for symbolic significance in a properly convincing human presence. Naked, Bacon-esque figures stand in line, box-like cubicles that fall away in crude perspective, all in a fierce, romantic, highly theatrical chiaroscuro. So, good, for there is nothing wrong in the promise of some visual drama. The problem is that the promise is all. Come closer and we find that the technicalities of reduction to zero – look – look, no hands, no feet, no face. There is the sort of distance between something full and removed by choice, and

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The kite-mark symbol of the British Standards Institution since the turn of the century, is flying high. But on the ground all is not well.

British standards, a quality mark which means that a company's management systems are judged to be among the best in the world, has turned sour. Not just because of all the work that went into it, but are starting to come through. BSI's success has turned sour.

In the past few months a series of upsets have hit off the pages of the trade journals and national media. The problem partly comes from within industry, BSI 5750, partly from the strains imposed by attempts to modernise BSI's management structures.

The first stream of bad news about BSI came from fears that its image and ultimately effectiveness would damage BSI. Member companies submit its services and help write its standards, would its ability to get them accepted internationally with the UK bringing in UK companies.

For, in spite of Britain's manufacturing decline, BSI has held a powerful position in the European and international forums where most standards-setting occurs.

Britain is just under a quarter of the total committee which drew up the standards, a similar percentage to German and French counterparts, DIN and AFNOR.

And in spite of increasing competition in the traditional field of standards writing and product testing, BSI has grown rapidly in recent years due to the success of BS5750. Revenues from certifying companies to BSI charges for ensuring that companies are sticking to the rules, account for 10 per cent of BSI's £78m turnover last year.

The first hints of difficulty arose in June when Dr Sander, chairman for just 18 months, stepped down, what the board called "a deep disagreement on important policy management".

This was followed by a row between BSI and a committee which it had helped set up to review the problems small companies face in implementing BS5750. Organisations representing small companies pressed BSI to simplify

## A blot on its reputation

Charles Batchelor on disputes at the UK standards body



BSI withdrew funds from the committee to finish deliberations.

At the same time, the government announced a review of BSI's activities to continue to receive a subsidy for its standards-writing work.

Standards-writing is not lucrative but BSI's other activities - certifying companies to BS5750 and monitoring them - become increasingly profitable in BSI's favour, a profit of £4.5m.

BSI's problems reached their climax in November when its members delivered a humiliating snub to Mr Vivian Thomas, BSI chairman, and his board.

Thomas turned down plans to strengthen the powers of the directors and to double directors' fees to £15,000 a year, chairman's fees to £25,000.

As a result of this setback the board has been forced to delay all its proposed changes and is now holding meetings with members to improve relations. But in spite of what some members desire, encouraging discussions

recent weeks members remain wary. There is no guarantee that Mr Thomas's proposals will be acceptable if they are put to members again at a resumed annual meeting on March 8.

Mr Thomas, a pugnacious former chief executive of BP Oil, is at the centre of the present storm. Brought in as chairman two years ago, he was pushed centre stage by the sudden departure of Dr Sander. Instead of immediately seeking to appoint a new chief executive Mr Thomas created a small executive board to run BSI and has since devoted himself practically full-time to pushing through change.

"It would take us four to find a new chief executive," he says. "We couldn't wait that long. We return to the clubby sphere of the past."

Mr Thomas believes that a reorganisation of BSI is needed to make it a more professional management suited to a business which this year expects to achieve turnover of nearly £100m. "You can't run a business this size like a co-operative," he says.

Mr Thomas wasted time, computerising many procedures, cutting out layers of committees and shedding jobs.

But the pace of change worried some of BSI's members. There are no signs, as yet, that the members coming round to the point of view. If anything, attitudes are hardening. The Federation of Environmental Trade Associations has threatened to bypass BSI and to send European and international which are writing a growing number of standards.

The Mechanical and Metal Trades Confederation may withdraw members from BSI's standards-writing committee.

The directors expect to commercialise BSI's activities, expecting to provide their services for free," says Carruthers, confederation director-general.

This is tittering with a system which has had the fall of time is widespread. Mr Gordon Gaddes, director-general of Beama, the Federation of British Electrical and Allied Manufacturers' Association, is concerned that the abolition of the abolition of the standard policy has removed democratic control of the board. There is a vacuum."

Sir, when does BSI go into the government grant scheme? Mr Thomas has resigned in the government grant scheme and turned into a man with payments in the provision of specific services. This would allow the government to judge accurately value for money.

Mr Thomas is looking for a new executive, filled by April. Mr Thomas has then taken his original role of part-time chairman.

Mr Thomas acknowledges failings in his approach. "I have been in too much of a hurry and communicated externally in much as I should." However, he remains determined to bring about change. For all the criticism, he is one of the few who are writing good standards or not delivering value for money.

But the gulf between Mr Thomas and his members remains a large one. So fundamental are the differences that it is by no means clear that they can be bridged by the time of the resumed annual meeting in March.

Political disarray entraps soul, or it is nothing. Nothing conveys no ethical and human meaning. Yet this is what is on offer from growing parties in the west. Markets, privatisation, the cult of individual all ideas, without a moral foundation are empty. This is no consequence of socialism. It is fruitless to propound Marxist theory, and pointless to rail at it in many countries the passion has been drained out in the process of choosing and dismissing governments. Economic representatives who formerly sought to improve the condition of those who elected them have turned in their graves. Voters are turning away.

In Italy the old parties have dissolved themselves into fresh alliances, with new names and leaders.

Former members may be coalition to victory, but it is a market economy they will manage. If the electorate's blood is up it is to demand a change to politics, not for old left-right.

In Canada the Conservative party has been all but disbanded. Former members are said to be once again toying with the notion of a grand alliance of Christian and Social Democrats with Liberals and Greens. At the US presidential election Mr Perot took away both the Democratic and Republican parties. In both the disillusionment with mainstream politicians is palpable.

One reason for the general cooling of politics is that the old questions about social deprivation are avoided, as if

out of embarrassment. The 1994 edition of Britain's statistical annual Social Trends, published yesterday, indicates that since 1970 the forces have steadily mulled the very poor. As we all know, the rich have become far richer. There were no protest marches, no riots in the streets, not even a measly squeak from the leader of the Labour party when he questioned the prime minister about other matters. On Wednesday, President Bill Clinton delivered a State of the Union message in which he offered a hand up, but not a permanent hand-out, to America's poor. Social-Democratic predecessors, like President Lyndon Johnson and his vice-president Hubert Humphrey, have turned in their graves. Voters are turning away.

This is not to say that the "Third Society" solution to poverty, which was to spend more money on it, necessarily works or is the right dependency. In some circumstances it may be, in others not. The argument will continue.

The point about the nothing-politics of today is that it feels vacuous because social justice is no longer a big issue. Few democratic politicians admit to a burning desire to take the "underclass" on the pavements, out of tenements and into jobs and decent houses. What we have instead is dainty deliberation by fat pragmatists who believe that to get elected they must show a willingness to reduce spending on welfare.

Something else will surely inflame us in the 21st century. One possibility is that it will be a debate infused with real feeling, about the limits to economic growth. The world's

population is expected to rise from 5.8m in 1990 to 8.5m in 2005. The rate of increase of emissions of CO<sub>2</sub>, the most enduring greenhouse gas, is about 3 per cent a year, a figure less likely to be decreased by the resolutions taken at the 1992 Rio conference than increased by the rapid enrichment of China. The danger to the planet has not receded; only the political response is, temporarily, in abeyance.

We might also be for another resurgence of dangerous tribalism. This observation is supported by a pamphlet from Demos, an independent think-tank. Its author, Mr Vincent Cable, is director of the international economics programme at the Royal Institute of International Affairs.

Tribalism - sorry, "identity politics" - is weakened if humans everywhere become more like one another.

Contemporary arguments fall on either side of this line. Take, as one example, "family values". Libertarians stick by personal choice. Mr Cable points out. Their opponents insist that family and personal relationships reflect the pillars of "culture, family and faith". This leads democratic politicians into murky waters.

The conclusion is that people concerned with politics must learn "how to satisfy people's yearning for a sense of belonging and identity without unleashing destructive political forces". Mr Cable has a point. Liberalism is the way, but it requires enhancement. We must all some blood back into politics, or blood will flow.

\*The World's New Fissures: Manifests in Crisis\*, £19.95 from Demos, 9 Bridewell Place, London EC2V 5AP.

Joe Rogaly

## Once more, with feeling



Political disarray entraps soul, or it is nothing. Nothing conveys no ethical and human meaning. Yet

politics listed by Mr Cable include the rise of the Republicans in Germany and the National Front in France, the preoccupations with Ulster and the Maastricht treaty in Britain, and the emergence of a strong Hindu nationalist party, the BJP, in India. The tragedy of the former Yugoslavia and the fragility of the new east European democracies may also be called in evidence. Again, it could be that extreme racism and nationalist parties in Germany, France, Italy and Belgium will do well in this year's elections to the European parliament.

Set against tribalism is pure liberalism, which takes no account of class, race, national origin or, saving the rule of law, any other impediment to the freedom of the individual. Liberalism is strengthened by the globalisation of markets; tribalism - sorry, "identity politics" - is weakened if humans everywhere become more like one another.

Contemporary arguments fall on either side of this line. Take, as one example, "family values". Libertarians stick by personal choice. Mr Cable points out. Their opponents insist that family and personal relationships reflect the pillars of "culture, family and faith". This leads democratic politicians into murky waters.

The conclusion is that people concerned with politics must learn "how to satisfy people's yearning for a sense of belonging and identity without unleashing destructive political forces". Mr Cable has a point. Liberalism is the way, but it requires enhancement. We must all some blood back into politics, or blood will flow.

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL.

Keep an eye on banks

From Mr Michael Chamberlain

Sir, I wish I shared the confidence of Mr George, governor of the Bank of England.

banks are committed

providing finance to small businesses ("George calls for a cut in recriminations", January 18). Chartered accountants around the UK report that their clients are still experiencing significant problems with banks.

But the gulf between Mr

Thomas and his members

remains a large one. So fundamental are the differences that it is by no means clear that they can be bridged by the time of the resumed annual meeting in March.

A proposal too far for directors

There will be so many checks and balances that there will be no room for progress.

In particular, I do not agree with Mr Maw that a remuneration committee should be wholly non-executive. I am in the best position to know the detail of my subordinates' performance and I wish to have a direct say in their salary and other rewards. The Cadbury recommendation for a remuneration committee to be "wholly or mainly" non-executive

provides for me to be a member of that committee.

Interest supports both the spirit and the letter of Cadbury, but not further.

Has Mr Maw, I wonder, experienced the pressures of the real commercial world?

S G Kay, managing director,

Inveresk House, 3 Pirie Court, South Pirie Business Park, Dunfermline, Fife KY11 5PU

Unrecognised benefits of road transport

From Mr Mike Hollingsworth

Sir, The assertion that road users do not pay enough for the use of Britain's road network is undermined by a number of significant omissions ("Fading blueprint of a greener world", January 26).

Unfortunately, the chapter of Professor Pearce's book, *Measuring Sustainable Development*, which deals with transport makes two fundamental errors.

These invalidate his conclusions that road transport fails to pay for its full costs.

If road transport fails to pay for its full costs, then the revenue from road transport were £23bn last year, not the £14.7bn which he cites. It is true that many motoring taxes are in forms which do not help motorists' understanding of transport costs since they do not in many cases relate to usage.

A motoring tax system based on use rather than ownership and purchase of vehicles would improve economic and environmental efficiency.

The total tax take is already sufficient to meet the full costs but a reform of the tax structure should relate tax more closely to usage.

Second, Professor Pearce includes congestion costs as an external cost of the road transport system. This is not the case.

While it is true that congestion costs are highly waste-

ful and should be reduced, they are inflicted by motorists on one another not on non-road users.

Congestion costs are therefore internal costs which have already been paid for by road users in lost time and extra fuel used.

To require motorists to pay these charges again would amount to massive double counting.

If these factors are taken into account then, using Professor Pearce's figures, road taxes exceed road costs by £6bn. Motoring costs are not twice the amount "fetched by road taxes". There is, in fact, no objective basis for any increase in the overall taxation level from road use through the structure of existing taxes and other motoring costs could be improved significantly.

It is also the case that fewer people are killed and injured on Britain's roads than previously, though still not few enough.

Air pollution from vehicles is declining rapidly as new cars are fitted with catalytic converters and vehicles are becoming quieter.

The total social costs associated with road transport are in fact falling.

Mike Hollingsworth, chief economist,

The Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders, Forges House, Hatton Street, London SW1X 7DS

Increasing the cost of road use will have a direct impact on the cost of living of individuals and the profitability of British industry. Road pricing will have much wider social and economic impacts than is recognised by Professor Pearce and a balance sheet that ignores these represents an incomplete analysis.

Peter Everett, assistant director, British Road Federation, Pillar House, 194-202 Old Kent Road, London SE1 5TG

Waste management should also mean producing less rubbish

From Mr Lionel Stanbrook

Sir, Your report "Cash with

order" adverts reprieved" (January 20) correctly draws attention to the compromise text on distance selling proposed by the Council of Ministers. However, the UK's marketing industry should not assume that the reprieve is permanent. The Commission's draft decision on the table - with its respective provisions on mail order, telephone selling, small parts, advertising requirements and inclusion of the financial services and tourism sectors -

reflect some of the discussions governments. The Commission's text in the main may still be approved by European parliament, and still represents a position generally supported by many of the EU member states. Thankfully, the UK is not one of these. The UK Advertising Association and its members will continue to defend the UK's effective consumer guarantees in the face of inappropriate and unwieldy EC legislative proposals.

Lionel Stanbrook, director of special issues, The Advertising Association, Abford House, 15 Willow Road, London SW1

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11-13 May LINEAPELLE Italian fashion preselection	16-18 November LINEAPELLE Italian fashion preselection
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## FINANCIAL TIMES

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL  
Tel: 071-873 Telex: 922186 Fax: 071-407 5700  
Friday January 28 1994

## Openness on open markets

Monopolies thrive on closed markets. They are combatting them to open up the full range of public scrutiny. In the US, they call it "open regulation". But most competition authorities do not practice open market regulation. They prefer to conduct their investigations in closed markets.

Britain's Monopolies and Mergers Commission is perhaps not the main culprit. Its independence from government is shown by publishing detailed reports setting out the conclusions of inquiries certainly compare favourably with the European Commission.

The methods of the European Commission approach were amply demonstrated during this year when the full Commission failed to back a proposal by Mr Karel Van Miert, the competition commissioner, to block a three-way deal between the grounds that it was anti-competitive. Not for the first time, political considerations overruled economic interests.

The case for an independent European Commission now seems

But independence does not guarantee openness. For example, it has prevented the Commission from being a black box. Until an investigation is completed and its findings published, the Commission operates a system of strict purdah. This is a monopoly, put a stop to while other interested parties, which might be able to rebut its position, are kept in the dark.

Mr Graeme Odgers, the MMC

## Southern front

Europeans talk about security in the post-cold world, they often find they are not talking about the same thing. Many worry about the stability of its central European neighbours; Britain worries about the health of the Atlantic alliance; others worry about their Arab neighbours, especially Algeria. All these worries legitimate, and should be addressed by the EU's common foreign and security policy. The last, especially, should be taken more seriously in northern Europe than it has been so far.

Two years ago the Algerian army intervened to forestall the election victory of the Islamic Salvation Front (FIS). It proposed to smash the violent hard core of the opposition while introducing economic reforms. It had hope to join the economy and it has not even been tried. The bold and innovative plan launched between 1989 and 1990 has been reversed, making impossible any deal with the IMF. Algeria's share in the country's \$25bn foreign debt, which will rise to 100 per cent of its export revenue this year.

Politically, Islamic militants denied power through the ballot box have turned to violence. Repression, accompanied by human rights violations, has further radicalised the opposition, and even secular parties boycotted the "national conference" held by the regime this

## Public business

Inadequate financial controls, failure to comply with rules, poor management of projects and an absence of clear lines of accountability. These would be damaging mistakes if made about the conduct of business in the private sector. When made in the UK public service, they are devastating. Yet these mistakes and many others - were made yesterday by the Accounts Committee in a report on the use of organisations which consume public funds. The report shows 17 cases over the past years into which have been taken into stewardship of public money. These range from the provision of official cars in executives without requiring them to pay for private motoring to the use of a computer project at the Welsh regional health authority.

On the management changes in the public services introduced by the present government, most of the delivery of public services has been handed over to executive agencies and privatised. Whitehall control. Private companies have brought in large parts of the rest of the health service, central government and local authorities. Public sector managers have encouraged a break away from bureaucratic administration and moved their services more entrepreneurial. By moving away from top-down administration, such as open opportunities for weakening

chairman, yesterday acknowledged the importance of regulatory openness. That is also one of the conclusions in an unpublished review of the Commission by Department of Trade Industry consultants.

But, beyond releasing a new video, which explains the MMC's workings by taking viewers through a mock investigation, Mr Odgers had little to offer by way of remedy. In particular, he rejected the idea of holding open hearings or publishing the Commission's preliminary findings.

It is a pity. A video of a mock investigation is no substitute for public hearings. Nor is the publication of a final report a substitute for public access to the Commission's preliminary findings. Once the final report is published, it is too late for the views of interested parties to have

Odgers' argument for the Commission's behind-closed-doors approach is the grounds that much of the information involved in its investigations is commercially confidential. Confidentiality is certainly an issue. But it is not why it is protected by holding closed hearings in private instead of having a blanket *in camera* approach.

Nor is Mr Odgers' argument that public hearings would scare participants in a gallery compelling. It assumes the public has a view of what is in the video. The motto should be "open and sunshine".

Mr Graeme Odgers, the MMC

**M**rs Eva Maria Geer no longer believes in the politicians in Bonn. "Why all these promises about rapid prosperity in east Germany," she said, holding her youngest daughter. "From my experience, when people are becoming competitive, it means cutting jobs. That's all the more depressing for my chances of re-entering the labour market."

Many of her friends, Mrs Geer used to work in the local shipyards in the German city of Rostock. Before reunification in 1990, the yards employed more than 10,000 people. Today, fewer than 1,000 work in the docks. Mrs Geer became pregnant. Her husband fell ill. At the end of her maternity leave, she received a letter stating her job was no longer available.

She joined the 30-point economic plan unveiled by the government last week in rhetoric.

Increasing workplace flexibility and improving competitiveness, it is regarded by many of east Germany's unemployed as irrelevant. The plan will help for start-up companies in the form of low-interest loans, encouragement for the long-term unemployed to take low-paid work and the promotion of part-time employment in the public and private sectors.

But such proposals only induce scepticism among voters. As the campaign gets under way for a round of local and state elections in March, the plight of east Germany's 1.17m unemployed and the German tax system starting to dominate the political debate.

They are finding it an uphill struggle to convince themselves the labour market will improve, though they may be forecast to grow by about 6 per cent this year.

Apart from unemployment, there is an important problem: nearly 2m east Germans are working but are on short-time, re-training, or job-creation schemes. The combined cost to the government is

German unemployment benefits plus funding for the schemes, was more than DM21.2bn (£17.1bn) last year.

Unemployment in east Germany has been exacerbated by several factors. First, there is the unequal agreement by IG Metall, the engineering union, and German employers to equalise wages and benefits by 1996 despite eastern productivity running at about 50 per cent that in the west. Second, the rush towards privatisation has led to the closure of many enterprises in Germany.

Across Hamburg, in the north-east of the city, Verstand, the giant steel business which last year had a consolidated turnover of DM21.2bn and employs

10,000 workers, has been forced to close down its packaging department.

"They are qualified, or

they do not want to do this kind of work," explained Detlev Livotius, head of public relations.

Instead, Verstand employs more than 500 workers from the north-eastern state of Mecklenburg-

Judy Dempsey looks at popular pressure for politicians to find solutions to east German unemployment

## No work, little to believe in

### East German unemployment's uphill struggle



	1993	1992
Population: 16m	11.48m	11.7m
Labour force: 7.2m	10.55m	10.75m
Unemployed	240,714	300,000
Job creation schemes	185,000	250,000
Short-time work	125,000	125,000
Retraining	382,000	480,000
Early retirement	18,400	81,000
Retiring for early retirees	15,000	78,250
Refined	8,000	3,000
Social welfare for long-term unemployed from 1992	7,000	100m
Total number unemployed and in other categories	5,830	4,20m
Unemployment rate (%)	15.4	15.4
Excluding all above categories		
Total cost	567,000	51.8m
% of labour force in east Germany		

took, her home town. "The birth rate is plummeting in eastern Germany. Jobs in hospitals and private practices are at a premium. So last year I applied for a place near Coblenz. I got it. But I miss my friends. I hope to return to Rostock, if and when the money picks up," she said.

For the unemployed in Rostock, the outlook is better: they receive federal short-time pay (equal to unemployment benefits) but remain on company's books and can be called back in work. "To tell you honestly, I had enough money to live on when I was put on short-time work," said Berliner, 33-year-old languages graduate and mother of three, who works as a personal cleaner.

"From late April until April 1992, I DM1,400 a month, 90 per cent of my net salary. But there was hardly any work to do. We call it null, or zero work. I was redundant, so for a while I received 72 per cent of my salary. Later I received unemployment money, which is 72 per cent of my last salary. But I had to get a job and I was going crazy."

For the unemployed in Hamburg, the outlook is better: they receive federal short-time pay (equal to unemployment benefits) but remain on company's books and can be called back in work.

"The politicians keep telling us how much they are spending on the unemployed in the east," said Mrs Geer. "But don't they know that paying us to stay here compensates for our sudden loss of dignity and status. If any party can come up with a plan to give us jobs, I'll give it my vote."

Figures show unemployment has stopped rising in east Germany - maybe some commuters have moved back home," said Ms Nassauer, an official at the federal employment office. In 1993, the unemployment rate in Germany topped 17 per cent. Last year, it dipped to 15 per cent.

"But you have to look at the reality behind the official statistics," she added. "What is happening to people, many women, for example, have dropped off the unemployment register and only receive welfare. In addition, job-creation schemes are being run because there's no money. So these people, who are in fact jobless, do not show up in the unemployment figures. It's pretty dismal."

Neither Ms Nassauer, nor her colleagues in the employment office in Hamburg or Rostock, can decide if unemployment benefits are so high that they act as a disincentive for people to work. Although wages in the east are only about 80 per cent those of west Germany, they are calculated on the same scale and based on the monthly salary. For those on short-time work, the outlook is better: they receive federal short-time pay (equal to unemployment benefits) but remain on company's books and can be called back in work.

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Contributing ideas and making time and there can be big commercial gains given an effective charity strategy.

So what would the old campaigner think of Save the Children 25 years after her death and of her job left behind? "I expect she would have done even more useful work in resisting the communists than pour in asking for help". But she says it is as much



Princess Anne tells Michael Cassell why giving is important

## Courting corporations

is always an inclination to set up another fund. As it is, there is enough money available and untouchable in charitable trusts, never mind new ones appearing at the time."

The princess scoffs at this finding by a recent study suggesting that giving is among the highest in the country but that individual charities are stingy.

"The Spanish are as the biggest contributors but there's a lot of their lottery, a fairly dubious definition of charitable giving."

It isn't that the organisation which last year stretched its £100m aid budget across 50 countries and to 100 countries of the world, she says, tugging at people's pockets, though which which around the world are problems enough already.

There will always be of our community more at risk than others and we will help, help, help, gypsies and the families of pris-

oners." But any progress really been made, or the world from one to the next, learning nothing. There have been big, incremental improvements. The point of the matter is that, when workers have acquired the skills to help themselves is very hard work."

The quality of help, she insists, is now high. "Today, if you are not careful, standards in surrounding areas are higher than in surrounding areas.

That can cause big problems."

In recognising the uphill struggle of an organisation which last year stretched its £100m aid budget across 50 countries and to 100 countries of the world, she says, tugging at people's pockets, though which which around the world are problems enough already.

The princess sees an "unsung heroine" who, after the plights of children laid the foundations for the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child. She is a woman in a place in the hall fame alongside names like Florence Nightingale and Elizabeth Fry. The princess's four-year-old English bull terrier is even named Eglantine.

The Queen's daughter is being portrayed as ice cool, who has her for disadvantaged children but who is a child-hugging, motherly type. She responds with characteristic directness: "I don't believe holding children is going to make them happy in their long-term happiness. That didn't make a habit of it either."

It is not, however, embracing a few more big British companies to play their part in "championing children" around the world, she says. Eglantine Jebb, the forgotten founder of Save the Children: "The is an exaggeration but unimaginative and very busy."

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Friday January 28 1994

News Corporation links up with local group to win commercial licence

## Murdoch invests in Polish TV

By Christopher [redacted] in Warsaw and Raymond Snoddy in London

Mr Rupert Murdoch's News Corporation has made its first big breakthrough in commercial television in Eastern Europe as a member of a consortium that has won the licence for Poland's first commercial channel.

The licence for the new national channel was awarded yesterday to Polsat, a Polish owned satellite television company which has been broadcasting into Poland from Holland.

Murdoch, who has been trying to expand his television interests all over the world, is believed to have taken a 1 per cent stake in the new Polish

consortium - maximum allowed for foreigners under Polish regulations.

The 33 per cent Polish foreign investment suggests that the foreign input would be valued at around \$2m. The initial outlays on the channel are expected to be between \$100m, while the Polish market's total television advertising revenues are presently estimated at \$100m a year.

The decision to award the 10-year licence for a conventional national channel was taken unanimously yesterday by the Polish Radio and Television Council, the main media regulatory body. Polsat fought off competition from mixed Polish and foreign groups which included Bertels-

mann, Warner and CLT, the Luxembourg based broadcaster.

Mr Murdoch's previous moves into Eastern Europe have involved significant investment, in particular the ill-fated joint venture to publish Super, tabloid magazine at the former East Germany.

It is not clear what role

News Corp will play in the new Polish channel, although the company has considerable film and television rights through Twentieth Century Fox studios and Fox Television, the US net-

The Polish broadcasting council also indicated yesterday that an application for regional broadcast licences from Canal Plus, the

French pay television channel operator, would be favourably considered. Canal Plus had applied for the national licence.

Mr Piotr Nurowski, a senior Polsat executive, said yesterday that his company planned to invest its 250m zlotys (\$11.5m) capital in 1,000bn zlotys through private placements among domestic investors.

Polish state television, which

broadcasts on two national channels, also carries advertising. The exact terms of the licence have yet to be negotiated between the council and Polsat, and the broadcaster's plans to link with Mr Murdoch might yet be blocked. Polsat had earlier declared that it wanted to keep the channel in Polish hands.

## Reno's deputy quits after clash of 'management style'

By Martin in Washington

The Clinton administration's acute personnel problems compounded yesterday by the abrupt resignation of Philip Heymann, number two at US Justice.

Mr Heymann, appearing alongside Janet Reno, the attorney general, at a weekly conference, cited differences in "operating and management style" with his boss. He insisted there were philosophical or political disagreements but that the personal chemistry, in Mr Heymann's words, "was not right."

His departure is certain to reflect badly not only on the White House but also on Ms Reno, the former Miami state prosecutor and President Bill Clinton's third choice as attorney general after two earlier candi-

dates withdrawn because of irregularities.

The deputy attorney general, a veteran of the Justice Department in Democratic administrations over the last 18 years, a former member of the Watergate prosecution team and a Harvard professor, had been considered experienced and over-worked in a department headed by an attorney general with no previous federal record and with most of the senior positions unfilled.

Mr Heymann said he had told the House of his intention to resign on Wednesday night, but waited the week before.

The Justice Department also announced yesterday the resignation of Ms Luisa Rodriguez, brought by Ms Reno to Washington to work in her private office.

Ms Rodriguez is under investigation in Miami vote fraud

scandal that has come to light with her blunt acceptance of responsibility for the violent end last spring of the siege in Waco, Texas, of the Branch Davidian religious cult.

Though very popular outside Washington for her forthright views on social issues, she is under growing pressure in the capital for alleged administrative shortcomings and for failing to mobilise her department on a variety of issues, including the Waco report, investigations into the Whitewater affair, involving Mr and Mrs Clinton's Arkansas business dealings.

However, she has been hampered by White House indecision over appointments, with three of the department's six top divisions still without heads.

## Turkey tightens monetary policy

By John Murray-Brown

Turkey yesterday announced measures to bolster faltering confidence in the lira in the wake of an 1.97 per cent devaluation of the currency.

The changes announced by the central bank governor, Mr Bülent Gültak, represent a tightening in monetary policy. The lira is likely to create further upward pressure on interest rates. Banking authorities seek to soak up the lira liquidity to support the currency. Turkey's leading retail banks yesterday introduced new rates, with one-year deposits now earning around 88 per cent. Overnight rates have been pushed as high as 120 per cent in the wake of the currency crisis.

Under the reforms, the central bank redefines its reserve requirement to reflect a bank's total liabilities, not just the volume of time deposits as before. The measures, which appeared to have slowed the fall of the lira yesterday, were broadly welcomed by Turkish bankers. However, they penalise wholesale non-deposit banks, particularly foreign banks.

The moves aim to restore currency stability around the central bank's newly announced rate of 17.250 to the dollar. The changes add considerably to the costs of banks of raising funds, but they will help the government finance the budget deficit as banks turn to meet the new reserve requirement.

Clinton's year-old US opposition to lending by the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank, and businesses have since then been chafing at exclusion from many a promising economic opportunity.

Senator John Kerry, Massachusetts Democrat and decorated Vietnam veteran, said the vote was "not a lack of patriotism" but remains anathema to many organisations representing veterans and their families.

The moves are "in line with the rules of the market".

## Row erupts over Bosnia

Continued from Page 1

for [redacted]. "One could not let [redacted] sort of unfriendly [redacted] without comment," a French official said. "They [the State Department] fired first, and [redacted] had to respond," she said.

France would "not [redacted] for [redacted] from Washington", the official said, because "[the absolute necessity of a unified and coherent approach from the international community".

German Chancellor Helmut Kohl yesterday backed the US position, saying armed intervention would commit hundreds of thousands of soldiers without necessarily establishing peace.

French officials in Brussels last night meeting their British and German counterparts, and will today hold discussions with EU partners to try to find "either [redacted] proposals or a new method" for the stalled Geneva peace talks.

## Senate urges Clinton to lift Vietnam trade ban

By George Graham in Washington

The [redacted] took a big step towards closer relations with Vietnam along the lines of a "roadmap" sketched out by former president George Bush, which [redacted] US diplomatic and economic concessions to the restoration of a democratic government in neighbouring Cambodia and co-operation in accounting for 2,000 MIAs whose ultimate fate is not known for certain.

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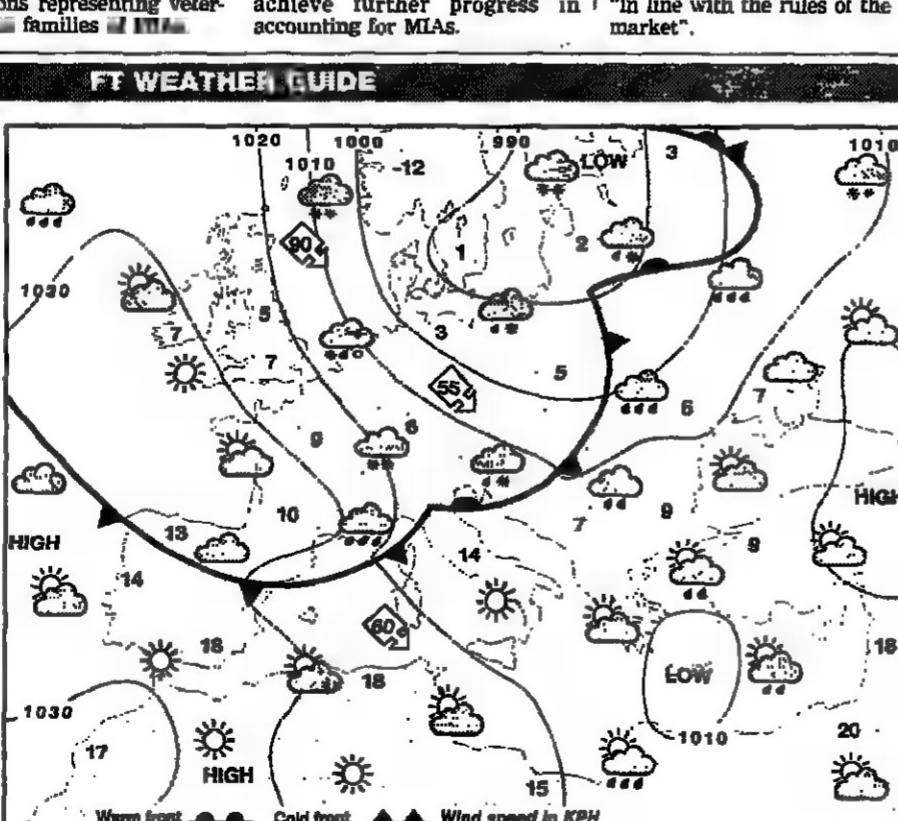
## Europe today

The divergence between north-west of Spain and south over Scandinavia will maintain a strong north-westerly flow. Cold air from the north will spread over Central and Eastern Europe. The [redacted] will have frequent wintry gales to strong gales north-westerly winds. Chilly and windy conditions will continue in Denmark, Germany, Poland and the Czech Republic. The British Isles will start with wintry thaws which will begin later in the afternoon. Western France will have sunny spells and there will be plenty of sun in southern Spain and Portugal. The Alps will have snow, especially in northern and western parts. South of the Alps, it will be dry and mainly sunny. Turkey will have rain.

**Five-day forecast**  
The north-westerly will [redacted] right onto the continent. As a result, changeable conditions will occur in south-eastern Europe with steady temperatures. The British Isles, southern Scandinavia and Ireland will be unsettled and windy. South-west Europe will stay settled with abundant sunshine owing to Azores high pressure system.

## TODAY'S TEMPERATURES

Maximum	Belgrade	cloudy	4	Frankfurt	shower	8	Malta	fair	15	Rio	fair
Baku	Cloudy	shower	7	Geneva	cloudy	10	Riyadh	sun	27	St Petersburg	sun
Barcelona	Sun	27	Berlin	shower	5	Gibraltar	sun	18	Rome	sun	14
Berlin	Fair	33	Bogota	cloudy	10	Glasgow	sun	26	Rome	sun	13
Brussels	Sun	18	Bombay	Fair	21	Hamburg	windy	30	Seoul	Fair	1
Budapest	Windy	5	Budapest	Hazy	33	Helsinki	Snow	27	Singapore	Shower	30
Buenos Aires	Rain	11	Budapest	Shower	6	Delhi	Fair	21	Milan	Sun	14
Copenhagen	Sun	31	Budapest	Cloudy	6	Dubai	Sun	26	Stockholm	Cloudy	-5
Dubai	Fair	6	Chagran	Rain	4	Dubai	Sun	26	Strasbourg	Shower	8
Dubrovnik	Fair	32	Cordoba	Cloudy	20	Dubrovnik	Snow	23	Sydney	Fair	25
Edinburgh	Fair	22	Edinburgh	Cloudy	11	Egypt	Sun	18	Taipei	Cloudy	18
Faro	Sun	16	Cape Town	Fair	23	Faro	Sun	27	Tokyo	Cloudy	8
Faroe Islands	Sun	1	Caracas	Sun	27	Finland	Sun	14	Toronto	Snow	0
Geneva	Sun	1	Caracas	Sun	1	Frankfurt	Sun	14	Vancouver	Sun	9
Gibraltar	Sun	1	Caracas	Sun	1	Greece	Sun	16	Venice	Shower	9
Helsinki	Sun	1	Caracas	Sun	1	Iceland	Sun	14	Vienna	Cloudy	5
Iceland	Sun	1	Caracas	Sun	1	Istanbul	Cloudy	13	Warsaw	Shower	6
London	Sun	1	Caracas	Sun	1	Las Palmas	Sun	20	New York	Ice	17
Lisbon	Sun	1	Caracas	Sun	1	Lima	Sun	16	Tunis	Snow	0
Ljubljana	Sun	1	Caracas	Sun	1	Lima	Sun	16	Vancouver	Sun	9
Lyon	Sun	1	Caracas	Sun	1	Lisbon	Sun	16	Venice	Shower	9
Madrid	Sun	1	Caracas	Sun	1	Ljubljana	Sun	16	Vienna	Cloudy	5
Malta	Sun	1	Caracas	Sun	1	Madrid	Sun	16	Washington	Snow	14
Paris	Sun	17	Reykjavik	Snow	1	Montevideo	Snow	5	Wellington	Sun	23
Prague	Sun	17	Reykjavik	Snow	1	Montevideo	Snow	5	Winnipeg	Fair	-15
Rome	Sun	17	Reykjavik	Snow	1	Montevideo	Snow	5	Zurich	Rain	6



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German Airlines

News Corporation links up with local group to win commercial licence

## Murdoch invests in Polish TV

By Christopher [redacted] in Warsaw and Raymond Snoddy in London

Mr Rupert Murdoch's News Corporation has made its first big breakthrough in commercial television in Eastern Europe as a member of a consortium that has won the licence for Poland's first commercial channel.

The licence for the new national channel was awarded yesterday to Polsat, a Polish owned satellite television company which has been broadcasting into Poland from Holland.

Murdoch, who has been trying to expand his television interests all over the world, is believed to have taken a 1 per cent stake in the new Polish

consortium - maximum allowed for foreigners under Polish regulations.

The 33 per cent Polish foreign investment suggests that the foreign input would be valued at around \$2m. The initial outlays on the channel are expected to be between \$100m, while the Polish market's total television advertising revenues are presently estimated at \$100m a year.

The decision to award the 10-year licence for a conventional national channel was taken unanimously yesterday by the Polish Radio and Television Council, the main media regulatory body. Polsat fought off competition from mixed Polish and foreign groups which included Bertels-

mann, Warner and CLT, the Luxembourg based broadcaster.

Mr Murdoch's previous moves into Eastern Europe have involved significant investment, in particular the ill-fated joint venture to publish Super, tabloid magazine at the former East Germany.

It is not clear what role

News Corp will play in the new Polish channel, although the company has considerable film and television rights through Twentieth Century Fox studios and Fox Television, the US net-

The Polish broadcasting council also indicated yesterday that an application for regional broadcast licences from Canal Plus, the

French pay television channel operator, would be favourably considered. Canal Plus had applied for the national licence.

Mr Piotr Nurowski, a senior Polsat executive, said yesterday that his company planned to invest its 250m zlotys (\$11.5m) capital in 1,000bn zlotys through private placements among domestic investors.

Polish state television, which

b

# FINANCIAL TIMES COMPANIES & MARKETS

Friday January 28 1994

**IN BRIEF****Banesto share trading to resume**

Trading in Banesto, the Spanish banking group in which the state intervened to impose a new management last month, will resume on Tuesday. The move might signal agreement on a rescue plan for the group. Page 18

**Procter & Gamble ahead 13%**  
Procter & Gamble, the US consumer products group which last summer embarked on a plan to close 30 plants and shed 13,000 jobs, said strong sales growth had led to a 13 per cent increase in net income. Page 19

**Dow Chemical hit by breast claims**  
Dow Chemical, the US chemicals group, reported net losses of \$1.2 billion for its fourth quarter because of heavy provisions for litigation against Dow Corning, the biggest US manufacturer of breast implants, in which it holds a 50 per cent stake. Page 19

**Cummins nearly doubles profit**  
Cummins, the US diesel-engine manufacturer, capitalised on the booming North American heavy-duty market by nearly doubling profit. Page 19

**Telefonica advances**  
Telefonica, Spain's government-controlled telephone company, lifted pre-tax profits 7 per cent. Page 20

**Liffe opts for FT-SE 250 futures**  
The London International Financial Futures & Options Exchange plans initially to launch only five contracts on the FT-SE Mid 250 index, postponing the introduction of options. Page 21

**Greece pauses for breath**  
After two months of frenzied activity, triggered by the flotation of six leading Greek construction companies, investors on the Athens Stock Exchange are pausing for breath. The general index dropped 0.4 per cent yesterday to close at 1,105, its fourth decline in five days. Brokers and market analysts attributed the fall to profit-taking by foreign investors who drove the market up by some 20 per cent this month. Back Page

**Allied Textile stays ahead of rivals**  
Allied Textile Companies, the UK textile manufacturer and processor, announced two acquisitions in North America and an 8 per cent advance in pre-tax profits. Page 22

**Sweetening the US union men**  
Mr Neil Shaw, Tate and Lyle executive chairman, the British-owned global sugar refiners' main anti-union, "Union busting is not part of our corporate style," he said as he came under a barrage of questioning from US union officials brandishing proxy votes. Page 22

**Unitech lifted by Japanese arm**  
A higher contribution from its Japanese subsidiary and currency movements helped Unitech, the international electronic components and controls group, lift interim pre-tax profits 62 per cent. Page 22

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## INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

## Trading in Banesto shares to resume next Tuesday

By Tom Burns in Madrid

Spain's Stock Exchange Commission said yesterday that trading in Banesto, the banking group in which the authorities intervened to impose a new management end of last month, would be resumed on Tuesday next week.

The decision could indicate that the Bank of Spain and the leading domestic banks were agreement on a plan for the troubled group.

The chairman of the top five banks due to meet the governor of the Bank of Spain and Banesto's acting president today - the second such meeting in the space of four days - and details of Banesto's salary are likely to be officially disclosed on Monday.

The commission said it was its decision after being informed by Banesto that its

financing needs

(\$4.27bn) and that, part of the plan to recapitalise the group, the par value of Banesto's shares would be reduced from a present Pta650 to "less than" Pta500.

The plan for Banesto being discussed calls for a capital increase of not more than Pta200bn to be underwritten by the leading domestic banks and held on their behalf by the Deposit Guarantee Fund, the official agency charged with salvaging bankrupt banks.

Banesto is thought to have told a commission that the domestic financial sector, comprising both private banks and the Bank of Spain, would also provide Pta285bn to acquire Banesto's non-performing loans and that Banesto would set aside all its provisions.

But there is disagreement over the final figure of the cap-

ital injection, and over the burden that will be placed on Banesto's existing shareholders through a reduction in the nominal price of their shares.

Banks are understood to be pressing Banesto to cut its share capital drastically, lowering the par value of shares to Pta50 or less.

Banesto's shareholders include leading institutions, grouped together in the Corsair Fund, a portfolio created by J.P. Morgan,

which in a Banesto rights issue in May last year invested \$175m to acquire 10 per cent of the bank's stock, priced at Pta1,800 per Banesto share.

Banesto shares were priced at Pta1,995 when their trading was suspended in December.

On Tuesday Banesto's shares will be allowed to fall freely during their first trading day.

The Commission said.

## MG Corp damage limited by metals group

By David Walker in Frankfurt

**M**etallgesellschaft, the troubled German metals and engineering group, said yesterday that it was having more success than it had anticipated in limiting the damage entered into by MG Corp, the company's New York-based commodity trading subsidiary.

Metallgesellschaft said it

had stabilised the levels indicated earlier this month.

MG Corp's risky position in the oil futures markets account for the bulk of DM3.3bn (\$1.8bn) of past potential losses which drove metals, mining and industrial conglomerate to the brink of bankruptcy. MG Corp had a market value in the year to September 30, 1993, of DM3.8bn, down 7 per cent from its peak in 1992.

Without the steel division, the group would have recorded an operating profit of DM774m, Mr Kriwet said. Thyssen will omit a dividend for the second consecutive year.

Mr Kriwet explained that prospects for 1994 would continue to be marred by the situation in the steel division.

However, he foresees a "slightly better" situation for machinery, with production rising by 2 per cent this year.

Steel losses forced Thyssen into Thyssen Stahl, the steel division, down 7 per cent

and in Thyssen Industrie by 10 per cent.

Heinz Kriwet, chief executive, did not expect significant improvements in 1994, mainly because of the continued slump in the car industry. "The German economy obviously has difficulties finding a way out of the recession" he said.

KLW, the steel division,

which had a profit of DM1.2bn in 1993, will omit a dividend for the second consecutive year.

Mr Kriwet explained that prospects for 1994 would continue to be marred by the situation in the steel division.

When the oil price fell MG Corp was obliged to meet margin calls - large cash payouts - with the New York Mercantile Exchange in respect of its short-term contracts. It is understood that MG Corp did not require its own margin calls, thereby exacerbating its cash flow crisis.

The certificates give the pension fund the right to share in KLM's profit but they do not carry voting rights and can be traded.

KLM is planning to make a rights issue later this year. The government has already pledged its support.

of merger talks with Swissair, Scandinavian Airlines System and Austrian Airlines.

The price per certificate is roughly equivalent to the level at which KLM's ordinary shares were trading when the deal with employees struck in July. KLM's shares have since risen to around F146.00, despite the collapse

## BMW sees further improvement

By Christopher Parkes in Frankfurt

**B**MW, the luxury car, motorcycle and aero-engine maker, yesterday forecast improved performance this year after making a clear profit in 1993.

The group, which has already said it will match 1993's earnings of DM725m, blamed exchange rate losses and a 9.2 per cent drop in new registrations for the 7.5 per cent fall in turnover

over to DM28.9bn (\$16.5bn).

Rising in a letter to shareholders that it was the only German vehicle maker to get through last year without short-time working and to make a profit into the bargain, it said it did not expect a lasting improvement in the world market this year.

Car production fell 11 per cent last year to 333,000 units, compared with a 10 per cent slump in the German industry's total output. West European BMW registrations fell 15

per cent mainly to 17 per cent in Germany.

Even so, sales sold more than 200,000 vehicles in its home market and won market share, especially in its top price models, the letter said. There was compensation in the US, where the best-selling European brand for the first with a 19 per cent rise in sales to 100,000 units.

While Japanese registrations fell 10 per cent to 25,000, deliveries in other south-east Asian markets rose 30 per cent to 10,000 units.

Forecasts for the current year were based on the prospect of only slightly improved global economic conditions.

The US market was expected to continue and a slight upturn was predicted for Europe and Japan.

German sales would be dampened by falling real incomes, and exports would feel the effect of the continuing high value of the D-Mark.

**C**onsortium buys German news agency

By David Walker in Frankfurt

**VWD-Vereinigte Wirtschaftsdienste**, a leading German news agency, has been bought by a consortium of German and US publishers.

The buyers are Dow Jones, the US information group which owns the Wall Street Journal, and two German companies which publish the Handelsblatt, a daily business newspaper, and the Frankfurter Allgemeine, Germany's most influential daily newspaper.

The buyers are taking a third each of the company which last year generated revenues of DM40.5m (\$23.3m), 18 per cent of which came from electronic distribution services. The shares were previously owned by the Deutsche Presse-Agentur, another news agency, and two other companies.

The new shareholders said they would strengthen and develop VWD's position in Germany's leading agency for news and business.

As part of the transaction VWD has signed an agreement with Dow Jones covering the supply and exchange of financial news. This would seem VWD's sourcing of news over the long term, the agency said.

No details of the price were given but the issued share capital is to be increased and the new shareholders will inject new capital into VWD with the result that its capital ratio will "significantly" exceed 40 per cent.

## Doubts over Thyssen recovery

By Ariane Genillard in Frankfurt

**T**hyssen, the German steel engineering group, has reported weak domestic orders in the first quarter of its fiscal year, raising doubts about a recovery for the group this year.

Total orders in the three months to December 31 fell 5 per cent, with European Union orders down 10 per cent.

Orders for Thyssen Industrie, the capital goods division, dropped by 10 per cent, mainly reflecting poor market conditions in the car industry. The sharpest drop was in machin-

ery, which fell by 10 per cent. The group did not disclose first-quarter results, but said turnover had improved 1.2 per cent in the period the previous year, mostly due to foreign subsidiaries. Turnover in Thyssen Stahl, the steel division, was down 7 per cent and in Thyssen Industrie by 10 per cent.

Heinz Kriwet, chief executive, did not expect significant improvements in 1994, mainly because of the continued slump in the car industry. "The German economy obviously has difficulties finding a way out of the recession" he said.

Mr Kriwet explained that prospects for 1994 would continue to be marred by the situation in the steel division.

## KLM in staff pension fund deal

By Edmund van der Kolk in Amsterdam

**K**LM Royal Dutch Airlines has issued F115.6m (\$80m) worth of non-tradeable participation certificates in one of its staff pension funds, as part of a wider cost-saving deal agreed with its staff last year.

The KLM Flight Personnel Pension Fund yesterday agreed

to buy 4,750 profit participation certificates for a price of F132.78 each, helping to bolster the airline's balance sheet.

The price per certificate is roughly equivalent to the level at which KLM's ordinary shares were trading when the deal with employees struck in July. KLM's shares have since risen to around F146.00, despite the collapse

of merger talks with Swissair, Scandinavian Airlines System and Austrian Airlines.

The certificates give the pension fund the right to share in KLM's profit but they do not carry voting rights and can be traded.

KLM is planning to make a rights issue later this year. The government has already

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## INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

## Telefonica pre-tax profits rise 7%

Tom Burns in Madrid

off fiscal concessions in the run up to Barcelona's Olympic games.

The group's results, which will incorporate its profitable Telefonica Internacional division and due in March, are expected to show a consolidated net profit rise of 8 per cent according to analysts' forecasts.

However, extraordinary provisioning for write-downs brought profits down to Pta107.5bn, a 1 per cent increase on its 1992 net result.

Telefonica, which is the

liquid stock in the Madrid

exchange and nearly 30 per

cent owned by foreign institu-

tions, earned considerable one-

by raised service charges. In spite of lower demand, Telefonica strengthened its balance sheet by reducing its borrowing requirements by more than Pta800m during 1993 to bring its debt down by 3.3 per cent at the year-end, by adding Pta200m to capital and reserves, chiefly through the conversion of a 1988 Pta200m Eurobond issue.

This increased by only 1 per cent, three points lower than last year; due to expenditure control. Capital now increased by 1 per cent. The

balance sheet will

Telefonica faces the deregulation of TV in the US, ahead by developing business and forging alliances. Telefonica signed an agreement with Cellcom (which incorporates the Swedish, Swiss and Dutch national telephone companies) last month and it is examining projects in cable TV and multi-media.

Spain has been granted an extension to the deregulation of telecommunications in the US. Five new transnational licences were awarded by the government last year, and two mobile telephony licences, one of which will be for Telefonica, are due to be granted later this year.

## San Miguel lifted by net capital gains

By Jose Galang in Manila

San Miguel, the Philippines' largest industrial enterprise, has reported unaudited consolidated net profits for 1993 of 3.9bn pesos (\$139m), an increase of 8 per cent over the previous year.

The amount included net capital gains from its 10 per cent holdings in Magnolia Corp, its food subsidiary, Nestle of Switzerland.

Excluding the non-recurring items consolidated net income fell by 1 per cent to 3.4bn pesos, the company said.

Sales volumes improved by 2 per cent. Much of the rise in the second half reflected first-half declines caused by soft markets owing to typhoons that hit the country.

Local sales of beer, San Miguel's main revenue centre, were at a plateau, although the company's international beer operations expanded into China and Indonesia. San Miguel said it earmarked 10bn pesos this year for expansion and modernisation.

## Chugai posts 16% advance to Y17bn

By Paul Abrahams in Tokyo

Chugai, one of Japan's growing drug groups, yesterday said its pre-tax profits rose 16 per cent to Y17bn (\$157.4m) for the year to December 31.

The improvement, in spite of slack growth in the Japanese market, achieved sales up 5 per cent to Y15bn. The group expects to report full details in February.

The profits growth was achieved through improved product mix, and in particular through increased sales of high-margin prescription products, said Chugai.

The company predicted it would increase its dividend by 10 per cent for 1994.

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in the Japanese drugs industry. The introduction last year of rules limiting promotional activities in doctors had reduced marketing costs, according to the broker. It predicted the leading drug groups would increase operating profits by 9.7 per cent over the next four years.

The drug group said its products had done particularly well last year. Epogen, a treatment for anaemia licensed from the US Institute of the National Institutes of Health, Neutrogena, a drug to increase levels of white blood cells in cancer patients receiving chemotherapy.

Japan's pharmaceutical analyst at Jardine Capel in Tokyo, estimated Epogen generated sales last year of Y28.4bn, while sales of Prostogin were about Y17.7bn.

The group said its over-the-counter non-prescription products had fallen.

According to analysts, sales of Gronosan, the drink for fatigue, were likely to have fallen, while those of Alleva, a vitamin product, had probably risen flat.

## Mitsui signs multi-media deal with NET

By Paul Abrahams

Mitsui, Japan's second-largest trading house, yesterday cemented another element in its multi-media ambitions when it signed an agreement with Network Equipment Technologies, the telecommunications equipment manufacturer.

Last year, Mitsui's Adamant subsidiary began building its multi-media expertise aimed at providing services from installation to management. The deal allows Mitsui to act as NET's sole agent in Japan for three years. The company will invest several million dollars in research and development to adapt the US technology for Japan.

NET is strong in local area network technology. The company is developing an expertise in asynchronous transfer mode, which allows for the rapid transmission of the text, audio and visual necessary for multimedia communications.

Mitsui projected sales for the 1994 financial year of Y1bn, and Y1bn within three years.

## Thai Farmers Bank strengthens to Bt8bn

By Victor Wong in Bangkok

Thai Farmers Bank (TFB), Thailand's second largest bank and the first to report last year's full results, yesterday announced a 10 per cent rise in net profits to Bt4.9bn (\$131.8m) in 1993 from Bt3.5bn in 1992.

TFB's earnings surpassed the estimates of stock market analysts, and figures suggest that the country's unofficial cartel of 15 local banks has weathered

campaign by the central bank to reduce wide spreads between banks' lending and deposit rates.

Since the start of last year, Thai banks have lost billions of dollars of lending business in the Eurobond market, where Thai companies borrow at much lower rates than at home.

Thai banks, however, have profited from a very low level of market caused by high liquidity, especially in the fourth quarter of last year, and higher lending to local firms as Thai

economy grows at about 8 per cent a year.

Total assets rose 21 per cent to \$361.96bn last year from \$300.5bn in 1992, and the company predicted outstanding loans would rise a further 10 per cent this year. Total assets rose 21 per cent last year to \$361.96bn from \$300.5bn in 1992.

Pre-tax profit was up 53 per cent to \$10.2m in 1993, compared with \$6.7m in the previous year. Net earnings per share rose 10 per cent to \$0.10 from \$0.09.

The Thai authorities want to expose Thai banks to more foreign competition by increasing the opportunities in Thailand for foreign banks with branches or representative offices. But the process will be gradual enough to allow domestic banks to improve their efficiency.

"We are not overly worried quite frankly by foreign competition," said Mr Prasert Boonmaworn, president of Bank of Asia, recently. "I'd like to see a foreign bank competing profitably in Ubon Ratchathani."

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

January 1994

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Notice is hereby given that for the Interest Period 27th January, 1994

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U.S. \$10,000 Note and U.S. \$187.99 per U.S. \$100,000 Note

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## COMPANY NEWS: UK

Interim profits ahead of forecasts and sales improving

## MFI shows advance to £44.1m

By Neil Buckley

MFI Furniture produced a double surprise yesterday with interim profits above City forecasts and the news that sales since Boxing Day were up 14 per cent on last year.

For the 13 weeks to November 6, pre-tax profits £44.1m - including a gain from the sale of MFI's stake in Carpetright - pared with a £12m.

Excluding the Carpetright gain, and exceptional flotation costs of £1.5m, pre-tax profits almost doubled from £24.5m.

The shares gained 5p at 178p.

Mr Derek Hunt, chairman, said trading in the January sale had been encouraging - although last year flattered comparison - he remained cautious.

"Two years ago had a similar increase which disappeared by the year end," he said.

Gross margins fell from 30 per cent to 55.6 per cent, though wage fell by 5%.



Trevor Humphrey

Group turnover was up 11 per cent, from £1.1bn to £1.2bn. Like-for-like sales, which exclude store openings and closures, rose 7.2 per cent, with virtually no inflation.

Two new stores before the year-end - which will trade under the Homeworks and customer

reaction to new products and ideas - will link the chain to 178.

Total sales in MFI's French division rose up 30 per cent, with like-for-like sales up 11 per cent. Three openings should take the French chain to 51 stores by the year-end, with total estimated at 180. Borrowings fell from

£39.7m, and gearing from 11 per cent to 28 per cent.

Earnings were 5p a share, including the Carpetright gain, and 2.8p excluding it, from 2.3p a year. The interim dividend is increased from 1.5p to 1.8p.

### COMMENT

The good news from MFI provides grounds for optimism. The January sales increase led to forecasts of 8 per cent improvement for the second half as a whole. The group should benefit from signs of a pick-up in the housing market, the shift in the sales mix towards kitchens and bedrooms, which MFI manufactures itself, should help the gross margin. Most contrasting figures from Next, Burton and Marks & Spencer have highlighted the patchy nature of the recovery, and MFI admits it has seen false dawns before. A rejuvenated Magnet could pose a threat. Full-year forecasts, raised from about £60m to about £70m yesterday, put the shares at a demanding multiple of 22, although that is about 18 times forecasts of next year.

Operating profits increased from £8.54m to £9.75m, boosted by substantial profit gains in both the power supplies and control products operations - partly due to losses in the connectors division.

The power supplies division, which launched a series of modular supplies last year, almost doubled its profits to £7.7m (£3.5m) with Nemic-Lambda, the per cent-owned Japanese subsidiary, contributing £1.5m.

The expanded control products division also doubled its profit contribution to

£1.3m (£1.7m).

In contrast, the connectors division "had a difficult half-year" and incurred a £1m loss compared with a £900,000 profit.

### COMMENT

Despite the setback in connectors, Unitech is starting to benefit from increasing returns on recent investments in new products, acquisitions and geographic expansion. With its business split roughly equally between Europe, North America and Asia Unitech would be an early beneficiary of any general world economic upturn. Pre-tax profits this year should reach 9.1p in earnings, but premium rating - the shares are currently trading at a prospective p/e of 34.5 - reflects its valuable holding in a listed Japanese company.

## Sir Denys Henderson to join Rank board

By Peter Pearson

Continuing its policy of expansion, Allied Textile Companies, the textile manufacturer and processor, yesterday announced two acquisitions in North America for a combined consideration of \$100m in shares.

The group also revealed a rise in pre-tax profits to £13.7m for the year to September 30. Shares rose 17p to 568p.

Mr Peter Honeysett, chairman, ascribed the group's ability to consistently lift its textile profits to "anticipating and constantly rationalising".

Mr John Corrin, chief executive, added that ATC had bought, sold or shut down in the past 12 months, in response to market product demand.

Mr Corrin said the group's textiles profits to £13.7m had been greater than in previous years because of capital expenditure since 1991.

The companies acquired were to be placed at 100p on a 1-for-

## Allied Textile makes £29m N American move

Clyne & Tinker, a Canadian maker of worsted cloth, and Marston Woollen Mills, a US maker of wool and wool blend fabrics.

ATC raised operating profits from £31.4m to £33.3m in 1992 and from £32.4m (£11.4m), ATC is paying £33.3m in shares on a p/e of 10 for C&T, though this includes £10m to cover debt.

Carleton made £11.4m on turnover of £45.2m (£44.8m) in 1992. ATC is paying about £15.2m (£10.1m) via the issue of 15.2m new shares on a p/e of 7.7, plus £1.5m of up to 411,000 shares the vendor, which are valued at £1.5m. Carleton has £1.5m of debt.

The two companies' combined debt, along with ATC's £10m acquisition of C&T Applications (Textiles) for about £2m, has all wiped out the group's net asset pile, which at the latest stands at £1.5m.

The companies acquired are to be placed at 100p on a 1-for-

Group turnover for the year slipped to £138.1m; earnings grew to 33.2p (30.8p) per share; and the final dividend is lifted to 8.3p for a total of 12.9p (12.6p).

It is almost impossible to find a critic of the transatlantic acquisitions. Having stalked ATC for three years and put continental European expansion on hold pending the formation, ATC has clearly done its homework. It waited for the completion of the effects of Nafta and then Gatt - the 35 per cent tariff barrier is to be reduced by 1 point a year - it has paid a good price and is well geared and there should be no problems getting the paper away... Furthermore, the group's canny reputation has been enhanced by its growing presence in North America for the current year range from £18.3m to £21.5m pre-tax for earnings of up to 15.5p on a p/e of 15, a discount of 10%.

## Japanese increase helps Unitech

By Paul Taylor

A sharply higher contribution from Japanese subsidiary and positive currency movements helped Unitech. International electronic components and controls group, interim pre-tax profits by 62 per cent.

Pre-tax profits jumped to £11.6m in six months to November 6, up from £4.55m on 12.5m ahead by 23 per cent to £14.5m (£11.7m).

Exchange rate movements helped pre-tax profits by 51.2m and 28.1m turnover.

Earnings per share increased by 11 per cent to 4p (3.4p) and interim dividend is up from 2.4p to 2.4p.

The shares closed 5p at 314p.

Commenting on the results, Mr Peter Curry, chairman, said: "Notwithstanding generally low trading conditions in many markets, we are experiencing an improving sales trend in most regions."

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## Partco set to float in March

By Andrew Bolger

Partco, the biggest independent distributor of automotive parts and equipment in the UK, is to be floated in March with an estimated market value of £25m.

The company is raising £25m in a placing and intermediaries' bid in the initial flotation recently announced in a rapidly consolidating sector. Finalist, a smaller competitor, will be floated next month with a capitalisation of about £25m.

Partco distributes commercial vehicle components, automotive paint refinishing materials, and equipment for vehicle workshops. It expects to report a doubling of pre-tax profits in about four months for the year to December 31 on the back of

It delivers and sells products in business and retail sectors from a 210-branch network which stretches from Cornwall to north-east Scotland.

Of those, 98 branches sell paints and bodyshop refinishing products, as well as other parts. The central distribution warehouse in Northamptonshire.

Mr Alan Gifford, managing director, is ample room for expansion, by acquisition and opening greenfield operations.

The group has only one branch in a city as big as Manchester and has around 20 where it is not represented, yet has catchment populations of 100,000. The group is being advised by Hambros Magan, with Alan Gifford now acting as the to the

## BSkyB considers financial restructuring

By Raymond Snoddy

BskyB Sky Broadcasting, the television venture, is considering the possibility of a financial restructuring to repay some of the money invested by shareholders.

BskyB has been investigating with merchant banks the possibility of organising a debt swap.

The deal, however, is an early stage and no decisions have yet been taken.

The aim of the financial review would be to

one of the main shareholders - Mr Rupert Murdoch's News Corporation, Granada, Pearson, of the Financial Times and Charlevoix, the French transport and communication group - put into the venture.

BskyB has moved into profit and last month its first payment to its shareholders with another similar payment expected before the end of the financial year. The company still, however, incurring large pre-losses.

## Warner Estate at £7.3m

By Simon Davies

Warner Holdings, the property investment company, yesterday announced pre-tax profits of £1.1m for the year to September 1993, up from £4.12m in 1992.

Turnover fell to £11m (£12.2m) as a result of a decline in property trading activity. A

final dividend of 7.35p (10.5p) total.

Earnings amounted to 11p and the value was £21.2m at the year end, or 28p (24.7p) a share.

The company subsequently sold from the Cefnford Centre, and invested £17.4m in a diversified commercial property portfolio.

The overall package included a sum of £207,000 linked to the company's earnings per share record. This compared with a bonus of only 10p last time.

The chairman and joint directors earned £1.1m as much as the highest paid directors. Three directors, presumably including Mr June Moller, group managing director, and Mr Alan Walsman, chief executive of Carlton Television, earned between £300,000 and £315,000 in

In the annual report, published yesterday, Mr Green wrote of significant growth for the company, with turnover increasing to £1.09bn and pre-tax profits to £1.1m. He emphasised that together Central and Central make up the largest part of the ITV network with 30 per cent of advertising revenue broadcasting to 36 per cent of the UK population.

Chairman in his interim report.

"All those involved have indicated their willingness to negotiate regarding a financial repayment," he adds.

The interim report shows that at September 30 Anglesley had £25.719 million amounts within one year totalled £67.018. The current assets were £149.774 and shareholders' equity

at £149.774 and shareholders' equity

## Misys advances 19% to £8m

By Paul Taylor

A continued stream of software sales and recurring revenues helped Misys, the computer systems group, lift interim pre-tax profits from £6.76m to £8.01m.

The 19% improvement was achieved on turnover which grew to £42.1m (£41.1m) helped by a modest contribution from acquisitions. In turn, this growth in turnover digested the seasonal change in the mix of sales with the growth of software sales and recurring revenue more than offsetting the fall in lower-margin hardware sales.

Earnings per share increased by 15 pence to 14.3p (11.5p) and the interim dividend is lifted 15 pence to 3p (2.6p).

Although software sales broadly in line with market expectations, the year closed up 5.5% at £37.9m.

At the operating level the improved mix of revenues contributed with the bulk of the reorganisation put in place.

At the end of the last financial year resulted in a 23 per cent increase in profits before charges.

This success was underpinned by the expanded financial services division which now accounts for 50 per cent of operating profits. The nationwide businesses acquired in 1992 performed particularly well assisted by the consolidation of business within the independent broking sector.

Mr Kevin Lomax, chairman, said that Misys' service division continued to make a significant share in the life insurance sector. Overall, the division lifted its profits to £4.79m (£4.03m) in turnover (£11.2m) despite higher research and development expenditure.

Within the systems division Mr Lomax said computer services operations continued to make a valuable, but slightly reduced, contribution to group profits.

### COMMENT

The chairman's comments show the lack of clear signs of



Kevin Lomax (left) with his deputy, Strome Macpherson: results underpinned by the expanded financial services division

a sustained upturn in capital spending, contributing to the price slippage yesterday. But even allowing for the market's outflow, Misys looks like an undervalued high quality technology stock with a solid balance sheet, good management and an up-to-date product portfolio. Pre-tax profits should result in a positive p/e ratio producing earnings of 32.3p. On that basis the shares are trading on a relatively modest prospective p/e of 18.6.

## Buoyant Christmas sales at Farepak

By Simon Davies

Farepak, the mail order supplier of Christmas hamper, yesterday reported a 10 per cent increase in sales over last year.

The figures accompanied news of an interim pre-tax profit of £1.33m (£1.39m) in the first half to October 31.

Turnover was marginally up to £28.11m, primarily due to a faster delivery schedule for mail order giftware, which will be booked in the new half.

Farepak is a highly seasonal business, with profits coming through during the Christmas period. Mr John Johnson, chairman, said: "We are confident that the full year will show strong growth".

The company purchased the Hamper business and access to its substantial mail order business, the second largest in the UK, for £1.5m in April last year. Benefits are expected to come through in the year to April 1995 as it increases marketing and secures synergies with its existing mail order hamper.

The company expanded its manufacturing base with a new plant in Swindon and has received orders for its wholesale food processing business.

The interim dividend goes up 12 per cent to 1.85p (1.65p).

### Widney approval

Widney has High Court approval for the use of its share premium account by £1.94m. This reduces the debit p&l balance to be written off.

## Chiroscience to join market with £102m tag

By Tim Burt

**Chiroscience Group**, the latest biotechnology firm to come to market, yesterday reported a 10 per cent increase in sales over last year.

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### COMMENT

It may be a bold company to lay claim to a market valuation of £102m just two years after it emerged from a slim management buy-out. Yet that is what Chiroscience has done. In March 1992 it paid £1m cash for the chiral business of Enzymatic. Analysts, who had expected a market capitalisation of about £10m, described the valuation as "surprising". They warn that if the company's innovative research techniques begin to generate profits in five years' time, it will be a long wait for investors seeking capital growth.

Nevertheless, Chiroscience is one of the few companies developing single isomer drugs which, if they fulfil their promise, could revolutionise parts of the pharmaceutical industry.

But it could take several years for the drugs to realise their full potential. At 150p, the shares are expected to open at a premium.

## Wm Baird sees improving trend

By John Murrell

Directors of Wm Baird, the jewellers, said yesterday that although some improvement in consumer confidence had been experienced in the end of the third quarter, trading during the final three months - including the important Christmas period - had remained difficult.

That was particularly evident in branded ladies' wear where margin reductions were deemed necessary to survive. Trading at the Christmas period was particularly poor during December, resulting in losses "exacerbated" by the cost of a strike. Management changes had been made to strengthen the business.

For these reasons the group expected second half profits at Baird Brothers, the main subsidiary, to be similar to the £14.1m returned for the same period of the previous year. That would include a contribution from Richard Racke, the clothing company acquired in August which is now William Baird becoming the third largest supplier to Marks and Spencer.

For the opening half year to June 30 pre-tax profits fell from £10m to £7.62m (£8.35m). Analysts were looking for full year profits of about £22.5m; that would be lower than the figure but "well ahead" after taking account of exceptional adjustments for FRS 3.

## Prism 35% ahead at £0.65m

Prism Leisure, the USM-listed computer games and music group, lifted interim pre-tax profits by 35 per cent and forecast a "significant" rise in the full-year result. The shares rose 5p to 183p.

Profit for the 27 weeks to October 31 amounted to £649,000 compared with £779,000 last time and £510,000 the previous full year. Turnover was 26 per cent higher at £7.7m.

Earnings per share showed a 28 per cent rise from 3.8p to 4.8p; the interim dividend is 4.8p, up 28 per cent from 3.5p in 1992.

Prism Leisure said a principal area of growth was increased turnover in the wholesale distribution and merchandising of computer games, while the audio and video side showed a slight decline.

They reported that sales were good in the Christmas quarter, particularly for computer games. Paul Lamond Games, the board game division, showed encouraging initial trading and was expected to make a positive contribution to full-year results.

## Profit warning from Policy Portfolio

Shares in Policy Portfolio, the investment trust, fell 10p to 175.50p yesterday after the company warned that interim profits were likely to be lower than the first half's.

Interim profits for the year ended March 31 were totalled

The company joined the FTSE 100 index in July, with a placing of 3.6m shares at 175.50p each, which valued it at £650m.

They said yesterday that they expected current year profits to be "modest" given the "slight" 30 per cent rise in the previous 12 months, while gross profit margins would be higher than originally anticipated.

Maximum consideration is £2.78m of which £1.63m was settled in cash on completion. Deferred consideration of £350,000 is payable in the first and second quarters of completion - each comprising £175,000 and £125,000 in guaranteed minimums.

A further deferred profits-related consideration is payable - to a maximum of £670,000 - satisfied by a guaranteed variable sum and 10% of Brooms Grove shares.

For the nine months to December 31 Dublok showed a pre-tax profit of £764,000 up from £1.85m, and its assets have been written down to a pre-acquisition distribution to the vendors of £474,000.

During the bonus season there had been a greater than anticipated increase in value of the company's present policies held for sale.

## NatWest Markets

### A Major Force in Finance and Capital Markets

### in 1993

No 1 in sterling asset-backed transactions (*Euromoney Bondware*)

Leading player in UK debt and equity M&A market:

- No 2 lead equity investor in deals over £10 million in 1993
- No 1 UK bank in total debt arranged

} May 1981 - Sept 1993

(Source: KPMG Corporate Survey)

One of the world's top project finance and leasing & asset finance houses:

- Arranger of the year for Jones Cable Group of Leeds (Holdings) plc - £152.5 million financing - (*IFR Project Finance International Yearbook 1994*)
- A global coordinator for Rayong Refinery Company (Thailand) - US\$1.5 billion project financing

5 billion ECU revolving credit facility for Kingdom of Spain voted Syndicated Loan Deal of the Year (*Euromoney*) and European Syndicated Loan of the Year (*IFR*)

No 1 for currency swaps, sterling (*Euromoney*)

Best track record in swaps and other derivatives, sterling (*IFR Borrowers Survey*)

US\$2 billion ECP programme arranged for Hanson PLC

£1 billion sterling and ECP programme arranged for Guinness PLC



NATWEST MARKETS

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## COMMODITIES AND AGRICULTURE

# Codelco's \$100m futures fiasco

By David Paling in Santiago

A simple mistake may have triggered a desperate spiral of futures trading on the London Metal Exchange which, when fully unwound, is likely to result in losses of around \$100m for Codelco, Chile's state copper company.

The explanation beginning to emerge yesterday was that Mr Juan Pablo Dávila, Codelco's futures market operator, incorrectly input transactions into a computer last September, confusing short buys and vice versa.

According to Mr Dávila's account, he then traded against himself, posting compounding losses.

Mr Dávila is said to have realised his mistake only a month later by which time

had mounted to millions of dollars.

Mr Alejandro Noemi, Codelco president, said instead of informing his superiors, he required any loss of over \$1m, Mr Dávila "saw himself in the middle of a cyclone and made bigger and bigger operations in the situation." This resulted in a multiplication of the original errors.

It is not clear how Mr Dávila, who faces prosecution, was able to keep matters so long, avoiding safety controls that should have had regular reporting.

This month, Mr Dávila is believed to have attempted to salvage the situation when during his holiday he concluded further deals by tele-

phone. When he was recalled, Mr Dávila broke down and told Friday the whole story to immediate boss Mr Iván Guerri, head of Codelco.

Mr Patrick Cussen, managing director of Brandeis Chile, which represents the LME trader in Santiago, said: "It was plausible. I think it's true, but credible," he said.

It is not clear how Mr Dávila employee, Mr Dávila would mainly have been dealing in futures transactions, with commitment to physical delivery of copper. He discounted speculation that Codelco would have to sell a lot of stock.

"As far as I understand, that's true. These were paper deals and there

will be no physical delivery," Mr Cussen said.

Codelco began the futures market in the early 1980s for hedging purposes. As long ago as 1988 the company made 100 futures transactions which resulted in losses of \$20m, according to Mr Alejandro Hales, mining minister.

Mr Cussen said he did not believe Codelco's international reputation would be damaged. "Codelco has always been regarded as a professional operator and its traders are well thought of internationally. I think its prestige will remain," he said.

Nevertheless, the scandal could have profound effects on the future of the state company, which is already under severe pressure to maximise profits.

# Somincor forecasts first fall from profit

By Peter White in Lisbon

Somincor of Portugal, which mines Europe's biggest copper deposit, expects to register a loss of about Es130m (\$11m) in 1993, its first since beginning operations in 1989 with a profit of Es10bn.

It said, however, that copper and tin prices remained at present levels, a stringent cost-reduction programme should put it back into a net Es1.5bn profit in 1994. This compares with a profit of Es1.8bn in 1992.

The company, 51 per cent owned by the state with the rest in the hands of the Corporation, the world's biggest mining company, said that 1993 production of 1.7m tonnes of copper and tin and sales of 610,000 tonnes of concentrate

(an intermediate material) slightly higher than in 1992. But sales had fallen 11 per cent from 1992 level of 1.8m.

Its mine in southern Portugal, one of the most advanced in the world, reached its target of extracting an annual average of 1.7m tonnes of copper and tin copper per year.

Final results for 1993 have not yet been published but a spokesman said the expected loss was mainly caused by a 17 per cent fall in copper prices and an 11 per cent drop in tin prices last year from 1992.

Depreciation of the Portuguese escudo against the dollar in the second half of 1993 also contributed to the loss.

# US floods hit cereals

By David Llewellyn, Resources Editor

The recent US floods have forced another cut in the forecast for the 1993 world cereal harvest.

The International Wheat Council yesterday shaved another 1.5m tonnes off its estimate of coarse grain production, reducing it to 781m tonnes despite higher expected outturns in countries other than the US.

The forecast for maize is unchanged at 551m, though the figure comprises several revisions. The most important is an increase of 1.6m tonnes to 17.8m tonnes for Australia, offset by reductions in Argentina, Canada and the US.

The IWC's total cereals forecast for 1993 now stands at 1,333m tonnes, down from 1,345m tonnes.

# VAT rules threaten trade

By Deborah Hargreaves

European commodity trading is being threatened by uncertainty over new rules added tax, according to the Partnership, a legal group representing traders.

The European Commission is being urged by UK Customs and commodity exchanges and traders to simplify complex VAT rules to clarify their application in oil, metals, grains and such.

Ms Ann Humphrey, VAT director, said: "It is essential that the confusion and uncertainty in markets caused by the new rules is quickly sorted out."

which results in minimum disruption in trade."

The confusion has arisen over rules introduced at the beginning of last year. Under single market regulations, sale of goods between traders in different member countries involve payment of VAT as long as the goods move between European Union country and another.

Commodity transactions, however, can involve the resale of the same commodity many times, from EU countries, without physical delivery. This is theoretically complicated by multiple VAT levies.

## MARKET REPORT

## Aluminium peaks

ALUMINIUM's price touched a \$16/m peak on the LME as speculators gambled that the plan for global producer cuts would succeed. Late profit-taking pegged the rise in three-month aluminium closed at \$12,245.25 a tonne, up \$10.50. Aluminium prices have gained 10 per cent this month and 11 per cent above 1993's eight-year low. Traders suggested the COPPER market would be troubled by Codelco's trading losses and prices tested \$1,200 a tonne again before three-month metal closed at \$1,883.50, up \$11. Tin drifted lower amid reports that Venezuela's financially troubled Banco Latino might have 10 tonnes to dump.

Compiled by Peter White

**Aluminium peaks**

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Tin drifted lower amid reports that Venezuela's financially troubled Banco Latino might have 10 tonnes to dump.

# Brazil coffee boss resigns from national post

Mr Gilson Ximenes, head of Brazil's National Coffee Department (DNC), handed his resignation yesterday to the Minister of Industry and Commerce Mr Elcio Alvares, Economic reports said.

A DNC spokesman said:

Ximenes stepped down for "personal reasons" after nine months in the job. A replacement has not yet been named.

Ximenes' resignation has been linked to that of his former boss, Mr José Eduardo Vieira, who resigned as industry and commerce minister last year to pursue political interests.

Reuter also reported from San Jose that Ximenes yesterday suspended exports of inferior quality coffee, following the example of Colombia and other coffee producers last week. Guillermo Canet, executive director of the Costa Rican Coffee Institute (ICAFE), said the aim is to support coffee prices in international markets. The decision, taken by the ICAFE governing board, affected coffee varieties whose prices have fallen below 48kg sack.

## GRAINS AND OIL SEEDS

## WHEAT LCE (£ per tonne)

Sett Day's price change High Low Int Vol  
Mar -7.2 -7.2 42 101.15 -0.25 101.00 217 155  
Apr -7.2 -7.2 42 101.15 -0.25 101.00 217 155  
May -7.2 -7.2 42 101.15 -0.25 101.00 217 155  
Jun -7.2 -7.2 42 101.15 -0.25 101.00 217 155  
Total 3,458 33 3,458 95.50 3,458 95.50 3,458 95.50

## WHEAT CBT (\$/5,000bu min cents/bbl bushel)

Sett Day's price change High Low Int Vol

Mar -388.6 -7.5 388.6 388.6 388.6 388.6 388.6 388.6  
Apr -381.1 -7.0 381.1 381.1 381.1 381.1 381.1 381.1  
May -382.5 -7.0 382.5 382.5 382.5 382.5 382.5 382.5  
Jun -384.0 -7.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0  
Total 3,458 33 3,458 95.50 3,458 95.50 3,458 95.50

## MAIZE CBT (\$/5,000bu min cents/bbl bushel)

Sett Day's price change High Low Int Vol

Mar -388.6 -4.4 388.6 388.6 388.6 388.6 388.6 388.6  
Apr -381.1 -4.0 381.1 381.1 381.1 381.1 381.1 381.1  
May -382.5 -4.0 382.5 382.5 382.5 382.5 382.5 382.5  
Jun -384.0 -4.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0  
Total 3,458 33 3,458 95.50 3,458 95.50 3,458 95.50

## SOYABEANS CBT (\$/5,000bu min cents/bbl bushel)

Sett Day's price change High Low Int Vol

Mar -388.6 -4.0 388.6 388.6 388.6 388.6 388.6 388.6  
Apr -381.1 -4.0 381.1 381.1 381.1 381.1 381.1 381.1  
May -382.5 -4.0 382.5 382.5 382.5 382.5 382.5 382.5  
Jun -384.0 -4.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0  
Total 3,458 33 3,458 95.50 3,458 95.50 3,458 95.50

## BARLEY LCE (£ per tonne)

Sett Day's price change High Low Int Vol

Mar -124.0 -1.1 124.0 124.0 124.0 124.0 124.0 124.0  
Apr -124.0 -1.1 124.0 124.0 124.0 124.0 124.0 124.0  
May -124.0 -1.1 124.0 124.0 124.0 124.0 124.0 124.0  
Jun -124.0 -1.1 124.0 124.0 124.0 124.0 124.0 124.0  
Total 3,458 33 3,458 95.50 3,458 95.50 3,458 95.50

## SOYABEANS CBT (\$/5,000bu min cents/bbl bushel)

Sett Day's price change High Low Int Vol

Mar -388.6 -3.6 388.6 388.6 388.6 388.6 388.6 388.6  
Apr -381.1 -4.0 381.1 381.1 381.1 381.1 381.1 381.1  
May -382.5 -4.0 382.5 382.5 382.5 382.5 382.5 382.5  
Jun -384.0 -4.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0 384.0  
Total 3,458 33 3,458 95.50 3,458 95.50 3,458 95.50

## COFFEE CBT (\$/100lb min cents/lb)

Sett Day's price change High Low Int Vol

Mar -123.7 -0.4 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7  
Apr -123.7 -0.4 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7  
May -123.7 -0.4 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7  
Jun -123.7 -0.4 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7  
Total 3,458 33 3,458 95.50 3,458 95.50 3,458 95.50

## COFFEE CSCE (\$100/bag min cents/bag)

Sett Day's price change High Low Int Vol

Mar -123.7 -0.4 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7  
Apr -123.7 -0.4 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7  
May -123.7 -0.4 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7  
Jun -123.7 -0.4 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7  
Total 3,458 33 3,458 95.50 3,458 95.50 3,458 95.50

## COFFEE ICO (SDR/min cents/kg)

Sett Day's price change High Low Int Vol

Mar -123.7 -0.4 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7  
Apr -123.7 -0.4 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7  
May -123.7 -0.4 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7  
Jun -123.7 -0.4 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7  
Total 3,458 33 3,458 95.50 3,458 95.50 3,458 95.50

## PORK BELLY CME (\$40,000/bbl cents/bbl)

Sett Day's price change High Low Int Vol

Feb -123.7 -0.25 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7  
Mar -123.7 -0.25 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7  
Apr -123.7 -0.25 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7  
May -123.7 -0.25 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7  
Jun -123.7 -0.25 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7  
Total 3,458 33 3,458 95.50 3,458 95.50 3,458 95.50

## LIVE CATTLE CME (\$40,000/bbl cents/bbl)

Sett Day's price change High Low Int Vol

Feb -123.7 -0.25 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7  
Mar -123.7 -0.25 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7  
Apr -123.7 -0.25 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7  
May -123.7 -0.25 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7  
Jun -123.7 -0.25 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7 123.7  
Total 3,







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1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th 6th 7th 8th 9th 10th 11th 12th 13th 14th 15th 16th 17th 18th 19th 20th 21st 22nd 23rd 24th 25th 26th 27th 28th 29th 30th 31st 32nd 33rd 34th 35th 36th 37th 38th 39th 40th 41st 42nd 43rd 44th 45th 46th 47th 48th 49th 50th 51st 52nd 53rd 54th 55th 56th 57th 58th 59th 60th 61st 62nd 63rd 64th 65th 66th 67th 68th 69th 70th 71st 72nd 73rd 74th 75th 76th 77th 78th 79th 80th 81st 82nd 83rd 84th 85th 86th 87th 88th 89th 90th 91st 92nd 93rd 94th 95th 96th 97th 98th 99th 100th 101st 102nd 103rd 104th 105th 106th 107th 108th 109th 110th 111th 112th 113th 114th 115th 116th 117th 118th 119th 120th 121st 122nd 123rd 124th 125th 126th 127th 128th 129th 130th 131st 132nd 133rd 134th 135th 136th 137th 138th 139th 140th 141st 142nd 143rd 144th 145th 146th 147th 148th 149th 150th 151st 152nd 153rd 154th 155th 156th 157th 158th 159th 160th 161st 162nd 163rd 164th 165th 166th 167th 168th 169th 170th 171st 172nd 173rd 174th 175th 176th 177th 178th 179th 180th 181st 182nd 183rd 184th 185th 186th 187th 188th 189th 190th 191st 192nd 193rd 194th 195th 196th 197th 198th 199th 200th 201st 202nd 203rd 204th 205th 206th 207th 208th 209th 210th 211st 212nd 213rd 214th 215th 216th 217th 218th 219th 220th 221st 222nd 223rd 224th 225th 226th 227th 228th 229th 230th 231st 232nd 233rd 234th 235th 236th 237th 238th 239th 240th 241st 242nd 243rd 244th 245th 246th 247th 248th 249th 250th 251st 252nd 253rd 254th 255th 256th 257th 258th 259th 260th 261st 262nd 263rd 264th 265th 266th 267th 268th 269th 270th 271st 272nd 273rd 274th 275th 276th 277th 278th 279th 280th 281st 282nd 283rd 284th 285th 286th 287th 288th 289th 290th 291st 292nd 293rd 294th 295th 296th 297th 298th 299th 299th 300th 301st 302nd 303rd 304th 305th 306th 307th 308th 309th 310th 311st 312nd 313rd 314th 315th 316th 317th 318th 319th 320th 321st 322nd 323rd 324th 325th 326th 327th 328th 329th 330th 331st 332nd 333rd 334th 335th 336th 337th 338th 339th 339th 340th 341st 342nd 343rd 344th 345th 346th 347th 348th 349th 350th 351st 352nd 353rd 354th 355th 356th 357th 358th 359th 359th 360th 361st 362nd 363rd 364th 365th 366th 367th 368th 369th 369th 370th 371st 372nd 373rd 374th 375th 376th 377th 378th 379th 379th 380th 381st 382nd 383rd 384th 385th 386th 387th 388th 389th 389th 390th 391st 392nd 393rd 394th 395th 396th 397th 398th 399th 399th 400th 401st 402nd 403rd 404th 405th 406th 407th 408th 409th 409th 410th 411st 412nd 413rd 414th 415th 416th 417th 418th 419th 419th 420th 421st 422nd 423rd 424th 425th 426th 427th 428th 429th 429th 430th 431st 432nd 433rd 434th 435th 436th 437th 438th 439th 439th 440th 441st 442nd 443rd 444th 445th 446th 447th 448th 449th 449th 450th 451st 452nd 453rd 454th 455th 456th 457th 458th 459th 459th 460th 461st 462nd 463rd 464th 465th 466th 467th 468th 469th 469th 470th 471st 472nd 473rd 474th 475th 476th 477th 478th 479th 479th 480th 481st 482nd 483rd 484th 485th 486th 487th 488th 489th 489th 490th 491st 492nd 493rd 494th 495th 496th 497th 498th 499th 499th 500th 501st 502nd 503rd 504th 505th 506th 507th 508th 509th 509th 510th 511st 512nd 513rd 514th 515th 516th 517th 518th 519th 519th 520th 521st 522nd 523rd 524th 525th 526th 527th 528th 529th 529th 530th 531st 532nd 533rd 534th 535th 536th 537th 538th 539th 539th 540th 541st 542nd 543rd 544th 545th 546th 547th 548th 549th 549th 550th 551st 552nd 553rd 554th 555th 556th 557th 558th 559th 559th 560th 561st 562nd 563rd 564th 565th 566th 567th 568th 569th 569th 570th 571st 572nd 573rd 574th 575th 576th 577th 578th 579th 579th 580th 581st 582nd 583rd 584th 585th 586th 587th 588th 589th 589th 590th 591st 592nd 593rd 594th 595th 596th 597th 598th 599th 599th 600th 601st 602nd 603rd 604th 605th 606th 607th 608th 609th 609th 610th 611st 612nd 613rd 614th 615th 616th 617th 618th 619th 619th 620th 621st 622nd 623rd 624th 625th 626th 627th 628th 629th 629th 630th 631st 632nd 633rd 634th 635th 636th 637th 638th 639th 639th 640th 641st 642nd 643rd 644th 645th 646th 647th 648th 649th 649th 650th 651st 652nd 653rd 654th 655th 656th 657th 658th 659th 659th 660th 661st 662nd 663rd 664th 665th 666th 667th 668th 669th 669th 670th 671st 672nd 673rd 674th 675th 676th 677th 678th 679th 679th 680th 681st 682nd 683rd 684th 685th 686th 687th 688th 689th 689th 690th 691st 692nd 693rd 694th 695th 696th 697th 698th 699th 699th 700th 699th 700th 701st 702nd 703rd 704th 705th 706th 707th 708th 709th 709th 710th 711st 712nd 713rd 714th 715th 716th 717th 718th 719th 719th 720th 721st 722nd 723rd 724th 725th 726th 727th 728th 729th 729th 730th 731st 732nd 733rd 734th 735th 736th 737th 738th 739th 739th 740th 741st 742nd 743rd 744th 745th 746th 747th 748th 749th 749th 750th 751st 752nd 753rd 754th 755th 756th 757th 758th 759th 759th 760th 761st 762nd 763rd 764th 765th 766th 767th 768th 769th 769th 770th 771st 772nd 773rd 774th 775th 776th 777th 778th 779th 779th 780th 781st 782nd 783rd 784th 785th 786th 787th 788th 789th 789th 790th 791st 792nd 793rd 794th 795th 796th 797th 798th 799th 799th 800th 799th 800th 801st 802nd 803rd 804th 805th 806th 807th 808th 809th 809th 810th 811st 812nd 813rd 814th 815th 816th 817th 818th 819th 819th 820th 821st 822nd 823rd 824th 825th 826th 827th 828th 829th 829th 830th 831st 832nd 833rd 834th 835th 836th 837th 838th 839th 839th 840th 841st 842nd 843rd 844th 845th 846th 847th 848th 849th 849th 850th 851st 852nd 853rd 854th 855th 856th 857th 858th 859th 859th 860th 861st 862nd 863rd 864th 865th 866th 867th 868th 869th 869th 870th 871st 872nd 873rd 874th 875th 876th 877th 878th 879th 879th 880th 881st 882nd 883rd 884th 885th 886th 887th 888th 889th 889th 890th 891st 892nd 893rd 894th 895th 896th 897th 898th 899th 899th 900th 899th 900th 901st 902nd 903rd 904th 905th 906th 907th 908th 909th 909th 910th 911st 912nd 913rd 914th 915th 916th 917th 918th 919th 919th 920th 921st 922nd 923rd 924th 925th 926th 927th 928th 929th 929th 930th 931st 932nd 933rd 934th 935th 936th 937th 938th 939th 939th 940th 941st 942nd 943rd 944th 945th 946th 947th 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1211st 1212nd 1213rd 1214th 1215th 1216th 1217th 1218th 1219th 1219th 1220th 1221st 1222nd 1223rd 1224th 1225th 1226th 1227th 1228th 1229th 1229th 1230th 1231st 1232nd 1233rd 1234th 1235th 1236th 1237th 1238th 1239th 1239th 1240th 1241st 1242nd 1243rd 1244th 1245th 1246th 1247th 1248th 1249th 1249th 1250th 1251st 1252nd 1253rd 1254th 1255th 1256th 1257th 1258th 1259th 1259th 1260th 1261st 1262nd 1263rd 1264th 1265th 1266th 1267th 1268th 1269th 1269th 1270th 1271st 1272nd 1273rd 1274th 1275th 1276th 1277th 1278th 1279th 1279th 1280th 1281st 1282nd 1283rd 1284th 1285th 1286th 1287th 1288th 1289th 1289th 1290th 1291st 1292nd 1293rd 1294th 1295th 1296th 1297th 1298th 1299th 1299th 1300th 1299th 1300th 1301st 1302nd 1303rd 1304th 1305th 1306th 1307th 1308th 1309th 1309th 1310th 1311st 1312nd 1313rd 1314th 1315th 1316th 1317th 1318th 1319th 1319th 1320th 1321st 1322nd 1323rd 1324th 1325th 1326th 1327th 1328th 1329th 1329th 1330th 1331st 1332nd 1333rd 1334th 1335th 1336th 1337th 1338th 1339th 1339th 1340th 1341st 1342nd 1343rd 1344th 1345th 1346th 1347th 1348th 1349th 1349th 1350th

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## INSURANCES

	1st Jan	2nd Jan	3rd Jan	4th Jan	5th Jan	6th Jan	7th Jan	8th Jan	9th Jan	10th Jan	11th Jan	12th Jan	13th Jan	14th Jan	15th Jan	16th Jan	17th Jan	18th Jan	19th Jan	20th Jan	21st Jan	22nd Jan	23rd Jan	24th Jan	25th Jan	26th Jan	27th Jan	28th Jan	29th Jan	30th Jan	31st Jan	
TSE Unit Trusts	1220005	1220006	1220007	1220008	1220009	1220010	1220011	1220012	1220013	1220014	1220015	1220016	1220017	1220018	1220019	1220020	1220021	1220022	1220023	1220024	1220025	1220026	1220027	1220028	1220029	1220030	1220031	1220032	1220033	1220034	1220035	
Coverdale Pl. Assurance	1220036	1220037	1220038	1220039	1220040	1220041	1220042	1220043	1220044	1220045	1220046	1220047	1220048	1220049	1220050	1220051	1220052	1220053	1220054	1220055	1220056	1220057	1220058	1220059	1220060	1220061	1220062	1220063	1220064	1220065	1220066	
US Life	1220067	1220068	1220069	1220070	1220071	1220072	1220073	1220074	1220075	1220076	1220077	1220078	1220079	1220080	1220081	1220082	1220083	1220084	1220085	1220086	1220087	1220088	1220089	1220090	1220091	1220092	1220093	1220094	1220095	1220096	1220097	
US Life	1220098	1220099	1220100	1220101	1220102	1220103	1220104	1220105	1220106	1220107	1220108	1220109	1220110	1220111	1220112	1220113	1220114	1220115	1220116	1220117	1220118	1220119	1220120	1220121	1220122	1220123	1220124	1220125	1220126	1220127	1220128	
US Life	1220129	1220130	1220131	1220132	1220133	1220134	1220135	1220136	1220137	1220138	1220139	1220140	1220141	1220142	1220143	1220144	1220145	1220146	1220147	1220148	1220149	1220150	1220151	1220152	1220153	1220154	1220155	1220156	1220157	1220158	1220159	
US Life	1220160	1220161	1220162	1220163	1220164	1220165	1220166	1220167	1220168	1220169	1220170	1220171	1220172	1220173	1220174	1220175	1220176	1220177	1220178	1220179	1220180	1220181	1220182	1220183	1220184	1220185	1220186	1220187	1220188	1220189	1220190	
US Life	1220191	1220192	1220193	1220194	1220195	1220196	1220197	1220198	1220199	1220200	1220201	1220202	1220203	1220204	1220205	1220206	1220207	1220208	1220209	1220210	1220211	1220212	1220213	1220214	1220215	1220216	1220217	1220218	1220219	1220220	1220221	
US Life	1220222	1220223	1220224	1220225	1220226	1220227	1220228	1220229	1220230	1220231	1220232	1220233	1220234	1220235	1220236	1220237	1220238	1220239	1220240	1220241	1220242	1220243	1220244	1220245	1220246	1220247	1220248	1220249	1220250	1220251	1220252	
US Life	1220253	1220254	1220255	1220256	1220257	1220258	1220259	1220260	1220261	1220262	1220263	1220264	1220265	1220266	1220267	1220268	1220269	1220270	1220271	1220272	1220273	1220274	1220275	1220276	1220277	1220278	1220279	1220280	1220281	1220282	1220283	
US Life	1220284	1220285	1220286	1220287	1220288	1220289	1220290	1220291	1220292	1220293	1220294	1220295	1220296	1220297	1220298	1220299	1220300	1220301	1220302	1220303	1220304	1220305	1220306	1220307	1220308	1220309	1220310	1220311	1220312	1220313	1220314	
US Life	1220315	1220316	1220317	1220318	1220319	1220320	1220321	1220322	1220323	1220324	1220325	1220326	1220327	1220328	1220329	1220330	1220331	1220332	1220333	1220334	1220335	1220336	1220337	1220338	1220339	1220340	1220341	1220342	1220343	1220344	1220345	
US Life	1220346	1220347	1220348	1220349	1220350	1220351	1220352	1220353	1220354	1220355	1220356	1220357	1220358	1220359	1220360	1220361	1220362	1220363	1220364	1220365	1220366	1220367	1220368	1220369	1220370	1220371	1220372	1220373	1220374	1220375	1220376	
US Life	1220377	1220378	1220379	1220380	1220381	1220382	1220383	1220384	1220385	1220386	1220387	1220388	1220389	1220390	1220391	1220392	1220393	1220394	1220395	1220396	1220397	1220398	1220399	1220400	1220401	1220402	1220403	1220404	1220405	1220406	1220407	1220408
US Life	1220409	1220410	1220411	1220412	1220413	1220414	1220415	1220416	1220417	1220418	1220419	1220420	1220421	1220422	1220423	1220424	1220425	1220426	1220427	1220428	1220429	1220430	1220431	1220432	1220433	1220434	1220435	1220436	1220437	1220438	1220439	
US Life	1220440	1220441	1220442	1220443	1220444	1220445	1220446	1220447	1220448	1220449	1220450	1220451	1220452	1220453	1220454	1220455	1220456	1220457	1220458	1220459	1220460	1220461	1220462	1220463	1220464	1220465	1220466	1220467	1220468	1220469	1220470	1220471
US Life	1220472	1220473	1220474	1220475	1220476	1220477	1220478	1220479	1220480	1220481	1220482	1220483	1220484	1220485	1220486	1220487	1220488	1220489	1220490	1220491	1220492	1220493	1220494	1220495	1220496	1220497	1220498	1220499	1220500	1220501	1220502	1220503
US Life	1220504	1220505	1220506	1220507	1220508	1220509	1220510	1220511	1220512	1220513	1220514	1220515	1220516	1220517	1220518	1220519	1220520	1220521	1220522	1220523	1220524	1220525	1220526	1220527	1220528	1220529	1220530	1220531	1220532	1220533	1220534	
US Life	1220535	1220536	1220537	1220538	1220539	1220540	1220541	1220542	1220543	1220544	1220545	1220546	1220547	1220548	1220549	1220550	1220551	1220552	1220553													

## FT MANAGED FUNDS SERVICE

● FT Cityline Unit Trust Prices are available over the telephone. Call the FT Cityline Help Desk on (071) 873 4378 for more details.

	ISIN	Unit	Price	Yield	Date	ISIN	Unit	Price	Yield	Date	ISIN	Unit	Price	Yield	Date
Royal Life Assurance Ltd															
Royal Life Pensions	GBR0000000000	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Small Unit Trust	GBR0000000001	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Small Unit Trust	GBR0000000002	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000003	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000004	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000005	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000006	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000007	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000008	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000009	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000010	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000011	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000012	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000013	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000014	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000015	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000016	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000017	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000018	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000019	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000020	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000021	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000022	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000023	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000024	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000025	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000026	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000027	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000028	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000029	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000030	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000031	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000032	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000033	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000034	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000035	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000036	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000037	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000038	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000039	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000040	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000041	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000042	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000043	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000044	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000045	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000046	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000047	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000048	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000049	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000050	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000051	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000052	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000053	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000054	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000055	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000056	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000057	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000058	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000059	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000060	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000061	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000062	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000063	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000064	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										
Royal Life Fund	GBR0000000065	Units	100.00	-0.00	08/01/94										

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• FT Cityline Unit Trust Pr... over the telephone. Call the FT Cityline Help ... on (071) 873 4378 for more ...

**MARRIED FUNDS NOTES**  
Prices are in cents unless otherwise indicated—  
designated 3 with no prefix refer to U.S. dollars. Yield  
show for 30 paying interests. Prices of certain older notes  
since issued have been subject to capital gains tax on an annual  
Distribution basis of U.S. \$100. A Periodic premium interest  
is paid quarterly except where otherwise indicated.  
For Collection Investment in Trustee Funds, add  
fixed price plus an estimated income premium.  
A Premium 3% & 6% Gilt Guernsey gross  
+ Tax before Jersey tax. + Ex-expenses  
In exchange books, + Held constant  
+ Held constant  
- Held constant  
(\*) Funds had 1918 incorporated. The regulatory authorities  
place funds are Guernsey Financial Services Commission  
Islands, Company Law of Ireland, Rule of Major Powers  
Supervision Committee, Jersey, Financial Services Commission

## MONEY MARKET FUNDS

## MARKETS REPORT

## Yen gains against dollar

The yen gained ground yesterday against the dollar as political and economic uncertainty in Japan remained a focus of currency market attention, writes Philip Gourvish.

Although the Japanese currency is slightly firmer, the market remains unable to take a clear view on what is ahead. Two parallel sets of events - US-Japan trade talks, and the troubles of the government - continue to pull the market in opposite directions.

Meanwhile, the Bank of France's newly formed monetary council yesterday kept the market in the dark by declining to reveal whether or not it had made a decision on the lowering of interest rates.

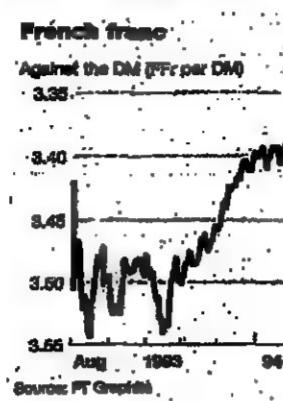
The yen closed in London at Y102.415, up the dollar up from Wednesday's close of Y102.420, bolstered by bullish comments from Mr Lloyd Bentzen, US treasury secretary. Mr Bentzen complained about the low level of import penetration by Japan and said more action was required to help the economic penetration by foreign products in Japan is too low. Likewise with foreign investment levels." Mr Bentzen said in remarks for delivery to the US Chamber of Commerce.

There is, however, a view in the market that if a fiscal package looks like being delayed, the Bank of Japan may be forced to step in and offer an economic stimulus by lowering interest rates. This gained support yesterday from a report quoting a Bank of Japan official saying exchange should reflect fundamentals rather than politics.

IDEA, a financial markets commentator, said the statement meant that the "BOJ is ready to step in if yen gains accelerate". There are reports that the yen enjoys support at Y108.05 from buy orders placed by Japanese life offices.

Mr Hosokawa, meanwhile, said he would not hang on to his political reform package was thwarted. Analysts said this increased the prospect of an early election. The four-bill reform package must pass by tomorrow, when the parliamentary session ends, or it will lapse.

One angle to the Japanese



Source: PT Graphix

Jan 27

High 1.4890

Low 1.4815

Est. vol. 1,400

Open int. 1,4863

Change +0.0075

Day's high 1.4895

Low 1.4863

Est. vol. 1,4863

Open int. 1.4863

Change +0.0075

Day's high 1.4895

Low 1.4863

Est. vol. 1,4863

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Day's high 1.4895

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Est. vol. 1,4863

Open int. 1.4863

Change +0.0075

Day's high 1.4895

Low 1.4863

Est. vol. 1,4863

Open int. 1.4863</



## **NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE COMPOSITE PRICES**

*4 pm class January 27*

Symbol	Name	Industry	Country	Price	Change	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev Close	Vol.	Cap.
NH	Nestle	Food	Switzerland	104.75	+0.25	104.50	105.00	104.00	104.75	104.50	104	\$10.3B
HE	Hewlett-Packard	Computer	USA	103.00	-0.50	103.50	103.50	102.00	103.00	103.00	103	\$10.2B
AT&T	AT&T	Telecommunications	USA	102.00	-0.50	102.50	102.50	101.00	102.00	102.00	102	\$10.1B
IBM	IBM	Computer	USA	101.00	-0.50	101.50	101.50	100.00	101.00	101.00	101	\$10.0B
GE	General Electric	Machinery	USA	100.00	-0.50	100.50	100.50	99.00	100.00	100.00	100	\$9.9B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	99.00	-0.50	99.50	99.50	98.00	99.00	99.00	99	\$9.8B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	98.00	-0.50	98.50	98.50	97.00	98.00	98.00	98	\$9.7B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	97.00	-0.50	97.50	97.50	96.00	97.00	97.00	97	\$9.6B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	96.00	-0.50	96.50	96.50	95.00	96.00	96.00	96	\$9.5B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	95.00	-0.50	95.50	95.50	94.00	95.00	95.00	95	\$9.4B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	94.00	-0.50	94.50	94.50	93.00	94.00	94.00	94	\$9.3B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	93.00	-0.50	93.50	93.50	92.00	93.00	93.00	93	\$9.2B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	92.00	-0.50	92.50	92.50	91.00	92.00	92.00	92	\$9.1B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	91.00	-0.50	91.50	91.50	90.00	91.00	91.00	91	\$9.0B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	90.00	-0.50	90.50	90.50	89.00	90.00	90.00	90	\$8.9B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	89.00	-0.50	89.50	89.50	88.00	89.00	89.00	89	\$8.8B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	88.00	-0.50	88.50	88.50	87.00	88.00	88.00	88	\$8.7B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	87.00	-0.50	87.50	87.50	86.00	87.00	87.00	87	\$8.6B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	86.00	-0.50	86.50	86.50	85.00	86.00	86.00	86	\$8.5B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	85.00	-0.50	85.50	85.50	84.00	85.00	85.00	85	\$8.4B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	84.00	-0.50	84.50	84.50	83.00	84.00	84.00	84	\$8.3B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	83.00	-0.50	83.50	83.50	82.00	83.00	83.00	83	\$8.2B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	82.00	-0.50	82.50	82.50	81.00	82.00	82.00	82	\$8.1B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	81.00	-0.50	81.50	81.50	80.00	81.00	81.00	81	\$8.0B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	80.00	-0.50	80.50	80.50	79.00	80.00	80.00	80	\$7.9B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	79.00	-0.50	79.50	79.50	78.00	79.00	79.00	79	\$7.8B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	78.00	-0.50	78.50	78.50	77.00	78.00	78.00	78	\$7.7B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	77.00	-0.50	77.50	77.50	76.00	77.00	77.00	77	\$7.6B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	76.00	-0.50	76.50	76.50	75.00	76.00	76.00	76	\$7.5B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	75.00	-0.50	75.50	75.50	74.00	75.00	75.00	75	\$7.4B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	74.00	-0.50	74.50	74.50	73.00	74.00	74.00	74	\$7.3B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	73.00	-0.50	73.50	73.50	72.00	73.00	73.00	73	\$7.2B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	72.00	-0.50	72.50	72.50	71.00	72.00	72.00	72	\$7.1B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	71.00	-0.50	71.50	71.50	70.00	71.00	71.00	71	\$7.0B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	70.00	-0.50	70.50	70.50	69.00	70.00	70.00	70	\$6.9B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	69.00	-0.50	69.50	69.50	68.00	69.00	69.00	69	\$6.8B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	68.00	-0.50	68.50	68.50	67.00	68.00	68.00	68	\$6.7B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	67.00	-0.50	67.50	67.50	66.00	67.00	67.00	67	\$6.6B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	66.00	-0.50	66.50	66.50	65.00	66.00	66.00	66	\$6.5B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	65.00	-0.50	65.50	65.50	64.00	65.00	65.00	65	\$6.4B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	64.00	-0.50	64.50	64.50	63.00	64.00	64.00	64	\$6.3B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	63.00	-0.50	63.50	63.50	62.00	63.00	63.00	63	\$6.2B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	62.00	-0.50	62.50	62.50	61.00	62.00	62.00	62	\$6.1B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	61.00	-0.50	61.50	61.50	60.00	61.00	61.00	61	\$6.0B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	60.00	-0.50	60.50	60.50	59.00	60.00	60.00	60	\$5.9B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	59.00	-0.50	59.50	59.50	58.00	59.00	59.00	59	\$5.8B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	58.00	-0.50	58.50	58.50	57.00	58.00	58.00	58	\$5.7B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	57.00	-0.50	57.50	57.50	56.00	57.00	57.00	57	\$5.6B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	56.00	-0.50	56.50	56.50	55.00	56.00	56.00	56	\$5.5B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	55.00	-0.50	55.50	55.50	54.00	55.00	55.00	55	\$5.4B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	54.00	-0.50	54.50	54.50	53.00	54.00	54.00	54	\$5.3B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	53.00	-0.50	53.50	53.50	52.00	53.00	53.00	53	\$5.2B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	52.00	-0.50	52.50	52.50	51.00	52.00	52.00	52	\$5.1B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	51.00	-0.50	51.50	51.50	50.00	51.00	51.00	51	\$5.0B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	50.00	-0.50	50.50	50.50	49.00	50.00	50.00	50	\$4.9B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	49.00	-0.50	49.50	49.50	48.00	49.00	49.00	49	\$4.8B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	48.00	-0.50	48.50	48.50	47.00	48.00	48.00	48	\$4.7B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	47.00	-0.50	47.50	47.50	46.00	47.00	47.00	47	\$4.6B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	46.00	-0.50	46.50	46.50	45.00	46.00	46.00	46	\$4.5B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	45.00	-0.50	45.50	45.50	44.00	45.00	45.00	45	\$4.4B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	44.00	-0.50	44.50	44.50	43.00	44.00	44.00	44	\$4.3B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	43.00	-0.50	43.50	43.50	42.00	43.00	43.00	43	\$4.2B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	42.00	-0.50	42.50	42.50	41.00	42.00	42.00	42	\$4.1B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	41.00	-0.50	41.50	41.50	40.00	41.00	41.00	41	\$4.0B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	40.00	-0.50	40.50	40.50	39.00	40.00	40.00	40	\$3.9B
ITT	ITT	Electronics	USA	39.00	-0.50	39.50	39.50	38.00				

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## **NYSE COMPOSITE PRICES**

Symbol	Name	Ind	Val	PF	Stk	Chg	Perf.	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg	Perf.	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg	Perf.
S-1	Siemens	Int'l	122.25	174	64	64	+64												
40-27-1	Siemens	Int'l	23.8	9	304	29.5	+2.5												
30-3	Siemens Conv S	Int'l	9.8	334	92	92	+92												
30-25-1	Siemens Corp A	Int'l	13.36	12	357	35.5	+35.5												
3-1	7-11 Mfg	Int'l	102.8	5	27	12	-12												
19-12	TIAW	Int'l	1.7	17	117	207	+207												
75-52	TINP	Int'l	1.94	31	92	178	+178												
25-6	TRW	Int'l	2.5	22	1118	74	+74												
30-1	TRW	Int'l	7	7	74	75	+75												
11-2	U.S. Tires	Int'l	1.26	22	11	18	+18												
20-15	U.S. Tires	Int'l	0.37	21	100	181	+181												
23-3	U.S. Tires	Int'l	1.04	6	518	151	+151												
31-22	U.S. Tires	Int'l	0.36	13	23	480	+275												
12-1	U.S. Tires	Int'l	8	235	104	93	+104												
1-1	U.S. Tires	Int'l	1.25	22	107	374	+374												
71-51	USPC	Int'l	2.8	15	588	642	+54												
68-5	U.S. Systems	Int'l	1.23	21	22	5230	+573												
30-18	U.S. Systems	Int'l	0.80	18	20	1287	+432												
26-5	U.S. Systems	Int'l	0.17	14	12	145	+145												
74-5	U.S. Systems	Int'l	1.42	82	17	204	+46												
20-2	U.S. Systems	Int'l	1.72	13	103	168	+168												
21-1	U.S. Systems	Int'l	0.64	27	18	26204	+246												
25-2	U.S. Systems	Int'l	1.42	72	13	10368	+154												
23-1	U.S. Systems	Int'l	0.80	25	15	107	+374												
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**FINANCIAL TIMES**

**NASDAQ NATIONAL MARKET**

## AMERICA

**Dow holds its ground ahead of growth data**

## Wall Street

US stocks posted small gains yesterday morning in a directionless session ahead of today's initial estimate of fourth-quarter economic growth, writes Frank McGurty in New York.

By 1pm, the Dow Jones Industrial Average was 4.78 higher at 3,912.79, after briefly topping the record high close of 3,914.48 set on Friday. The more broadly based Standard & Poor's 500 was better at 478.26. Secondary indices were mixed, with the American SE composite slipping 0.51 to 481.33, while Nasdaq composite added 0.17 to 791.78.

Volume in the market was heavy, with 195m shares traded by 1pm. Advancing issues led declines, 1,117 to 813.

In spite of a round of news on corporate earnings, stocks were in a holding pattern for much of the session, activity flavoured in anticipation of the release of the government's preliminary reading on growth in the final three months of 1993.

Bond prices showed resilience in the face of unfavourable developments. Traders shrugged off a 2.2 per cent gain in December factory orders of durable goods - being old

news, dismissed a big drop in unemployment benefit claims as a weather-related aberration. As a result, bonds meandered in a narrow range, trend that was mirrored in the equity market.

However, corporate earnings were not entirely ignored. The Dow average depressed

**NYSE volume**  
Daily (million)

Date	Volume (million)
Jan 14	250
Jan 15	200
Jan 16	300
Jan 17	250
Jan 18	280
Jan 19	260
Jan 20	290
Jan 21	270
Jan 22	280
Jan 23	260
Jan 24	280
Jan 25	260
Jan 26	280
Jan 27	260

strong as well, with the Big Three reported as scheduling an 80 per cent increase in production this week to make up for recent weather-related shutdowns. Ford gained \$1.16, \$88.4 and Chrysler \$1.4, \$60.6.

Near-the-top of the NYSE's most active list, Sara Lee slumped \$1.1 to \$23.4 after warning that its income for the current quarter may fall short of analysts' forecasts.

AT & T was in play after good news on its growth and operating earnings in the final period. The stock added 16.55%.

On the Nasdaq, Communications slipped \$1.1 to \$27.7, where its results proved to be in line with expectations.

**Canada**  
Toronto inched higher midday as climbing airline and pipeline issues were held back by weakness in golds. The composite rose 12.15 to 4,472.41, 42.7m shares valued at C\$449.1m.

The transportation group stayed in the lead after Air Canada's surprising decision on Wednesday to drop litigation aimed at scuttling PVA Corp's deal with AMR Corp. Air Canada CS's C\$8.4 in 10m shares.

Offsetting the effect of 3M's decline, Caterpillar climbed 25.1% to \$100.6, while General Motors advanced \$1.1 to \$80.5. The other car makers were

**ASIA PACIFIC**  
**Politics restrain Tokyo as region powers ahead**

## Tokyo

Equity prices dropped by 1.3 per cent as purchases by foreign investors to arbitrage unwinding of institutional profit-taking amid growing political uncertainty, writes Wayne Lionel Aponte in Tokyo.

The Nikkei 225 average ticked lower at 18,891.79, after moving between 19,324.73 and 18,811.78. The Topix index of first section issues shed 13.82 to 1,538.60 and London's ISE/Nikkei 50 index dipped to 1,266.15.

Brokers said the recent euphoria surrounding what was speculated as an inevitability of political reform bills of Mr Morihiro Hosokawa, the prime minister, proved unable to sustain a rally for the third straight session.

The prime minister threatened yesterday to resign, after a meeting with joint committee of both houses of parliament, if his political agenda was not passed by the lower house.

A general consensus is that market participants feel that investor sentiment is firm, and any political headache will be a major equity rally.

Without the political reform package, however, plans for the government's economic stimulus package, for deregulation of domestic financial markets, will receive attention, according to the government.

This will be a blow to hopes for an end to a bear market, already in its fourth year, which will place pressure on the rest of Japan to reduce the official discount rate, which is already at a record low.

Volume was estimated at 1.5 billion shares, compared with Wednesday's 3.88m.

Profit-taking pushed banking

shares lower. Industrial Bank of Japan retreated Y120 to Y3,130. Fuji Bank dropped Y60 to Y2,650 and Sakura lost Y40 at Y1,470.

The electronic sector weakened as yen appreciated against the dollar. Pioneer slipped Y10 to Y2,810. Sony Y20 to Y5,850 and TDK Y10 to Y3,950.

In spite of the day's losses, Nippon Telegraph and Telephone advanced Y19,000 to Y87,000 as the strength of reports it might enter the multimedia market by acquiring a stake in US-based software development house.

In Osaka, OSE average fell 1.1% down to 20,754.64 in volume of 106m shares.

**Roundup**  
Pacific Rim markets produced a strong performance, with advances in many attributed to a series of domestic and developmental movements.

**TAIWAN** is strong rebound in financial sector, while investors generally encouraged by suggestions that the Securities and Exchange Commission might raise ceiling for foreign investment to \$20bn from \$5bn.

The index rose 176.89, or 1.1%, to 15,700, turnover swelled to T\$88.2bn from T\$33.9bn. The financial sector improved by 6.4%.

Textiles, which have been active this week on expectations of a recovery in the industry, are heavy profit-taking, with Shinkong Synthetic and Ruentex both down 7.0% to T\$28.40 and T\$26.62.

**LUMPUR** extended its strong rebound in the back of retail and institutional buying, with the composite index finishing 44.93, or 4.4 per cent, at 1,074.24.

Brokers said a large local institution had seen

regained lost ground, closing 1.4 per cent firmer in a technical rebound by a strong recovery in the Malaysian stock market. The Straits Times Industrial index ended 30.81 ahead of 2,286.28.

**MANILA** edged forward moderately buying that the Securities and Exchange Commission might raise ceiling for foreign investment to \$20bn from \$5bn.

**AUSTRALIA** was lifted by strong overseas buying and firm gold prices.

The All Ordinaries index closed 1.8, or 1.3 per cent, at 2,250.78. The gold index 68.9, or 2.7 per cent, stronger at 2,625.1. Turnover A\$676.2m.

**NEW ZEALAND** finished at highest point since September, but with comparatively low volume. The NZSE-40 capital index gained 24.31, or 1.3% cent, at 2,008.42.

**BANGKOK** added 2.7 per cent following than expected results from Thai Bank, the industrial index at 5,495, all index 36 at 4,792. Anglos advanced R2 to R197.

**SOUTH AFRICA** held an earlier high at the close with the market buoyed by strength in bullion. The golds index added 2.1, or 2.0%, to 103.24.

**INDIA** held steady with the market buoyed by strength in bullion. The golds index added 2.1, or 2.0%, to 103.24.

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## RECRUITMENT

**JOBS:** Upheavals in the working world put premium value on learning to be motivationally versatile

**Why** being promoted? If that question strikes having an antique air, you're right. The nine men in it were the first in the column's retiring writer ever penned the subject of management in October.

It made me to exhume those words so much nostalgia. On coming them in my cuttings, I had an article with such a question. At the time, I had it written, the high rate of failure among newly promoted managers constituted a serious worry for ambitious people like me who read this column. But the world of work has undergone such upheavals that, for those of you with careers still stretching ahead, the important issues have changed.

The difference is not that they have ceased falling but rather that they have been getting up again. They have made the change in employers that cut whole layers of management out of their hierarchies. As a result, where future career prospects are concerned, the risk of failing at promotion is now far less of a problem than getting promoted in the first place.

## The benefits of a switchable personality

How severely the hatchet men have reduced the chances recently by IBM UK's chairman Anthony Cleaver. He said his firm was cutting back on only four managerial tiers, which means a maximum of one promotion every 10 years, and even this is for the man who makes it to the top.

Although that one man - or woman - will no doubt often be an FT reader, the speed of advance is unlikely to appeal to thrusting ambitions.

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\*UK distributors Careers by Design, Maple House, Green Lane, Padgate, Cheshire WA1 4JN.

enough personally sensitive enough to the heart of the affair, which is mind in individual motivation.

True, the particular is important in careers even before the wholesale removal of steps from promotion ladders. In days, it was enough to jobs and to your characteristic motivational pattern. If you promoted one that didn't match, you still had a fair chance of finding another.

Today, however, there is less chance of finding jobs that fit your particular pattern. The only way may be to change your motivation to suit such opportunities as are available.

The bad news is that a lot of psychologists think motivation is such part of the human personality that making such a change is well nigh impossible.

The good news is that they think differently. They the small but seemingly growing number of shrinks that on a newish development in psychology called Reversal

Theory. They believe they have cogent evidence that most people only can, but frequently do, change (or "reverse") their standard motivational pattern.

One we have mentioned in previous columns is between contrasting fundamental approaches to things we are doing.

Sometimes we will be doing them solely as means to some different end. An example is if we are reading a textbook because we need to examine, which, in turn, will improve our job prospects - the theory's term for this particular mode.

But other occasions when we are doing something just for the sake of doing it, such as when we immerse ourselves in a novel simply because we are reading. The jargon for this mode is *parasitic*.

Reversal theorists suggest that the differences between the two approaches are far-reaching. For instance, people operating in the *self-serving autocentric* mode, the opposite being the *allocentric*, will put someone else first, which in the *allocentric* mode, they

concentrating hard on the time, we can be seeking either mastery or the others sympathy.

Once again - as will surely be obvious to anybody who has met people who cannot be simply commanded - the ability to switch voluntarily between the opposites would expand horizons. Unfortunately, ways in which these pairs interact are complex and there is no longer time to explain them in this next-to-last column.

But the details can be found in *Reversal Theory - Motivation and Personality*, published by Routledge at £12.99, author of the theory's originator, Michael Apter, who

is being supported by research in various countries, his brainchild sheds more light on my own motivation than any other theory I've heard of. I went to him while visiting his native Britain this Christmas holiday.

He is concerned about the effects of upheavals in the world

work, not only on individuals but on companies. For instance, that no organisation can thrive without the wholehearted support of employees whose usual approach to doing things is to conform. An essential part of such people's motivation is having clear and realisable goals, one of which is promotional.

Moreover, a company with a keen eye for psychological developments, but which he won't name, has spotted such dangers. It has commissioned him - together with McMillan Partnership consultancy based in Beech Hill, Berkshire - to set up workshops helping company staff to become more motivationally versatile.

"The plan is to tutor them in ways of reversing modes," Dr Apter said. "The most simple example is that, if you are in the parafelic frame and faced with something you don't like, you can usually switch to the felic mode by keeping your mind on the nice things likely to happen if you neglect the chore any longer. And if you think that's typical of a parafelic to do, believe you me, it isn't."

Michael Dixon

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**OVERTON SHIRLEY & BARRY**

Industry is from a wider financial background. Alternatively he/she could have a recent MBA qualification combined with an earlier involvement in Finance. He/she should possess an exceptional degree in and be prepared to travel. A good knowledge of Spanish and/or Italian would be an advantage.

Career prospects within the Group are considerable and an initial salary of at least £40,000 plus normal banking benefits and a bonus would be paid. This could be more for an experienced person.

Please contact the Company's Advisor in the name of Collie Barry, Managing Partner, Overton Shirley & Barry, Price Rupert House, 64 Queen Street, London E10R 1AD. Tel: 071-248 0355. 1102.

### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH AND SELECTION

**Senior Statistician**

United Nations Development Programme publishes annually the Human Development Report. The Report analyzes contemporary trends and presents a global international policy perspective to promote people-centered development. A key component of the Report is presentation of the most up-to-date indicators of development for 160 countries. Each year, the Report also carries forward the debate on the Human Development Index, which captures economic and social development attained by countries in terms of the living conditions and capabilities of their people. The Human Development Report, in changing focus each year, has had a significant impact in the past two years on thinking and action of policy makers, development professionals, the academic community and the public at large.

The responsibilities of the Senior Statistician will include:

- Developing innovative methods corresponding to the major themes of the Human Development Report
- Updating and revising the Human Development Indicator Tables on an annual basis
- Coordinating data collection and analysis with responsible UNDP and other organizations
- Advising and training UNDP staff and their counterparts in statistical matters
- Preparing technical papers, briefing notes and presentation materials
- Assisting in identifying innovative methods for improving the availability and use of human development indicators at the country level.

Correspondence is invited by February 1994 with interested individuals with at least 15 years experience in International social and economic affairs to: UNDP, Staffing Division of Personnel, Room #DC1-1826, One UN Plaza, New York, NY 10017. Reference: Senior Statistician (VA 2123/94). Women are encouraged to apply. Acknowledgment will only be made to applicants who meet the specific requirements for the position.



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871

### TRADE FINANCE

A major European commercial bank is seeking to recruit a Trade Finance Executive to assist in the creation and development of a trade finance unit to be established in its London Office.

The successful candidate will have 5 years' experience in all aspects of trade finance and detailed knowledge of the forfait market with operational and management experience, so as to make an effective contribution to the establishment of the unit and thereafter to the development of these lines of business.

Although based in London, the position will involve with head office and the rest of the bank's extensive network of branches and representative offices overseas and will involve Knowledge of European languages, particularly Spanish, would be a distinct advantage.

Salary, including banking benefits, will be negotiable.

Please reply in strictest confidence to:

Box B1978, Financial Times,  
One Southwark Bridge, London  
SE1 9HL

We are seeking to recruit a CONTROLLER EUROPE reporting to our General Manager Europe.

for our office based in Romanel-sur-Morges / Switzerland.

Responsibilities would include:

- Financial leadership by insuring state of the art forecasting, budgeting, controlling and reporting processes.
- Support of the sales and marketing operation with advice on the implications of different pricing strategies and channel development.
- Cash flow, currency and tax management.
- Overseeing credit control.
- People management of personnel based in Switzerland and other European countries.

The successful candidate should have the following qualifications:

- Chartered Accountant, CPA or equivalent with MBA desired.
- Minimum 10 years financial management experience should include a strong cost accounting background with excellent knowledge of activity-based costing and computer systems.
- Be familiar with issues related to a multinational company such as foreign exchange exposure and intercompany pricing.
- Be a strong leader and excellent manager, strategic in approach but with a hands-on operating style.
- Ability to constantly challenge the status quo, be open to changing internal and external customer requirements and be comfortable with initiating change to ensure continuous improvement.
- Superior communications skills and a record that demonstrates excellence in working with people of different ethnic and cultural backgrounds.
- Fluency in French and English with other European languages an asset.

If you meet these criteria and feel you have the enthusiasm and dedication to excel in this challenging and fast-evolving environment, please apply in writing with a full C.V. to:

Logitech SA, Human Resources Department, Moulin du Choc, 1122 Romanel-sur-Morges.



The Senseware Company

*Johanna St*

# Standard Chartered

## Regional Head of Human Resources - Africa

To £60,000 + Benefits

Outstanding opportunity for talented HR generalist to direct policy and practice of HR throughout bank's African network.

**THE COMPANY**

- Standard Chartered ■ a truly international bank in geographical spread of offices and composition of its staff.
- Strong in Africa, Asia Pacific and Middle East. Well established presence in twelve African countries.
- HR policy driven regionally through professionals.
- Lead and co-ordinate development and implementation of HR practice for Africa.
- Build close links with local HR and business teams. Provide authoritative generalist personnel input to business.
- Bring expertise in management, planning, development and training. Total dedication to quality.



- Part of the regional management team based in London reporting to the General Manager.

**QUALIFICATIONS**

- Ideal candidate will be senior HR professional with relevant experience of Africa.
- Excellent communicator and persuader. Energy, enthusiasm, commitment and stamina. Extensive travel essential.
- Must be able to manage large teams in Africa from London. Clear thinking, highly organised and tenacious.

Please send full cv, stating salary, ref N0451  
NBS, 54 Jermyn Street, London SW1

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London Based

# Executive Secretary

CESD-Communaute

CESD-Communaute, a non-profit making association for statistical cooperation, based in Luxembourg, looks for immediate recruitment for its (m/f)

**EXECUTIVE SECRETARY**

He will be in charge of the animation of technical departments, co-ordination of activities and definition of general strategies.

He needs to be a good manager, including human resources management, and to have a good handling of negotiation.

We are looking for a candidate satisfying the following criteria:  
 age between 35 and 55;  professional experience in project management at least 10 years;  educational background: university degree or equivalent in economy, management or statistics;  languages: perfect command of English and French;  should like team work and handle easily contacts, and  have an up-to-date knowledge of CEC cooperation activities and politics with developing and transition countries.

Interesting remuneration conditions are offered corresponding to qualification and experience.

Candidates from the European Union are treated with preference.

Please send your application, completed by a detailed up-to-date Curriculum Vitae, before February 11th to the following address:

CESD-Communaute, Ref.: REC/SE.94, EBAC B/S, route de Treves 2 - L-2633 SENNINGERBERG - GRAND DUCHY OF LUXEMBOURG.

## Management Consulting

Enviable opportunity for accomplished OR professional with sound financial modelling experience

London up to £30,000+ benefits

KPMG Management Consulting is one of the leading management consulting firms in the UK. The Business Modelling team, part of Strategic Business Management Group, provides a wide range of operational research and related expertise to a diverse client portfolio spanning the public and private sectors. In forthcoming engagements, particularly in relation to financial modelling, KPMG is seeking an additional high calibre consultant to join the team in a significant role for a self-motivated and innovative professional able to offer:

- Good honours degree plus an in MM
- Proven track record of 1-3 years' which must include demonstrable experience of financial modelling projects
- Ability to complex technical problems within tight
- Initiative, enthusiasm and excellent communications skills
- Ability to balance priorities in accordance with client needs

A competitive salary is offered to reflect experience and ability together with a comprehensive benefits package - all in a highly stimulating environment fully committed to individual training and development. To apply, please your CV with full salary to Angela Tambini, Management Consulting, Salisbury Square, London EC4Y , quoting ref. .

**KPMG** Management Consulting

## ENERGY TRADING MANAGER

### South East Substantial salary + major benefits

Our client is a leading company in the forefront of development in the energy trading market. It has created a small, non-hierarchical team to manage a diverse trading portfolio.

The people and systems are in place. What is needed is a key individual to help drive the team forward into territory.

You will be familiar with risk management techniques on paper derivatives. You must be with energy swaps and derivatives, preferably with an emphasis on electricity. In you must be innovative and creative, and show the ability to develop products for

increasingly sophisticated market. In this highly visible role, conducting business at board level both internally and externally, interpersonal skills will be paramount.

As you will be expected to make an immediate contribution, a background in electricity generation trading would be a distinct advantage. However, applications from any suitably qualified person with experience in the gas and oil industry, or an energy related financial business would be welcome.

Please send a full cv, indicating current salary, which will be forwarded to our client unopened. Address to the Security Manager if listing companies to which should be sent. Write to P6932/FT, PA Consulting Group, Advertising and Communications, 123 Buckingham Road, London SW1W 9SR. The closing date for receipt of applications is February 1994.

**PA** Consulting Group  
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Executive Recruitment • Human Resource Consultancy • Advertising and Communications

## Investment Administration Manager

M3/M4 Corridor

to £50,000 + car

The investment management business of progressive international finance services group performed remarkably well over years despite difficult market conditions. Under management have grown strongly in the 1990s. Our client has high quality systems, an innovative range of products and a growing reputation, at least for success in emerging markets.

The role of Investment Administration Manager is pivotal. Reporting to the Group Director and managing a department some forty staff, the successful candidate will be responsible for the efficient administration and control of all the Group's life, pension, unit trust and other investment funds. This will include pricing, accounting, compliance, custodian liaison and management reporting, as well as system development and marketing support.

**MSL International**  
CONSULTANTS IN SEARCH AND SELECTION

Candidates should be experienced managers of graduate calibre who have developed specialist knowledge of investments and the investment markets. They should be able to demonstrate a successful track record in the administration of complex unit trusts and funds in a high-quality, high-pressure environment. We are seeking someone with the maturity to guide and motivate a young team and the credibility to build a rapport with fund managers, regulators, custodians and others. This challenging role will be a disciplined problem-solver with well-developed leadership skills.

Please reply, in confidence, quoting ref: A54C14 and enclosing your CV and details of current remuneration to Paul Carvossa, MSL International Limited, Aybrook Street, London W1M 3JL.

## Letter of Credit Professional

Excellent Package London

**Merrill Lynch**  
International Bank  
Limited

**Merrill Lynch**

Our client, MLIB, provides private banking to high net worth individuals throughout the world. The Bank offers a range of products including collateralised loans, treasury products and related letter of credit. Continued growth in the Bank's activities has created a requirement for an experienced professional to join the team. The successful candidate will be competitively rewarded including a full benefits package.

**THE APPOINTMENT**

- Contribute to the further profitable development of the Bank's letter of credit business.
- Exploit and expand existing client business and identify new market opportunities.
- Provide technical review of and assistance with proposals from bankers and clients.
- Ensure improved efficiencies in product delivery.

Please apply in writing with a full CV and salary details, quoting reference 1003/T, to Susannah Truswell.

- Minimum of five years' relevant background with strong technical knowledge of letters of credit.
- Evidence of having developed and driven new product initiatives through to delivery.
- Strong team orientation and client focus.
- Excellent intellectual and communication skills.

K/F Associates, Pepys House, 12 Buckingham Street, London WC2N 6DF

**K/F ASSOCIATES**  
Selection & Search

## ECONOMIST/STRATEGIST

### Investment Management - Global Policy

Prudential Portfolio Managers is one of the largest investors in the UK and, with over £60 billion under management, one of the prime players in global markets.

We apply the most advanced and innovative techniques to the investment management process. Central to the development and implementation of these strategies is the Global Policy Unit, a small, high calibre group of Economists, Market Strategists and Quantitative Analysts. To expand this team, we seek an Economist/Strategist who is eager to work within this intellectually stimulating environment.

You will be responsible for designated areas of the global economy, liaise with offices around the world and play a major role in the asset allocation decision making process.

**PRUDENTIAL**  
Portfolio Managers

Ideally, you will have a degree in Economics plus several years' experience of economic or market analysis in fund management. Confidence, strong communication skills and a genuine interest in applying rigorous analysis to financial markets are prerequisites. Recent graduates, especially those with a relevant postgraduate qualification, are welcome to apply.

We offer competitive salaries, depending on experience plus financial sector benefits.

Please write, enclosing your C.V., to Sarah Hampden, PPMSPS, Prudential Portfolio Managers Limited, 142 Holborn Bars, London EC1N 2NH.

We are equal opportunity employer.

**LEOPOLD JOSEPH**  
MERCHANT  
**FX DEALER**

There is an opportunity to join an expanding team in the Treasury Department of a highly-regarded, quoted UK merchant bank.

The role involves trading in foreign exchange - primarily spot - in all major currencies as well as dealing in the futures markets.

Candidates must be intelligent, highly-motivated graduates in their mid-late 20s with a minimum of 3 years' experience of treasury markets and some experience of trading.

Salary is negotiable and will depend on experience.

Please apply in writing with a full CV to Bridget Anderson, Personnel Manager, Leopold Joseph & Sons Limited, 29 Gresham Street, London EC2V 7EA.

Member of IMRO

**INVESTORS**  
**COMPANIES WRITER**

Will require an experienced analyst/financial journalist. The job is an interesting and responsible role analysing and reporting on major quoted companies and writing an informed comment on the market's performance.

Candidates need to be able to interpret a company's performance, analyse likely future price, put it into perspective and entertain language while meeting demanding clients.

Editor, Greystone House, 1000 London NW1

## CORPORATE COMMUNICATIONS AGENCY SEEKS EXECUTIVES

A leading, London-based, financial and corporate communications agency is seeking executives at both senior and junior levels, to work in the UK/continental Europe.

Applicants should have skills in and knowledge of one or more of the following:

- INVESTOR MARKETING - CORPORATE FINANCE
- EUROPEAN CAPITAL MARKETS
- CORPORATE COMMUNICATIONS - MEDIA RELATIONS
- PUBLIC AFFAIRS
- FINANCIAL PRODUCT MARKETING

Direct experience within a communications agency would be desirable, but is not essential.

Fluent, continental European, linguistic are also an advantage.

Please apply, in confidence, to: Box No B1995, Financial Times, Number One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL.

**EXECUTIVE APPOINTMENTS TO £150,000****JOB SEARCH MADE EASY WITH OUR EXPERT HELP**

For 14 years the largest network of career centres in the UK has specialised in identifying unadvertised vacancies for top executives. For confidential meetings without obligation, contact Connaught, 1000 Greystone House, 1000 London NW1 Tel: 071 734 3679 Fax: 071 734 2620

**Connaught**

## CREDIT SUISSE - GENEVA

is offering the following jobs

**Proprietary trader**

- responsible for all major European bond markets (Euro- and govt. bonds)

**Proprietary trader**

- responsible for US bonds  
- bond trading (Euro- and govt. bonds)

**Proprietary trader**

- responsible for North American equity

**FX Trading - Forward dealers**

- futures (futures, FRA's) and forward dealers

The candidates should show good communication initiative, a positive spirit and a good record.



CS. THE BANK WITH THE RIGHT APPROACH.

The jobholders will be exposed to our sales and private banking departments as well as a large network of broker relationships. Language is pre-requisite, although it might not be convenience.

A fully independent job and requires them to have a high level of responsibility.

If you are prepared for the challenge, send us your CV to Credit Suisse, Mr Pietro Soldini, Human Resources, C.P. 2153 1211 GENEVA - Switzerland, phone number (41) 22 383 29 29 or fax (41) 22 383 74.

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071 513 3199

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071 873 1111

## UK Institutional Funds Manager

### City / Excellent package

The investment management arm of a leading international merchant bank continues to develop its pension fund management activities with considerable success. As a result, there is a need to strengthen its specialist team in this important growth area.

Priorities of the new role will include managing a designated team of institutional funds, undertaking investment research and analysis in key sectors of the UK equity market, and contributing to new business development initiatives. Career prospects are excellent for the right person.

A minimum of five years' investment management experience - preferably gained with a major investing institution - is essential, together with membership of IIMR and a

degree in a numerate discipline. PC literacy, assured personal presentation skills and the ability to work as a team-player are further key requirements.

The first-class salary package is backed by attractive benefits including profit-sharing, private health care and non-contributory pension scheme.

To apply, please send your full cv (including details of present remuneration) to **System, Barten Associates, Cloisters Business Centre, 8 Battersea Park Road, London SW8 4BG**, quoting ref 2021FT on the envelope. Application should be forwarded directly to the client for detailed consideration, without making "security check" and noting separately any companies to which it should not be sent.

MEDIA SYSTEM

## Associate Director, M&A Biosciences

London-based

Technomark, a niche consultancy serving the pharmaceutical and related health care industries, is expanding its financial advisory activities, and now seeks an experienced corporate financier to participate in developing its cross-border M&A business.

The position offers an opportunity to manage deals fully, from identification of prospects right through to execution. The individual we seek will be energetic, independent and resourceful, and he or she will be highly rewarded for success. As part of a professional team, you would receive additional support of a very experienced group of technical consultants. A strong academic background and several years' experience in merchant banking, venture capital or corporate finance is required for this position, as well as an understanding of the health care industry. Applicants should be seeking an opportunity for personal development within a young, entrepreneurial company.

**Technomark Consulting Services Limited** is a member of the SFA. Interested candidates should write, enclosing an up-to-date curriculum vitae, to Joe Mason, Technomark Consulting Services Limited, King House, 5-11 Newgate Street, London EC1V 4UA. Fax 071-792 2587.



## CREDIT/RISK ANALYSTS

£30-60,000 + Bonus + M/S + Banking Benefits  
Banks/Other Financial Institutions and Corporates in United Kingdom, Scandinavia, Germany, France, Italy and Spain

We are looking for Jonathan Wren Executive to burst into exclusive assignments from major client banks, who require experienced senior, junior analysts and credit managers who are ready for a challenging future. We are especially interested in candidates who can demonstrate particular experience and skills in corporate credit, bank analysis and analysis of other financial institutions including insurance companies, funds, etc. If you are a graduate with credit training, knowledge of capital markets, derivatives, treasury products or corporate finance, project finance, ratings advisory and you are currently working for a major bank, either on a trading basis or for origination units...

Send detailed CV to Bradley Recruitment Consultants

Jonathan Wren & Co. Limited, Financial Services Consultants  
No. 1 Newgate Street, London EC1V 4TP Tel. 071-623 1266 Fax 071-626 1266

JONATHAN WREN EXECUTIVE

A leading international bank seeks to expand its London team of asset swap specialists by recruiting an individual with a good track record in:

## FLOATING RATE ASSET SALES

(German speaking countries)

Responsibilities will be to:  
 - Manage existing client relationships  
 - Expand business in Germany, Switzerland and other countries  
 - Develop innovative floating rate and structured products to major investors  
 - Contribute to the team's daily pricing and structuring decisions

Profile:  
 - 25-35 years old, with at least 3 months experience  
 - Fluency in German and English  
 - Some knowledge of Asset Swaps  
 - SFA registration helpful

Package includes:  
 - Good salary and benefits with relocation appropriate.

Enquiries in confidence to Matthew Hill at Nicholson International Search & Selection, 64-78 Kingway, London WC1E 7HT. Tel. 071-405 4571. Fax 071-405 4571. Email: matthew.hill@nicholson.com



## M&A PROFESSIONAL

UK BASED

Our client is a leading international bank with a presence in over 80 countries and a network of 3,500 offices in Europe. This bank is well positioned to capitalise on the recent upturn in cross-border M&A activity.

An opportunity exists for an outstanding professional (3-5 years experience) to join a growing London based team. You will be responsible for the successful origination and execution of international crossborder business, with a special focus on UK/French transactions and N. American clients with European requirements.

Aged 30-35 you will have gained a good first degree in a professional qualification (ACA (first time passes) or top quartile) from a leading firm of accountants or business school. You will be able to demonstrate a working knowledge of the French regulatory environment and a track record of successful transactions in the French/UK corridor. Fluency in French and knowledge of German is essential.

For further information please call Julian Davey on 071-638 7743. Or write to him, The Zarak Hay Partnership, 6 St. Pauls Place, Bloomsbury, London EC1M 7JH. Confidential 071-582 2942.

THE ZARAK HAY PARTNERSHIP

## Treasury Operations Manager

### HALIFAX

#### Competitive Salary + Benefits

With total assets in excess of £60 billion, Halifax Building Society is one of the largest financial institutions in the UK. Our Treasury, based in Halifax, is responsible for interest rate and currency risk management for the Society, together with raising wholesale funds and the management of the Society's liquidity portfolio.

Due to internal reorganisation, we now need a Treasury Operations Manager. Reporting to the Treasury Manager, you will have day to day responsibility for the Settlement and Securities and Derivatives Support sections, which also involve controlling the recording of deals, and liaising with bankers and custodians.

Locally holding a relevant qualification, you will also have had at least five years' experience in settlement and money transmission at a senior level. In addition you will possess good interpersonal and management skills, together with the ability to act quickly and effectively with initiative whilst under pressure to meet deadlines.

In return, you will receive a competitive salary based on experience, together with an attractive benefits package, including concessionary mortgage, car, private health care, and relocation assistance, where necessary.

Please write with your CV, quoting current salary details, to: Assistant General Manager, Group Personnel (Ref 10P/TOM), Halifax Building Society, Trinity Road, Halifax, West Yorkshire HX1 2RG.

HALIFAX is fully committed to equal opportunities for all.



## EXCEPTIONAL ACHIEVEMENTS . . .

### UNACCEPTABLE PROSPECTS

Outstanding opportunities with a number of our leading institutional clients exist if you satisfy the following criteria:

- you have a 2:1 honours degree and uniformly excellent academic record
- your track record in merchant banking, broking, fund management, other financial services or the professions demonstrates exceptional competence
- you are a strong and confident communicator
- you are determined to develop your career to a high level of seniority within the financial services sector
- you are between 25 and 35 years of age

There is a high probability that you will be able to make a choice amongst your preferred institutions. Please call Jim Stallard or Judith Burton on 071-405 4571 or send your CV to:

**AMS**  
Applied Management Sciences Ltd  
26/28 Bedford Row  
London WC1R 4HE  
Tel: 071-405 4571  
Fax: 071-242 1165

Search and Selection Consultants

## ASSOCIATE MIDDLE EAST PROJECTS

We are a Middle Eastern based property management and advisory company and are seeking an MBA qualified candidate for the position of Associate - Middle East Projects based in London. You will be fluent in English and Arabic. A working knowledge of an additional European language would be a distinct advantage. You must have a good knowledge of Islamic investment and financial instruments, and extensive experience in designing and marketing international investment projects appropriate for Arab investors. Excellent presentation skills and highly developed negotiating abilities are also essential. Please send full CV and references.

Box B1993, Financial Times,  
One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL

## EMERGING MARKETS SEARCH & SELECTION

### GENERAL MANAGER (NEW SECURITIES OPERATIONS) LONDON

Our Client wishes to appoint an exceptional individual to set up and run a small (well-capitalised) securities business, with existing contacts, as specialist in the emerging markets with particular emphasis on Latin America.

Applicants will require in-depth knowledge of the primary and secondary markets and will be experienced in investment management, fund management and administration. Due to regular liaison with regulatory bodies, including the SFA, proof of an excellent working relationship, based on mutual trust and respect is imperative. A knowledge of Portuguese and Spanish would be preferable, but by no means essential.

The successful candidate, who will report to the Board of Directors, will be responsible for day to day business decisions and management of the company and its staff and will be assisted by a compliance officer, who will have responsibility for the regulatory side of the business.

An attractive package will be offered to the right person, who may well be currently in a position of responsibility with an Investment Bank or Securities House, specialising in these markets. So if you are looking for a new and exciting challenge and feel that you can satisfy our Client's requirements, please send your CV in confidence to:

David Williams, Director  
Emerging Markets Search and Selection  
29 Mansons Avenue London EC2V 5HU  
A Division of Global Markets Recruitment Ltd.  
Tel: 071-600 4744 Fax: 071-600 4747

## COMPLIANCE SPECIALIST

### Financial Services

Dublin

Our client, a prestigious financial services organisation based in Dublin, wishes to appoint a high calibre Compliance Specialist.

Reporting to the Chief Executive, the successful candidate will be responsible for ensuring that the organisation conducts its business in accordance with the relevant regulatory environment.

Candidates should be graduate qualified with significant compliance experience, including a good working knowledge of EEA and EU Exchange rules and regulations. Equally important will be personal qualities, including communication and self-motivation abilities.

Salary and benefits will be attractive and at an appropriate level for this senior position.

Candidates should write in confidence giving career details and quoting reference MC8 to:

Michael Lenahan, P-E International,  
24 Fitzwilliam Place, Dublin 2. Fax 353-1-6614292

## P-E International

## FX-Spot Dealer

### Scandinavian Currencies

Banque Nationale de Paris is one of the world's largest banking organisations, actively participating in a full range of financial operations.

As part of our continued development, we now wish to recruit an experienced Spot Trader to specialise in Scandinavian currencies.

The successful candidate will ideally be aged between 25 and 32. Emphasis will be placed on depth of experience to date and potential to make a full contribution to our profitability. An ability to communicate adequately in Swedish would also be a valuable asset.

A competitive salary plus dealing bonus, company car and usual banking sector benefits are offered.

If you have the experience we seek, please write with full career details to Paula Keats, Personnel Manager.

Banque Nationale de Paris p.l.c.,  
1st floor, 416-418 King William Street,  
London EC4P 4HS. Tel: 071-895 7223.



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Clare Proust on 071-873 4017

Jobline 100

**U.S. EQUITY RESEARCH ANALYST:  
EMERGING GROWTH COMPANIES**

**Competitive Package** **London**

Oakes, Fitzwilliams & Co. Limited is a small London-based investment bank specialising in financing growth companies located in the US. We will be hiring an equity analyst to produce comprehensive research on our diverse portfolio of corporate clients.

**The Position**

- Organising a research effort in order to produce a steady flow of research notes and updates on our portfolio companies and to maintain contact with them through company visits.
- Presenting research to investors in conjunction with sales team.
- Participating in deal selection and due diligence.
- Contributing to Oakes' internal thinking on equity and identifying investment opportunities.

**The Candidate**

- Good degree and possibly post-graduate qualification.
- At least three years of equity market experience in research, sales, portfolio management or corporate finance, preferably in the emerging growth sector.
- A firm grasp of balance sheet, cash flow, corporate finance and financial modelling.
- Strong analytical ability, and excellent written and presentation skills.
- A self-starter able to work in a small, high-performance team.

Please send CV and cover letter in confidence to:

Jessop  
Oakes, Fitzwilliams & Co. Limited  
Byron House  
7-9 St. James's Street  
London SW1 1EE

**OAKES, FITZWILLIAMS & CO. LIMITED**  
Member of the and the London Stock Exchange

**DERIVATIVE FUND MANAGER**

A subsidiary of Edmond de Rothschild Group is looking to add to an experienced fund management team which specialises in derivatives.

Applicants should have at least 2-3 years experience either in derivatives trading, or in the advising and managing of derivatives in portfolios.

Candidates with computer skills and a good degree, ideally in a numerate subject, will be preferred.

The company offers a competitive remuneration package with a full range of benefits.

Please write to:

The Managing Director,  
L.C.F. Edmond de Rothschild  
Fund Management Limited,  
Orion House, 5 Upper  
Martin's Lane,  
London WC2H 9EA

**INSURANCE COMMISSIONER -  
PAPUA NEW GUINEA**

The Commissioner currently has licensing and regulatory powers for the general insurance industry. Legislative reforms proposed for 1994 will add responsibilities for life and superannuation.

Conditions of employment include a salary of approximately US\$57,000.00 plus free housing. The initial contract is for 36 months.

Applicants should have very extensive insurance experience with demonstrated capacity to handle regulatory issues of general, life and superannuation.

Applications in writing to:

Acting Insurance Commissioner  
P.O. Box 122  
Port Moresby  
PAPUA NEW GUINEA

28 days of this inquiry to JIM LAMONT (02) 213355.

**CORPORATE FINANCE**

SEVERAL TOP HOUSES are looking for exceptional people with a minimum of 3 years solid transaction experience in the following areas:

- Corporate Finance/Equity Underwriting
- Project Finance
- M&A - Privatisation - Emerging Markets

Please note a minimum of one European language / MBA graduate / age 25 to 35. Salary negotiable dependent on experience.

For further details please call on 071-377 6485 or send fax your CV to us. All applications are treated in the strictest confidence.

CAMBRIDGE APPOINTMENTS  
225 High Street, London E1 6PJ. Fax No. 071-377 6887

**KPMG Corporate Finance**  
Corporate Finance is a practising name of KPMG Marwick.

**SALES PROFESSIONALS  
FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

Our client is one of the World's leading providers of real time financial news and price information in the City. They need high calibre, achievement orientated professionals to join their existing and expanding team. You should have at least two years' sales experience in the financial markets and be able to provide a record which confirms your account management and new business sales abilities. In addition you must possess excellent communication and presentation skills plus a good understanding of financial instruments and the securities markets operate. They offer an excellent rewards package plus development opportunities in a dynamic environment.

To apply, write with your CV to John Catanach, Dept FT/26

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## ACCOUNTANCY COLUMN

# Pitfalls in the way of a better understanding

Andrew Jack considers a book that questions whether financial reports can ever tell the whole story

**O**n September 11, Carr, Kletz & Aitken, City investment analysts, circulated a report recommending clients buy shares in Polly Peck International at the current price of £10. The author predicted a substantial improvement in pre-tax profits for 1991.

Just days later, Polly Peck, the conglomerate controlled by Mr Nadir, plummeted to 108p before they were suspended on the Stock Exchange. The Serious Fraud Office, the appointment of administrators to the company under UK insolvency law, and of enormous misappropriations of funds, Mr Nadir illegally jumping bail to flee to northern Cyprus.

That much attention given to the machinations of the company, its executives and investigators since that date, rather less has been paid to the question of the financial information present in the company's accounts and whether the warning signs were well in place.

Trevor Pijper, an economist in the technical department of ICI Young & London, attempts to set right as part of his book on creative accounting. All he does is the question of whether numbers of financial reports will ever be satisfied by the information they could possibly contain.

In the preface, Pijper says he wrote the book in part as a critical response to another on creative accounting which was published in *Accounting for Growth*, by Terry Smith, the City analyst.

Smith's approach of grading companies by allocating them "blobs" in each accounting "trick" they used was simplistic.

He then moves through the elements of company finance suggesting that there is no single correct way to present information in all circumstances: how to allocate credits or goodwill, the point where dominant influence or control, the limitations of the components of both the numerator and denominator in any gearing calculation. There are crude attempts to deal with complex problems, he argues.

Pijper cites approvingly an article in 1981 by David Pash and Tim Russell of Cambridge University. They examined the role of Polly Peck analysts, and concluded that they seemed more willing to pay attention to information provided by the auditor than the "danger signs" shown in the accounts.

He identifies a series of five-year trend ratios on the balance sheet which analysts sometimes use as highlight points for discussion with management. In Polly Peck's case, it suggests a possible future financing crisis and declining profit margins.

He also notes the source and application of cash flow into the never cash flow format with the aid of footnotes in the 1989 accounts, to show how far Polly Peck was dependent on new finance from its business and shareholders to run its existing operations. The message is clear. A reader of the book could have seen the troubles afoot.

The danger of this approach,

course, is the benefit of hindsight. Many similar warning signals could be drawn from other companies that have not collapsed and not so far.

It also neglects the considerable question over the reliability of the figures published, making their examination far less relevant.

It is nevertheless an important theme to which Pijper returns in his book. He cites the case of Trafalgar House, the construction, property, shipping and hotels group which triggered the first real confrontation for the Financial Reporting Panel, the enforcement arm of the machinery established along Accounting Act.

As result of the Companies Act,

that it can only deal with external disclosed factors and not confirm correct accounting policies.

More generally, he sees the development of new accounting standards as part of an increasingly regulatory regime to improve the quality of financial information in the last 20 years - citing the activities of the expert issues task force and intention of standards-setters to revise their new regulations every two years - he suggests that these will always be loopholes and a watertight rulebook.

While he says there can be no doubt about the enthusiasm of the Accounting Standards Board, he questions how its activities are meeting its objective to "provide shareholders and creditors with adequate basis for understanding a company's financial position".

Pijper is not always able to follow through and connect the strands of his arguments. For example, he builds up a good explanation of the motivations for creative accounting. Manipulating profits can help companies in acquisitions, gain access to finance and swell directors' remuneration, he says. He is unable to say whether manipulation takes place as a result, or how widespread it might be.

After raising a number of important questions, he sometimes lapses into recitations of standards and regulations and vague speculations, rather than providing

Without much exploration, he one of his original and radical points in a single

the end: that there should be economic penalties for preparers who fail to provide informed users of the information needed for sensible decisions.

The most depressing aspect of the text is that it essentially ends up as a defence of the accountancy profession. The conclusion seems to be that the best and perhaps the only people equipped to understand financial statements.

As a result, he takes the line in suggesting that education must combat ignorance of the limitations of accounts needs most emphasis. In a spirit of education he also argues that users of accounts other than controlling shareholders have little choice but to place their trust in the stewards of management to manage the finances of the companies in which they have invested. In that vein, he fails to address the extent to which some greater transparency or modification in disclosure requirements might help improve accounts for a range of user groups.

Nor does he comment on the potential vulnerability as a result of commercial pressure on auditors in approving treatments of which they disapprove, let alone on their potential active complicity in devising treatments which may not be designed with transparency and disclosure in mind. There are few hints of his criticism of the accountants themselves.

But the contribution in the book on the changing face of accounting in Britain.

"Trevor Pijper, *Creative Accounting*, Macmillan, £7.50."

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## East Anglia

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If you wish to apply for this position please write with a full CV to Caroline Hamblett, Personnel Manager, Marie Curie Cancer Care, 2nd Belgrave Square, London SW1X 8QG. Closing date 10th February 1994.

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**Finance Manager**  
Crowthorne, Berks

TRL has been an Executive Agency since April 1992. It is located at Crowthorne in Berkshire. Its function is to supply advice, research, research management and consultancy on transport matters, particularly matters to do with roads and their use. It has over 600 industrial and non-industrial staff, with a very wide spread of disciplines. About 400 are professionally qualified, the majority in scientific and technical fields.

The Agency has recently introduced and is continuing to develop a new management information system built around a general ledger package and incorporating a variety of sub-systems. The system enables the production of both financial and non-financial management information. Using the general ledger package the agency produces draft unaudited commercial accounts for the 1992-93 financial year and expects to produce its first audited accounts for the 1993-94 year.

DUTIES: As Finance Manager, reporting to the Finance Director, you will take the lead in producing commercial style accounts and financial management information for the Board and other users on a regular basis and annual commercial accounts for audit and incorporation into TRL's Annual Report. You will be responsible for nearly twenty staff reporting in through line managers and will continue the process of introducing commercial accounting and financial control procedures into the department.

A qualified accountant and member of one of the CCAAB accountancy bodies, you will have had recent commercial experience covering both financial and management reporting. Whilst commercial experience is a pre-requisite some knowledge of public sector accounting would also be useful.

The post, which is for a fixed three year period, will attract a performance related salary in the range £24,239 to £37,539.

APPLICATIONS: Standard application forms can be obtained from Miss Y Stanford, Personnel Section, TRL, Old Wokingham Road, Crowthorne, Berks RG11 6AU. Tel: 0344-770543. Applications should be submitted to Mr D Gaines at the above address. Please quote Ref: 3/94.

Closing date for receipt of applications is 25 February 1994.

We're an equal opportunity employer.

**Group Treasurer**

North of England

c £45,000, car, bonus, benefits

Outstanding opportunity for first class Corporate Treasurer to support Group Finance Director in upgrading Group's treasury operations. Highly strategic role in truly international PLC with dynamic young management team, exceptional record of acquisitive growth and strong commitment to continued success.

**THE ROLE**

- Total control of all aspects of treasury management in complex multi-currency environment
- Responsibility for the enhancement of treasury systems and the management of banking arrangements to maximize earnings and net worth
- Work closely with Group Finance Director to maintain relationships with clearing banks and optimize utilisation of surplus funds on a global basis.

**THE QUALIFICATIONS**

- Exceptional young graduate treasurer. Preferably ACT qualified. Commercially minded, hard working, team player
- Previous experience of the development of treasury systems in an international environment, coupled with a practical understanding of making maximum use of available capital instruments
- Demonstrable strategic vision, strong technical background, complimented by a high level of personal communication skills to raise treasury awareness and ensure implementation of policy throughout the group.

Please reply in writing to BHM Search & Selection 27 York Place Leeds LS1 3EY enclosing a full curriculum vitae and quoting Reference BHM 1003. Telephone 0532 467033 Facsimile 0532 470191.

**SEARCH & SELECTION**

**Systems Accountant**  
£ Attractive & Banking Benefits

Our client is a prestigious British merchant bank which enjoys an excellent reputation in the UK and worldwide. The continued drive to enhance the quality of its systems infrastructure has resulted in the need to recruit a high calibre individual to join the financial management team.

Based in the City and reporting to the bank's Financial Controller you will be responsible for ensuring that the system requirements of the Finance Division are understood, managed and met. This will include designing and implementing enhancements to existing systems and identifying where "off the shelf" solutions should be used. Working closely with I.T. specialists and the business units you will interface with colleagues and management at all levels.

Interested candidates should write quoting Ref 259 to BBM Associates Ltd (Consultants in Recruitment) at the address below indicating what attracts them to the position and why they consider their experience to be appropriate. Please enclose a full curriculum vitae which includes contact telephone numbers. All applications will be handled in the strictest of confidence.

76, Watling Street, London EC4M 9BZ

**BBM**  
ASSOCIATES

Tel: 071-248 3653 Fax: 071-248 2814

## Finance Director Engineering Products

## North West

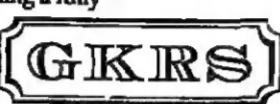
Up to £40K Package + Excellent Bonus Potential + Car

This is an exciting opportunity to join a well established company operating in a range of international markets, which is a strategically important part of a quoted engineering plc.

As a key member of the management team, which is committed to continuing the growth and evolution of this multi-sited operation, this position will be located in their head office in the North West. The role will focus on the following:

- the implementation of strong financial controls;
- the willingness to embrace an environment of change;
- the ability to make a significant contribution to the business.

First hand knowledge of selecting and installing a fully integrated manufacturing and financial information system is essential, as is a thorough understanding of financial modelling techniques.



SEARCH &amp; SELECTION

1 WATERLOO STREET, BIRMINGHAM, B2 5PG. TEL: 021 633 4844

A GKR Group Company

### CHARACTERISED ACCOUNTANTS AND FINANCIAL PLANNERS IN THE FIELD OF TREASURY MANAGEMENT

## London

To £40,000 + Car

Touche Ross Management Consultants has built a formidable treasury consultancy practice. It provides treasury services to over a quarter of the UK's top 100 companies, numerous other multinational businesses and many major financial institutions. We need qualified accountants or MBAs to undertake a treasury management training programme. This will give you experience of applying leading edge treasury techniques by working on financial risk management assignments. The programme also includes structured courses in relevant subjects including financial mathematics, market behaviour and information technology. We are also prepared to sponsor you for the membership examinations at the Association of Corporate Treasurers and to give generous study leave.

Candidates are likely to be aged between 24 to 30, and will have a good honours degree, preferably in a quantitative discipline. Accountants should have qualified with one of the major firms and MBAs should have experience in a blue chip corporation or financial institution.

Some previous treasury experience in a corporate or financial institutions environment would be helpful but is not essential as full training will be given. Please send a career résumé, including salary history and a daytime telephone number, quoting reference 3349/FT to Stuart Rosen, Touche Ross Consultancy Recruitment, Friary Court, 65 Crutched Friars, London EC3N 2NP.

Touche Ross  
Management Consultants

MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS

### FINANCIAL SELECTION CONSULTANT

Package £50-£100,000

Central London

Recruiting qualified accountants since 1960, Antony Dunlop Associates is now part of a City backed multi-recruitment group. They deal with over 80 of the UK's Top 100 quoted PLC's as well as many other major UK and international companies and banks. Unhindered by bureaucratic layers of management, their commitment to quality service and standards has enabled them to dramatically increase both market share and profitability during the recession.

In order to further satisfy their hunger for growth, Antony Dunlop Associates now seek to appoint experienced consultants in the permanent and temporary fields, who will form the basis of an elite group whose ambition is to dominate the UK financial recruitment market. Individuals who might consider themselves for these opportunities are likely to have ambition, enthusiasm, commitment, imagination, drive and flair as well as a good sense of humour.

In return for your contribution and commitment Antony Dunlop Associates offers an entrepreneurial, fast moving environment, well above average industry earnings, exceptional career opportunities, state of the art computer facilities and on-going personal training.

To ensure that you are part of this success, for further details, please contact in strictest confidence Gary Lawrence, Managing Director, at the Management Resource Group plc, Hanover House, 75/74 High Holborn, London WC1V 6LS. Telephone 071-831 7578 Fax: 071-450 1435

THE MANAGEMENT RESOURCE GROUP PLC

### FINANCE DIRECTOR

c. £50,000 + Car + Benefits

Central London

Our client is one of Europe's leading advertising research and information groups, with headquarters in the UK.

The successful candidate will be aged 35-50, FCA or ACA, and will have experience in service businesses, possibly in the media industry.

You will play a key part in the long-term development of the group, and your responsibilities will include:

- Management of a full accounts department (12 people)
- Dealing with bankers, lawyers and external accountants
- A "hands-on" contribution to both the financial performance and the financial reporting of the Group
- Providing wise counsel to the MD at both the strategic and operational levels.

Fax CV directly to 071 586 3316 or mail to:

David Bartram Financial Recruitment,

3 Poland Street,

London W1V 3DG

### FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

REYNARD ENGINEERING GROUP LTD

Reynard design and manufacture high technology engineering products including racing cars for Indy and F3000 worldwide. Annual sales £10m. 100 employees.

In addition to holding a recognized accountancy qualification the successful candidate will have relevant experience in a technology driven, competitive engineering environment. He/she will be capable and comfortable dealing with directors, senior managers and customers on a daily basis, and be able to provide innovative solutions to the challenging business problems in this fast moving environment.

Salary £14k - £16k. Interested parties should apply in writing together with CV to Dr A. Reynard, Reynard Engineering Group Ltd, Telstar Road, Stevenage, Herts SG1 6LY.

### GLOBAL ASSET MANAGEMENT

## COMPLIANCE OFFICER

*High visibility in financial services*

### Isle of Man

Global Asset Management has a pace setting track record of growth based on the expansion of its fund and portfolio management services. It has an enviable private and institutional client base and over US \$7 billion under management. Its business spans seven locations worldwide, including the Isle of Man which is the centre of its operations and administration activities.

Due to an internal promotion, a new Compliance Officer is needed to build and lead a team of seven people focusing on compliance and control. The objective is to ensure that the Isle of Man and Dublin businesses comply with regulatory requirements, are adequately controlled and that their operational efficiency is optimised.

The person appointed will be a qualified chartered accountant or lawyer with at least 5 years' post

### £ attractive package

qualification experience in audit or compliance. An in depth understanding of Financial Services, in particular portfolio administration, is essential. Excellent communication skills, a commitment to excellence and the ability to promote and develop the compliance function within a world class financial services company are prerequisites.

This is a rare opportunity to join a dynamic group and make a quantifiable contribution to its effectiveness whilst working in an idyllic location with attractive tax advantages.

To apply, send or fax in confidence with concise career, personal and salary details, quoting reference number 4409, to advising consultants, Goodman Graham & Associates, 8 Beaumont Gate, Shenley Hill, Radlett, Herts WD7 7AR. Fax: 0923 854791.

### GAM

MANCHESTER &amp; Salford Internal Audit Consortium



## Director of Audit

The Consortium which was formed in 1991 by the Universities of Manchester, Salford and Manchester Metropolitan wishes to recruit a Director to assume responsibility for the management of a full range of internal audits.

The Consortium has established a strong reputation for professionalism within the Universities and it has developed relationships with the Universities external auditors' and Central Government Agencies.

The role of Director is a challenging and demanding one, requiring considerable professional and managerial skill and strong communicative abilities.

In addition to planning and overseeing the activities of 12 professional staff the successful candidate will maintain strong links with the executives and Audit Committees of the three Universities. The Consortium has expanded since its inception as a result of growth within the Universities and most recently by the award of a 3 year contract to provide internal audit services to UMIST. Further strong growth from within the Universities and potential external clients is anticipated.

The remuneration package will be negotiable but it will not be less than £35,000 per annum.

Candidates wishing to discuss the position informally may do so by telephoning the current Director, Mrs Anne Clare on 061 274 4660.

Applications, in the candidates own style, to include current position and salary, and the names of three referees, one of whom must be current employer, should be submitted in confidence to: Mrs Susan Rutherford, Personnel Manager, The Manchester Metropolitan University, All Saints, Manchester M15 6BH. Tel: 061 247 3300. Further particulars will be provided on request.

Closing date for receipt of applications is 18th February 1994.

### ITRL

Our client is a Canadian energy service company. Their international division provides corrosion and mechanical coating systems to the global pipeline industry. This division has a successful history of mobilizing project plants to meet the pipe protection needs of large clients. Based in South East Asia we require:

### MANAGER FINANCE / ADMINISTRATION - SOUTH EAST ASIA -

You should hold a recognized accountancy qualification, and have a strong manufacturing background and be proficient in the preparation of financial statements, budgeting, financial analysis and production costing. You must also be skilled in contract administration and bid preparation and have international experience. Reporting to the V.P. International, you will initiate this function and grow the office to meet the expanding financial and administrative requirements associated with international project work. Systems and Human Resources responsibilities will be part of this role.

While your initial priority and responsibilities will relate to our South East Asia project, your scope will continue to grow as you assume financial accountability for other planned projects throughout the world.

You can expect the salary, benefits and allowances to reflect the importance of this position.

Send your résumé to  
Sandy Yeomans/Tony Smith, ITRL Ltd., 56 High Street, Harston Cambridge CB2 5PZ. England Fax 0223 872212.



### Accountant - North Wales

Grampian Country Food Group, one of the largest fresh and frozen chicken producers in the UK have recently acquired Cymru Country Chickens Ltd., based in Anglesey. The opportunity now exists for a high calibre accountant to join the management team and act as the company's senior finance person.

The company's integrated operations are run through three divisions: Hatching, Rearing and Processing of 240,000 birds per week at the company's automated production plant dedicated to processing chickens for the major retail trade.

Food processing experience is not as important as the ability to demonstrate achievement in a demanding industrial environment.

An excellent remuneration package will be offered, including a company car and the benefits of working for a highly progressive group of companies. Re-location will be available where necessary.

If you believe you can make a major contribution to the on-going success of Grampian Country Food Group, please reply in writing, including full C.V., and full salary history to:

Group Human Resources Manager, Grampian Country Food Group Limited, Coulman Street, Thorne, South Yorkshire, DN8 5JT

The closing date for applications is 11th February, 1994. No Agencies.

Grampian Country Food Group

### APPOINTMENTS WANTED

#### FINANCIAL PROFESSIONAL

Qualified Accountant, aged 35, excellent track record as team leader and team player with unusually high level of commercial acumen plus proven skills in Management and statutory accounting.

MIS and Treasury.

Tel: 081 594 6610 or write to  
Box B1996, Financial Times,  
One Southwark Bridge,  
London SE1 9HL

#### COMPANY ACCOUNTANT, London (French spkr) c.27K

Well-established, int'l exclusive jeweller, small mgmt team. Must be qualified + speak French.

LINK LANGUAGE  
APPOINTMENTS  
071 408 2150

## Director of Finance and Administration.

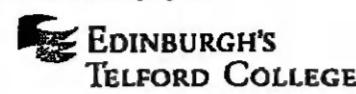
c.£37,000

This new post has been created to support the development of Edinburgh's Telford College as we move forward in the post-incorporation period. With a budget of around £15M, 800 staff and 14,000 students, the College is one of the largest in Scotland and is undergoing rapid change and growth. This is an exciting opportunity for an ambitious manager to contribute to the College's continuing success.

Reporting to the Principal and Chief Executive, you will provide strategic direction to the management of financial planning and ensure that the administrative structure meets our requirements. These functions will be carried out through overall management of the Finance, Administration, Stores, Payroll and Janitorial services.

As well as full professional membership of an accountancy body, you must have significant experience in a managerial capacity, covering a number of the areas described. An appropriate management qualification is desirable.

*For further details and an application form, please apply to the Personnel Section on 031-332 3491 between 8.30am and 4.30pm. Closing date for applications is Friday 11th February 1994. Edinburgh's Telford College is an Equal Opportunities Employer.*



NEW SKILLS • NEW HOPE • NEW CAREERS

## FINANCE DIRECTOR (Designate)

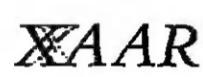
c.£35k package Cambridge

Xaar is currently undergoing a period of dramatic growth following a recent multi-million pound licence deal for Xaar inkjet printing technology.

The Finance Director (designate) will report to the Managing Director and be expected to make a real contribution to the further success of the company in addition to being responsible for its financial efficiency.

Xaar currently employs 30 people and besides being a qualified accountant, we are looking for someone who is a commercially aware team player.

Please reply in writing with full career and remuneration history to: Graham Wylie, Managing Director, Xaar Limited, Science Park, Milton Road, Cambridge CB4 4FD.



## GROUP FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

SALARY £30K - £35K CAR, PENSION, BONUS POTENTIAL

A commercially minded, qualified, ambitious individual is sought for this role in support of the Group Finance Director in a South Yorkshire based manufacturing and distribution company.

A wide range of skills and experience is required, to include financial and cash management, statutory accounting, budgetary control and standard costing. These skills should be combined with a high degree of computer literacy and systems knowledge.

The candidate must be a good team member, proactive, highly analytical and challenging yet persuasive in person and writing.

Some experience of international subsidiaries and consolidation would be beneficial as would be the ability to speak French.

Preferred age is 30-35.

*Write to Box B1966, Financial Times, One Southwark Bridge, London SE1 9HL.*

Join a rebel with a cause

## FINANCE DIRECTOR

with MD potential

Based South Yorkshire

c.£45k + car + benefits

This is a superb career opportunity for an ambitious accountant with the resilience and charisma to both challenge and complement the individualistic style of an entrepreneurial Managing Director who has built this profitable retail clothing business from scratch.

With outlets nationwide and a turnover in excess of £14 million, my client has achieved spectacular success in a relatively short time through a commitment to total quality management, investment in people and superior standards of customer service.

As number two to the Managing Director, your brief will be to review current management systems and establish effective controls to lead further expansion. Whilst the main focus will be financial, you will carry additional significant line management responsibilities covering all support areas to the retail outlets including warehousing and distribution.

Graduate calibre and professionally qualified, you should have previous experience of establishing and running a financial function in a fast-moving, multi-site environment. Probably experienced at Board level, your credentials for the top must be undisputed, reflected in your ability to positively influence and develop these around you. A natural completer/finisher, you should thrive on debate and be determined to turn ideas into action.

For the right candidate, the package will not be a limiting factor and there is the possibility of an early equity stake. Relocation assistance will be offered where appropriate.

To apply, please write in the first instance enclosing full c.v. and salary details, quoting ref. 9-003 to: Andrew Harris, Executive Recruitment Director, Grant Thornton Management Consultants, St John's Centre, 110 Albion Street, Leeds LS2 8LA.

Grant Thornton  
MANAGEMENT CONSULTANTS

The U.K. member firm of Grant Thornton International.

## SYSTEMS AUDITOR

The City Office of a leading International Bank seeks to recruit a senior systems auditor with the experience and skills to further develop an already important role within a dynamic Information Systems environment.

Candidates must be experienced auditors with demonstrable expertise in systems reviews. The successful candidate will work within a small team of auditors and will be responsible for a wide range of audit assignments, including all aspects of IS auditing as well as general audits and special projects.

An attractive package, including banking benefits, is available to the successful candidate. Applications should include current salary details and must be received by 3 February 1994; please reply with a copy of your CV to:

Box B196, Financial Times,  
One Southwark Bridge,  
London SE1 9HL

## FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

Finance/Leasing/Banking

Southern England c.£46,000 + benefits

This is an outstanding opportunity to earn a financial directorship with the wholly-owned leasing arm of a world-class U.S. manufacturing group.

Our client is at the forefront of a major marketing initiative to expand its current interests in the European automotive sector and the post of Financial Controller has been created in order to optimise the profitability of the UK operation through effective financial planning and analysis, tax-avoidance initiatives and user-management techniques.

Reporting to the Managing Director and working very much as a proactive member of the senior management team, the successful candidate is likely to be a chartered accountant aged between 30 and 50, who is either in a similar position at the moment and currently in need of a fresh challenge, or is in a less senior role but shows strong leaning to the technical and commercial aspects of financial accounting and wants to have a more direct influence on the future path of his or her next employer.

A first-class salary and benefits package is being offered, together with relocation assistance as appropriate.



*Responding to Human Resource Needs Across Europe*

Foley House 12A Maddox Street, London W1P 0PL Tel: 071-629 8677

## INFLUENCING

### OUR SUCCESS

Financial expertise is one of the keys to the continued success of Boots. The Chemists as a progressive and profitable organisation and with your capability and determination you could play an influential role in our future development.

An experienced accounting professional, you will bring a proactive and innovative style to our recently established Operational Review Department, providing added value to the management of business risk and adding

### Operational Review

**MANAGER (Ref. FT1)**  
£30 - £35k + Car + Benefits.  
Leading a team within Operational Review will influence the development of Company wide Financial Control policies and procedures providing clear standards of performance for line management. You will develop and implement a comprehensive control review programme throughout the company and in particular you will identify and assess potential risk situations, recommend improvements, establish action plans and ensure the provision of appropriate

**SENIOR ANALYST (Ref. FT2)**  
£26 - £29k + Car + Benefits.

Supporting the Manager your role will be to plan and execute assignments, examining and evaluating the adequacy and effectiveness of the controls over the Company's business processes. You will be required to provide advice and guidance throughout the organisation in respect of risk minimisation and will represent the department on a variety of working groups. You will further participate in the planning and delivery of training programmes to management in enhancing their awareness of control issues.

If you think you have the expertise and drive to add value to our success and would like to enjoy the rewards and benefits of working with a premier UK Company, then please send a full CV, quoting a daytime telephone number and the appropriate reference number, to Paul Macdowie ACA at Macdowie Davids, 10 Regent Street, Nottingham NG1 5BQ Fax 0602 859074 or telephone him on 0602 470200.



BOOTS THE CHEMISTS LTD  
An equal opportunity employer

## ZAMBIA REVENUE AUTHORITY

The Government of the Republic of Zambia (GRZ) enacted in 1993 legislation to establish the Zambia Revenue Authority (ZRA). At a date to be appointed, likely to be in 1994, the ZRA will assume the functions, powers and responsibilities of GRZ's Department of Taxes and Department of Customs and Excise. An interim Secretariat, financed by the UK Government, is helping with preparations of ZRA to become operational. The ZRA will aim to increase revenue collections and improve the efficiency and equity of revenue administration. As an independent agency, the ZRA will operate outside the civil service and establish its own systems and procedures, including terms and conditions of service for all personnel. The ZRA will be based in Lusaka.

The Governing Board of the ZRA is now seeking applications for the seven senior management posts in the new organisation. The UK Government's Overseas Development Administration has agreed to provide financial support for the appointment of suitable candidates to the following three posts:

## Commissioner - General

As chief executive of the Authority, you will be responsible to the Governing Board for overall management and performance of the Authority, in accordance with the relevant legislation and GRZ's revenue objectives, and for assistance in the formulation of tax policy.

## Commissioner Income Tax Department

You will be responsible for the overall management of the Income Tax Department and for the prompt assessment and collection of all direct taxes due to the Government of Zambia.

## Commissioner Customs and Excise Department

You will be responsible for the overall management of the department of Customs and Excise (and sales tax) and for the prompt assessment and collection of all indirect taxes due to the Government of Zambia.

The above two Commissioners will be responsible to the Commissioner-General for the technical and operational management of the Department and for tax policy advice.

### QUALIFICATIONS

You will require a relevant degree in economics, accountancy, law or a related discipline; alternatively career progression which has been achieved by professional revenue examinations and specialist training will be equally acceptable. You should also have at least 15 years' experience of working in revenue departments, including at least 5 years' at senior management level. Additionally, you should be able to demonstrate the leadership qualities required to meet the challenge of setting up and running a large new organisation. Overseas or private sector experience will be an advantage.

### TERMS OF APPOINTMENTS

You will be offered by ZRA a three year contract on terms and conditions competitive within Zambia. In all instances, the salary package, partly paid by the Zambian Authorities and partly paid by ODA supplementation, will be in the region of £40,000-£50,000 including superannuation. Eligibility for additional ODA financial support will be restricted to nationals of the Member States of the European Community, nationals of Austria, Finland, Iceland, Norway or Sweden, and Commonwealth citizens who have the right of abode and the right to work in the UK.

Closing date for receipt of completed applications is 18 February 1994.

For further details and application form, please write to Appointments Officer, Ref No AH304/IB/FT, Abercrombie House, Eaglesham Road, East Kilbride, Glasgow G75 8EA, or telephone 0355 843223 Fax 0355 844099.

ODA is committed to a policy of equal opportunities and applications for these posts are sought from both men and women.



OVERSEAS  
DEVELOPMENT  
ADMINISTRATION

BRITAIN HELPING NATIONS TO HELP THEMSELVES

## International Relations Officer

Central London

To £30,000 + Benefits

Are you a graduate accountant with:

- a positive interest in international affairs and overseas work experience
- some experience of dealing with government institutions or professional bodies
- a working knowledge of French and preferably another European language?

The ACCA is one of the world's leading accountancy bodies with over 140,000 members and students located in 130 countries. The range of international activities includes the maintenance of relations with overseas accounting bodies, the monitoring of technical and professional developments and the provision of a range of services to members and students. The ACCA is providing valuable consultancy expertise to foster the emerging accountancy profession in Eastern Europe and China.

The ACCA seeks an International Relations Officer whose tasks will include:

- enhancing the recognition of the ACCA in targeted countries, including the USA, Canada and Australia, and liaising with local contacts
- assisting with the development of strategies to increase awareness of the ACCA in Western Europe
- participating on an ad hoc basis in the ACCA's projects in emerging/developing economies
- contributing to other areas of international operations including bi-lateral committees and the maintenance of good working relations with accountancy bodies, ACCA branches and other institutions outside the UK.

This is a rewarding and challenging position with an attractive salary and benefits package. If you are interested please write to John Gregory, Search and Selection Division, Breckinridge Consultants Limited, Charter House, 428 Avenue Boulevard, Central Milton Keynes MK9 2HS, quoting ref. 234/FT.

BRECKINRIDGE  
CONSULTANTS LIMITED

LES ECHOS

Vous faites partie d'un accord publicitaire avec les Echos le quotidien économique le plus important en France. Dans la rubrique "Offres d'emploi internationale", une annonce conjointe dans le FINANCIAL TIMES et LES ECHOS augmentera de façon substantielle l'impact de votre message sur les cadres dirigeants en Europe. Chaque semaine les annonces paraissent dans les Echos le mardi et dans le Financial Times le mercredi ou le jeudi (le vendredi dans l'édition internationale du Financial Times). Pour plus amples renseignements, veuillez contacter:

CLARE PEASNELL 071 873 4027

## CONSOLIDATION ACCOUNTANT

Competitive package \* Redbill

Fisher-Rosemount is a major supplier of control equipment to chemical and process industries worldwide. With an annual European turnover of \$100 million, we now seek a Graduate Chartered Accountant with previous experience of the Micro Control system, to work with our European subsidiaries.

This role is highly technical, involving the monthly consolidation of financial information for 10 European locations and high profile direct liaison with the company's top executives. In addition to the planned operational activities, there will also be considerable ad hoc project work incorporating some international travel.

With at least 2 years' industry experience in a similar role, preferably with a US subsidiary company in a multi-currency environment, you must have outstanding PC ability, particularly Lotus 123, and extensive modelling and micro skills.

Based in a newly established Headquarters, you can expect a very competitive benefits package including car. Career prospects, particularly for candidates prepared to relocate to mainland Europe, are excellent.

Please send a full CV, including details of current salary to Mr P.R. Shuter, Fisher-Rosemount Europe, Clarendon House, Clarendon Road, Redhill, Surrey RH1 1PR.

Closing date for applications 31st January 1994

FISHER-ROSEMOUNT

Jeffreys